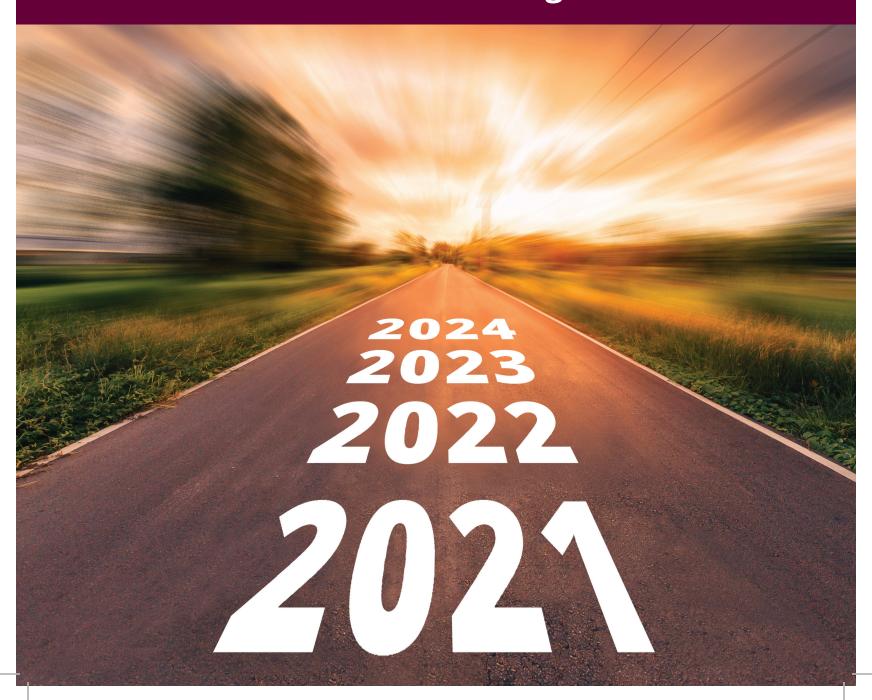
# City of Chandler Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



"The Future's in Sight"



# **Prepared by**

Management Services Department Dawn Lang, Deputy City Manager | CFO Kristi Smith, Accounting Manager



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	ITE	_				<b>D1/</b>	-	~=	. ~	-
Iľ	ITR	U	υL	IL.	ΙU	KΥ	SE	LII	w	N

etter of Transmittal	. 1
Elected and Appointed Officials	. 7
Organizational Chart	
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	. 9
FINANCIAL SECTION	
ndependent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	. 17
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements -	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	32
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	. 34
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide	
Statement of Net Position	35
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	. 36
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	. 50
Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities	. 37
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -	
General Fund	. 91
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Arizona State	
Retirement System	
Schedule of Contributions - All Pension Plans	. 94
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Police	. 96
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Public Safety	
Personnel Retirement System - Fire	. 98
Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liabilities and Related Ratios - Single Employer Plan	. 100
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS, continued**

# FINANCIAL SECTION, continued

Other Financial Statements:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:	
General Obligation Bonds Debt Service	. 105
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	. 109
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	. 112
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actua	:
Highway User Special Revenue	115
Local Transportation Assistance Special Revenue	116
Grants Special Revenue	117
Community Development Special Revenue	118
Police Confiscated Property Special Revenue	119
Parks and Recreation Special Revenue	120
Museum Special Revenue	121
Library Special Revenue	
Special Assessment Bonds	123
General Government Capital Projects	
Public Buildings Capital Projects	
Grants Capital Projects	
Streets Capital Projects	
Community Services Capital Projects	128
Public Safety Buildings and Improvements Capital Projects	
Vehicle and Capital Equipment Replacement Capital Projects	
Technology Replacement Capital Projects	
Municipal Arts Capital Projects	132
Non-Major Proprietary Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	138
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Schedule 1, Net Position by Component	. 142
Schedule 2a, Changes in Net Position	
Schedule 2b, Changes in Net Position	
Schedule 2c, Changes in Net Position	
Schedule 3, Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
Schedule 4, Governmental Funds Revenues	
Schedule 5. Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio	154

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS, continued**

# STATISTICAL SECTION, continued

	ources and Uses and Net Changes in Fund Balance -	
		156
Revenue Capacity		
	by Category	158
•	oping Sales and Use Tax Rates	160
	d Use Taxpayers	161
Debt Capacity		
	nding Debt	162
Schedule 11, Direct and Overla	apping Governmental Activities Debt	163
Schedule 12, Legal Debt Margi	in Information	164
Schedule 13a, Pledged-Revenu	ue Coverage	166
Schedule 13b, Pledged-Revenu	ue Coverage	167
Schedule 14, Property Tax Ass	essment Ratios	168
Schedule 15, Property Taxes L	evied and Collected	169
Schedule 16, Direct and Overla	apping Assessed Valuations and Tax Rates Per \$100	
Assessed Valuation		170
Schedule 17, Property Value b	y Property Classification	171
Schedule 18, Net Assessed Lin	nited Property Assessed Value of Major Taxpayers	172
Schedule 19, Estimated Net Fu	ıll Cash Value and Assessed Values	173
Schedule 20, Direct and Overla	apping General Obligation Bonded Debt Ratios	174
Schedule 21, Population Statis	itics	175
Schedule 22, Excise Tax Collec	tions	176
Schedule 23, Transaction Privi	lege (Sales) Tax Rates by Category	177
Schedule 24, State Sales Tax T	axable Activities, Tax Rates and Distribution Share	178
Schedule 25, Combined Sched	lule of Water and Sewer System Revenues, Expenses, Net	
Revenues and Debt Service Co	overage	179
Schedule 26, Utility Rate Increa	ase History	180
Schedule 27, Top 10 Water and	d Wastewater Customers	181
	r and Wastewater Customers	182
Schedule 29, Delinquencies or	Payments for the Assessments	184
Schedule 30, Direct and Overla	apping General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	185
Demographic and Economic Inform	nation	
Schedule 31, Demographic and	d Economic Statistics	186
	ers	187
Operating Information		
Schedule 33, Employees by Fu	nction	188
	tors by Function/Program	190
	tistics by Function/Program	192



# **Introductory Section**

Letter of Transmittal
Elected and Appointed Officials
Organizational Chart
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



# "The Future's in Sight"

Chandler's commitment to innovation, smart planning, and wise investments enables our community to receive quality services at some of the lowest tax and utility rates in the Valley.



December 10, 2021

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, City Manager, and Citizens of the City of Chandler:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Chandler, Arizona (the City), for the year ended June 30, 2021, is hereby submitted in accordance with City Charter and State statutes. Both the City Charter and State statutes require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent certified public accountant. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Chandler's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance. Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the independent auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs are included in a separately issued report.

# **GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

The City, incorporated on February 17, 1920, is located in the southeastern portion of Maricopa County, and encompasses approximately 65 square miles. The City has operated under a council-manager form of government since May 25, 1964, and is governed by the City Council, consisting of a mayor and a six member council. Councilmembers are elected at-large on a staggered basis; the mayor and councilmembers are elected for four-year terms and are limited to two consecutive terms in office. The City Council is vested with policy and legislative authority, and is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the annual budget, appointing committees, commissions, and board members, and appointing the positions of City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk, and City Magistrate. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, as well as overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City.

Chandler is the fourth largest city in Arizona and is one of several major cities comprising the greater Phoenix metropolitan area, which is the economic, political, and population center of the State of Arizona. The City's population has experienced remarkable growth over the past 25 years, increasing by 114 percent, from an estimated 128,652 in 1995 to 275,987 in 2020, based on the 2020 census. The City's manufacturing sector has been a major driver of economic growth during this time and includes high-tech industrial companies such as Intel Corporation, Northrop Grumman, Microchip Technology, and NXP Semiconductors. These four companies combine to employ over 17,000 people in the City. Another industry that has experienced strong growth is financial services with companies such as Wells Fargo, Bank of America, PayPal, GM Financial Services, Allstate, and Liberty Mutual Insurance establishing corporate offices in Chandler. These six companies combine to employ over 13,000 people in the City.

The City boasts a strong labor market serving the high technology field's demand for skilled workers. Chandler's median age is 36 years and the median household income is \$89,732. In addition, more than 75 percent of the adult population has a college degree or some college education. Nearly 25 percent of jobs in Chandler are in high technology fields while the national average is about 10 percent, according to data from the Maricopa Association of Governments and Bureau of Labor Statistics. The City's unemployment rate averaged 5.8 percent during fiscal year 2020-21 compared with 6.7 percent for Maricopa County and 7.1 percent for the State of Arizona.

The City's sales tax revenues, which comprise over 54 percent of its general fund, increased by 10.4 percent for fiscal year 2020-21 from the prior year actuals. The City continues to strengthen its financial position and has benefitted from one-time revenues created by increased retail spending during the COVID-19 pandemic and new development. With steady operating revenue growth anticipated, managing costs of services and maintaining existing infrastructure continues to be critical as the City emerges from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Consistently applying sound financial practices, achieving notable economic development successes, and having a structured plan to pay-down its Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) unfunded liability have helped the City continue its strong financial position while maintaining its AAA General Obligation Bond credit rating from all three ratings agencies.

The City enters into tax abatement agreements as part of economic development programs. Long-term impacts from tax abatements are considered immaterial. Additional tax abatement details are included in Note 18.

The City of Chandler's continued goal is to provide the highest quality services to the community in the most cost-effective manner. These services include Public Safety: Police and Fire; Community Services: Park and Recreation and Libraries; Cultural Development: Center for the Arts and Museum; Public Works: Streets and Traffic; Utilities: Water, Wastewater, Reclaimed Water and Solid Waste; Neighborhood Resources; Development Services; Airport; Tax and Licensing and numerous internal services. The Council's strategy to achieve these results is through goals to improve Chandler in a coordinated manner and to make fiscally responsible decisions that will continue to strengthen the City. The Chandler Industrial Development Authority and the Chandler Cultural Foundation are two legally separate entities, both of which are reported separately within the City's financial statements. Additional detail on these entities can be found in Note 1.

The City Council's strategic goals are:

# Being the Most Connected City

Connect our community using enhanced communication technologies to share information by increasing electronic availability of City information. Increase community connectivity through enhancing multimodal transportation.

# Being a Leader in Trust and Transparency

Provide timely and accurate data and reports to maintain accountability and provide support for effective decision making. Promote opportunities that encourage City engagement and input.

# Maintaining Fiscal Sustainability

Maximize the City's diverse portfolio of revenue sources. Continue adherence to and improvement upon fiscal policies. Maintain strong bond ratings with all three ratings agencies for all types of debt. Manage expenditure growth through periodic review of programs and services.

# Attracting a Range of Private Sector Businesses

Position Chandler to be recognized by corporate real estate executives, site selectors, regional partners, and the development industry as a premiere location for new investment. Coordinate and facilitate the revitalization of Downtown Chandler.

# Fostering a Contemporary Culture that Embraces Unity

Promote Chandler as an inclusive community that values its rich diversity, history, and culture. Support diversity through City employment practices. Invest in employees, support systems, and innovation strategies that ensure Chandler remains a leader in the delivery of high quality services.

# · Being Safe and Beautiful

Promote a multifaceted approach to address the needs of neighborhoods from the physical, safety, and community perspectives. Construct and maintain sustainable public infrastructure. Ensure Chandler remains a safe community by employing best practices.

# 2020-2021 Accomplishments

Under the guidance and leadership of the Mayor and Council, along with the expertise and dedication of City management and staff, a number of accomplishments were achieved this last fiscal year. Listed below are just a few of those accomplishments:

- Maintained AAA General Obligation (GO) bond credit ratings with stable outlooks from all three rating agencies, making Chandler one of a select few municipalities in the U.S. with this distinction;
- Advised the Citizen Bond Exploratory Committee and coordinated the efforts of the Finance Subcommittee towards a final recommendation of needed bond authorization that does not increase the City's property tax rate;
- Implemented a new online Business Portal for City registrations and licensing;
- Promoted public participation in the 2020 Census by working with the City's Complete Count Committee
  to educate residents about the importance of completing the census. Produced communication
  materials that explained the significance of the census;
- Provided communication support throughout the City's response to the COVID-19 pandemic by producing videos, broadcasting meetings, and creating digital content on the City's websites and social medial platforms; creating graphics, signs, and printed materials to support the City's response; monitoring and responding to constituent and employee inquiries; and producing FAQ materials;
- Implemented City resolution to allow extended outside seating for liquor establishments in accordance with the Governor's executive order relaxing regulations during the pandemic;
- Updated the City Council Strategic Framework in print and digital formats as well created a campaign to promote the City Council vision, updated brand statement, and focus areas;
- Initiated and monitored the implementation of three infrastructure improvement projects in support of Intel Corporation capital improvements under provision of State law;
- Economic Development's combined business attraction/retention efforts have supported projects that are anticipated to provide 984 jobs in Chandler within the next year and up to 1,543 jobs within three years. Key Economic Development-assisted business locate projects including Comtech, Honeywell, Local Motors, VIAVI, Airstream, Ranch Market, and Mechanical Keyboards;
- Implemented the City's Business Hiring and Retention Program, which disbursed \$9.5 million in relief funds to more than 830 Chandler businesses in support of their efforts to keep workers on payroll during COVID-19, as well as the Industrial Development Authority (IDA) PPE grants and "I Choose Chandler" PPE Kit Program;
- Successfully hosted nearly 500 virtual engagements with City patrons through the Chandler Library, providing safe social opportunities for the community during the pandemic;
- The Chandler Arts Commission supported public art projects including vibrant utility boxes and the Chandler Center for the Arts (CCA) Donor Wall. The Public Safety Training Center project "Our Nature" was recognized by the American Institute of Architects Arizona Chapter with the Architectural Component Award;
- The Vision Gallery hosted 60 free events that included opening receptions, Vision Kids classes, and special events with more than 4,000 attendees. The gallery was also recognized as one of the ten best art galleries in metro Phoenix;
- Collaborated with the Downtown Chandler Community Partnership to keep downtown businesses aware of local, state, and federal executive orders affecting their business, recovery, and grant opportunities, as well as promotional initiatives to help businesses survive during the pandemic;

- Issued 4,220 building permits for over \$1.13 billion in construction in calendar year 2020 and conducted 23,740 building inspections which is an increase of over 72% over the previous year;
- Development Services partnered with Information Technology to design a multi-year Fiber Master Assessment and Master Plan study that developed plans to maintain and improve the City's fiber system. Information Technology completed the City's Fiber Assessment and delivered recommendations to City Management and the Information Technology Bond Subcommittee;
- Expanded the Waitwhile online appointment capability for several City departments to reduce the number of people in City facilities and streamline/reduce the time it takes for citizens to visit City facilities, further enhanced employee's ability to effectively and securely work remotely through the implementation of robust infrastructure and security solutions, and provided geographic representation of various City functions that enabled departments to effectively manage social distancing issues;
- Neighborhood Programs was awarded 20 neighborhood grants totaling over \$34,000 for cleanup events, common wall, and landscaping improvements, as well as received \$25,000 from local businesses to create and enhance community programs;
- Received and allocated over \$13 million in Emergency Rental Assistance Program and Community Development Block Grant-Coronavirus funds to assist Chandler residents impacted by COVD-19 with rent and utility payments;
- The Fire Department participated in the planning and design of the southeast COVID-19 Vaccination POD and provided medical standby staffing during the duration of its operation, and successfully vaccinated 720 Chandler employees and 68 Chandler seniors in the public housing program;
- Treated and reclaimed 11.71 billion gallons of wastewater at the Airport, Lone Butte, and Ocotillo Water Reclamation Facilities, 10.3 billion gallons of which were reused for irrigation and cooling;
- Pecos Treatment Plant treated and delivered 23 billion gallons of potable drinking water;
- Completed ADA upgrades to 845 sidewalk/driveway locations and 980 corner ramps;
- Field Operations Division received nine hybrid patrol vehicles, offering significant improvements in fuel economy and the reduction of carbon dioxide emissions;
- Continued developing and maintaining community partnerships, which is the cornerstone of system of
  policing resulting in crime being down again in 2020, making it one of the safest years in Chandler's
  history; and
- Implemented the Thrive Resilience Program for Chandler teens, which includes training in all three
  public school districts in the City of Chandler, aimed at empowering students with resilience-based skills
  to enhance their positive mental health while aiding in successful social and emotional wellbeing of
  school communities.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# **Internal Control Structure**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and various other City staff, as needed.

# **Single Audit**

As a part of the City's single audit, described earlier, tests were made of the City's internal control structure and of its compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including those related to federal financial assistance programs.

# **Budgetary Controls**

The City maintains budgetary controls as an integral part of its overall system of internal controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the total budget, as adopted (FY 2020-21, \$1.06 billion). The City additionally exercises management control and oversight of the budget at the department level within each fund and maintains an encumbrance accounting system as another method of maintaining budgetary control. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at fiscal year-end and appropriation equal to the amount of year-end encumbrances are added to the current year budget in each cost center. Expenditures against those encumbrances are charged to the current year appropriation.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

# **Independent Audit**

City Charter and State statute require an annual audit by a firm of independent certified public accountants and the firm of Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C. has been selected by the City to uphold this requirement. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in City Charter and State statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1996 and the related U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in the General Accountability Office's Government Auditing Standards were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in a separately issued single audit report.

# **Financial Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Chandler, Arizona, for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2020, marking the thirty-ninth consecutive year the City has received the GFOA Certificate of Achievement. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a municipal government financial report.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

Additionally, the City of Chandler was also awarded the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020 from the GFOA, marking the thirty-third consecutive year of receiving this award. The award reflects the commitment of staff to meeting the highest principles of governmental budgeting.

In order to be awarded a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City had to satisfy nationally recognized guidelines for effective budget presentation. The guidelines are designed to assess how well an entity's budget serves as a policy document, financial plan, operational guide, and communications device. The City's budget presentation receives an outstanding rating in many of the areas rated.

The Certificate of Achievement and Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards are valid for a period of one year only.

We believe our current Certificate of Achievement report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

# **Acknowledgments**

I wish to express my sincere thanks to the entire staff of the Accounting Division; without whose assistance this report could not have been prepared. Special acknowledgment is made for the work of Kristi Smith, Accounting Manager; Tracy Schmidt, Accounting Supervisor; Robert Steele, Accounting Supervisor; Lina Alam, Senior Accountant; Debbie Motta, Senior Accountant; and Joanne Chang, Senior Accountant. Special thanks also go to Julie Buelt, Senior Financial Analyst, for assistance in reviewing the final document. Finally, I wish to thank the Mayor and Council, City Manager, Assistant City Manager, Directors, and City staff for their continued support in promoting sound financial policies and internal controls.

Respectfully submitted,

Dawn Yang

Dawn Lang

Deputy City Manager | CFO

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2021

# Kevin Hartke, Mayor

Mark Stewart Vice Mayor Christine Ellis, Councilmember OD Harris, Councilmember Rene' Lopez, Councilmember Matt Orlando, Councilmember Terry Roe, Councilmember

# **Executive Staff**

Joshua H. Wright, Acting City Manager Debra Stapleton, Assistant City Manager

# **Department Heads and Directors**

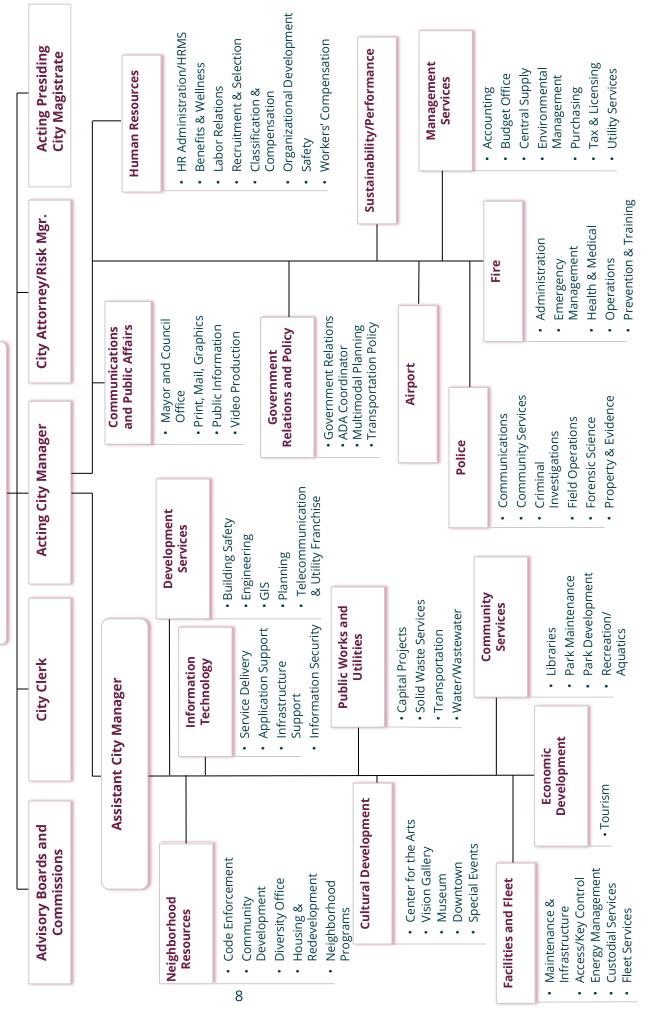
Kelly Schwab, City Attorney
Dana DeLong, City Clerk
Alicia M. Skupin, Acting Presiding City Magistrate
Matt Burdick, Communications and Public Affairs Director
Andy Bass, Community Services Director
Kim Moyers, Cultural Development Director
Derek Horn, Development Services Director
Micah Miranda, Economic Development Director
Tom Dwiggins, Fire Chief
Rae Lynn Nielsen, Human Resources Director
Sandip Dholakia, Chief Information Officer
Dawn Lang, Management Services Director
Leah Powell, Neighborhood Resources Director
Sean Duggan, Chief of Police
John Knudson, Public Works & Utilities Director



# City of Chandler Organizational Chart

# **Citizens of Chandler**

**Mayor and City Council** 





# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Chandler Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# **Financial Section**

Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Other Financial Statements



# "The Future's in Sight"

The City of Chandler is a high quality service organization that maintains a lean workforce of 6.4 full-time employees per 1,000 residents.



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chandler, Arizona

# **Report on Audit of Financial Statements**

# **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the City of Chandler, Arizona (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate discretely presented component units and remaining fund information of the City of Chandler, Arizona, Arizona, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Chandler, Arizona, Arizona, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, net pension liability information, and other postemployment benefit plan information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Other Financial Statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Financial Statements, are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on other work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2021, on our consideration of City of Chandler, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Chandler, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld Meach & Co. PC

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C. Scottsdale, Arizona December 10, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)



# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

As management of the City of Chandler (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal beginning on page one and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements, which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these significant, key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1.53 billion (net position). This represents an increase of \$25.7 million from the prior year primarily due to increases in equity in pooled cash and investments due to increases in grant funding, sales taxes and state shared revenues and an increase in deferred outflows of OPEB and pension plan items. Of this amount, \$293.0 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors. However, \$74.0 million is invested in a joint venture with the Town of Gilbert, which decreased \$4.6 million from the prior year, and is not available for obligations.
- At June 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$423.1 million, an increase of \$7.8 million in comparison with the prior year primarily due to American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) funding, increases in sales taxes and state shared revenues. Approximately 55.0 percent of the total amount, \$232.6 million, is available for spending at the City's discretion (assigned or unassigned).
- At June 30, 2021, total fund balance for the general fund was \$242.6 million which represents an increase of \$9.7 million from the prior year; this is primarily due to ARPA funding and increases in sales taxes and state shared revenues.
- General revenues from governmental activities accounted for \$301.1 million, or 74.7 percent of all revenues from governmental activities as opposed to 70.2 percent in the prior year. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$102.1 million or 25.3 percent of total governmental activity revenues, as opposed to 29.8 percent in the prior year. The City had \$162.7 million of program revenues (\$156.4 million in the prior year) and \$3.0 million in general revenues and transfers (\$13.8 million in the prior year) related to business-type activities.
- At June 30, 2021, the City's proprietary funds reported combined total net position of \$790.5 million as compared to \$778.1 million in the prior year; an increase for the current year of \$12.4 million. This increase is primarily due to an increase in water service fee revenues, increased interest revenue, reduced wastewater expenses and a reduction in long-term liabilities. This results in a total unrestricted net position of \$299.8 million, of which \$152.0 million of the unrestricted net position is in the water fund.

# **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/ outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Net position is categorized as capital assets less related debt, restricted by an outside third party and unrestricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

In the government-wide financial statements the City's activities are presented in the following categories:

- **Governmental activities** Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, transportation and development and community services. Sales taxes, state shared revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- **Business-type activities** The services provided by the City included here are water, wastewater, reclaimed water, solid waste, airport services and housing services. The services are financed through user fees and charges.
- **Component units** The discretely presented component units are the Chandler Industrial Development Authority and the Chandler Cultural Foundation.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 20 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and general obligation bonds debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 18 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules in the financial section of this report.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general, special revenue, general obligation and highway user revenue debt service, capital projects and proprietary funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided in the basic financial statements for the general, general government capital projects and general obligation bonds debt service funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget. Budgetary comparison schedules for other non-major special revenue and non-major capital projects funds are also included in the financial section.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, reclaimed water, solid waste, airport and housing services. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its self-insurance funds. Because self-insurance funds are funded predominantly by governmental functions rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and wastewater funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other three enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major enterprise funds are provided in the form of combining statements and schedules in the financial section of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget process. The City adopts an annual budget for all governmental and enterprise funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required supplementary information.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.53 billion as of June 30, 2021. This reflects continued strong operations in governmental activities, reduced expenses in governmental activities and decreases in long-term liabilities within governmental and business-type activities.

A significant portion of the City's net position (66.3 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, machinery and equipment, water rights and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

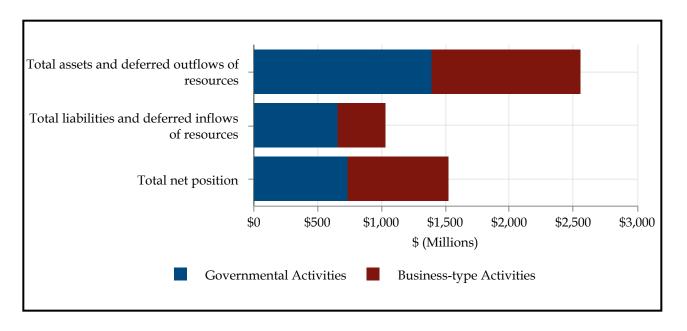
An additional portion of the City's net position (14.5 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (19.2 percent) includes \$74.0 million which is invested in a joint venture with the Town of Gilbert that may not be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The following table presents a condensed statement of the City's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
					(Primary Govt.)		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current assets	\$ 542,856,043	\$ 513,542,103	\$ 318,881,326	\$ 295,098,831	\$ 861,737,369	\$ 808,640,934	
Capital assets, net	742,145,317	755,678,611	759,679,559	787,509,917	1,501,824,876	1,543,188,528	
Long-term assets			74,142,431	78,760,749	74,142,431	78,760,749	
Total assets	1,285,001,360	1,269,220,714	1,152,703,316	1,161,369,497	2,437,704,676	2,430,590,211	
Total deferred outflows of resources	112,346,305	93,134,294	11,193,113	9,443,309	123,539,418	102,577,603	
Total assets and deferred							
outflows of resources	1,397,347,665	1,362,355,008	1,163,896,429	1,170,812,806	2,561,244,094	2,533,167,814	
Current liabilities	83,422,091	55,896,207	40,175,076	39,535,670	123,597,167	95,431,877	
Long-term liabilities	559,698,199	548,432,242	331,393,867	349,437,685	891,092,066	897,869,927	
Total liabilities	643,120,290	604,328,449	371,568,943	388,973,355	1,014,689,233	993,301,804	
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,667,670	27,331,136	1,801,034	3,754,051	18,468,704	31,085,187	
Total liabilities and deferred							
inflows of resources	659,787,960	631,659,585	373,369,977	392,727,406	1,033,157,937	1,024,386,991	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	555,107,220	547,511,826	458,616,595	477,329,239	1,013,723,815	1,024,841,065	
Restricted	189,214,016	191,839,529	32,154,205	33,750,526	221,368,221	225,590,055	
Unrestricted	(6,761,531)	(8,655,932)	299,755,652	267,005,635	292,994,121	258,349,703	
Total net position	\$ 737,559,705	\$ 730,695,423	\$ 790,526,452	\$ 778,085,400	\$1,528,086,157	\$1,508,780,823	

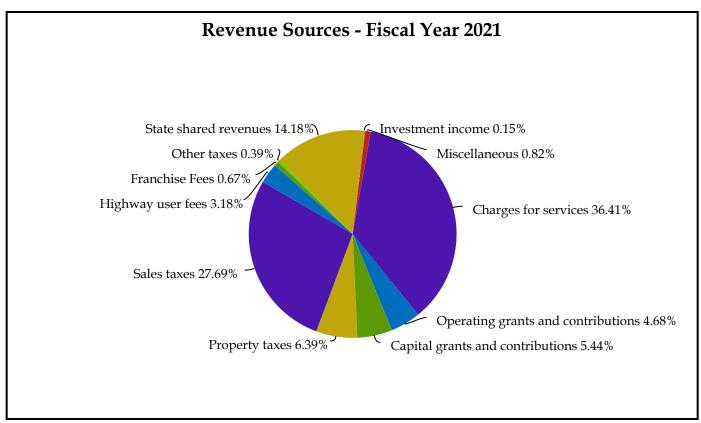


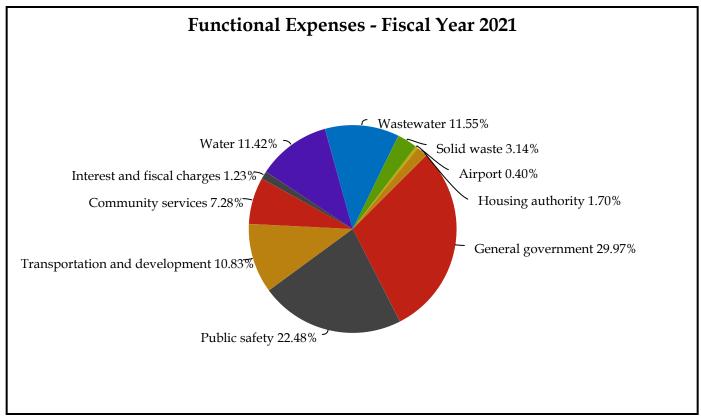
# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes in net position.** The City's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$569.0 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$543.3 million, which results in an increase in net position of \$25.7 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total (Primary Govt.)		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 66,789,357	\$ 71,760,315	\$ 140,364,223	\$ 135,080,838	\$ 207,153,580	\$ 206,841,153	
Operating grants and contributions	18,694,567	31,052,185	7,965,078	7,137,950	26,659,645	38,190,135	
Capital grants and contributions	16,573,341	18,714,457	14,355,873	14,190,016	30,929,214	32,904,473	
General revenues							
Property taxes	36,371,978	34,419,182	_	_	36,371,978	34,419,182	
Sales taxes	157,513,686	140,644,918	16,516	15,521	157,530,202	140,660,439	
Highway user taxes	18,108,310	16,996,911	_	_	18,108,310	16,996,911	
Other taxes	2,226,568	1,153,237	_	_	2,226,568	1,153,237	
Franchise Fees	3,823,524	3,441,225	_	_	3,823,524	3,441,225	
State shared revenues	80,699,253	70,769,943	_	_	80,699,253	70,769,943	
Investment income	584,026	16,951,295	249,448	9,974,135	833,474	26,925,430	
Miscellaneous	1,820,520	2,085,020	2,833,025	2,962,466	4,653,545	5,047,486	
Total revenues	403,205,130	407,988,688	165,784,163	169,360,926	568,989,293	577,349,614	
Expenses:							
General government	162,849,542	138,850,297	_	_	162,849,542	138,850,297	
Public safety	122,146,366	109,544,169	_	_	122,146,366	109,544,169	
Transportation and development	58,847,053	59,777,330	_	_	58,847,053	59,777,330	
Community services	39,565,719	38,195,563	_	_	39,565,719	38,195,563	
Interest and fiscal charges	6,653,197	6,885,184	_	_	6,653,197	6,885,184	
Water	_	_	62,049,102	60,330,758	62,049,102	60,330,758	
Wastewater	_	_	62,753,454	66,788,084	62,753,454	66,788,084	
Solid waste	_	_	17,040,309	16,522,728	17,040,309	16,522,728	
Airport	_	_	2,186,724	2,382,288	2,186,724	2,382,288	
Housing authority	_	_	9,207,531	8,710,570	9,207,531	8,710,570	
Total expenses	390,061,877	353,252,543	153,237,120	154,734,428	543,298,997	507,986,971	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	13,143,253	54,736,145	12,547,043	14,626,498	25,690,296	69,362,643	
Transfers in (out)	105,991	(891,991)	(105,991)	891,991	_	_	
Change in net position	13,249,244	53,844,154	12,441,052	15,518,489	25,690,296	69,362,643	
Beginning net position	724,310,461	676,851,269	778,085,400	762,566,911	1,502,395,861	1,439,418,180	
Ending net position	\$ 737,559,705	\$ 730,695,423	\$ 790,526,452	\$ 778,085,400	\$1,528,086,157	\$1,508,780,823	

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021





# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

As evidenced in the previous graph, the largest financing source for the City is charges for services at 36.41 percent, associated with the user fees and charges for services. Sales taxes and state shared revenues also comprise a significant portion of the City's revenues at 27.69 percent and 14.18 percent, respectively, of the total revenues with property taxes accounting for an additional 6.39 percent of the City's total revenues.

The City as a whole uses the largest amount of resources for general government functions at 29.97 percent of the total functional expenses of the City. The next largest users of resources are public safety and wastewater at 22.48 percent and 11.55 percent, respectively, with water accounting for 11.42 percent of the City's total expenses.

**Governmental activities.** The increase in governmental net position totaled \$13.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2021 compared with an increase of \$53.8 million in the prior year. The increase is primarily due to ARPA grant funding and increases in sales taxes and state shared revenues.

**Business-type activities.** The increase in business-type net position totaled \$12.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2021 compared with an increase of \$15.5 million in the prior year. This increase is primarily due to increases in water service fee revenues, increased interest revenue and a reduction in long-term liabilities.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Fund balances are reported on a hierarchy of five classifications based on spending constraints in order to provide better consistency and clarification. These classifications include nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned and unassigned. The spendable balances are the restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances. Additional information on fund balances and their classifications can be found in Note 9 of the financial statements.

The financial performance of the City as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$423.1 million, an increase of \$7.8 million in comparison with the prior year increase of \$49.5 million. Approximately \$232.6 million (55.0 percent) of this amount is combined assigned and unassigned balances, all which may be spent at the City's discretion. The total compared to the prior years' assigned and unassigned balances of \$222.5 million represents an increase of \$10.1 million.

The remainder of the fund balance comprising of nonspendable and restricted balances amounts to \$190.5 million (45.0 percent of the total fund balance). The nonspendable balance consists of inventories and prepaid amounts. The restricted balance is constrained for specific purposes imposed by external parties or enabling legislation. The total compared to the prior years' nonspendable and restricted balances of \$192.8 million represents a decrease of \$2.3 million. This decrease is primarily due to the continued spending of bond proceeds in the community services and streets capital projects funds.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned and unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$239.8 million, while total fund balance reached \$242.6 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both assigned and unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 1.04 coverage of total annual general fund expenditures. The amount of fund balance is well above the City's contingency reserve financial policy, allowing the funding of other reserves (e.g., economic development, capital projects and compensated absences). The City's general fund balance increased by \$9.7 million during the current fiscal year primarily due to ARPA grant funding and increases in sales taxes and state shared revenues.

The general obligation bonds debt service fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and payments of general obligation bonded debt. The fund balance restricted for general obligation debt service payments increased by \$1.1 million during the current fiscal year. The increase is due to reduced expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021.

**Proprietary funds**. The City's proprietary funds, which include enterprise and internal service funds, provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position for the enterprise funds and the internal service funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$790.5 million and \$33.4 million, respectively, compared to \$778.1 million and \$44.9 million in the prior fiscal year. The enterprise funds increase is primarily due to an increases in water and wastewater service fee revenues and investment revenues and a reduction in long-term liabilities.

The enterprise funds net position is 37.9 percent unrestricted compared to 34.3 percent in the prior fiscal year. Unrestricted net position of the water fund at the end of the year amounted to \$152.0 million, and those for the wastewater fund amounted to \$127.6 million, compared to \$139.8 million and \$108.2 million in the prior fiscal year.

# **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

For the 2020-21 budget year, the City of Chandler continued to engage in fiscally responsible budgeting practices, adhered to financial policies, and used conservative budgeting as economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and potential State legislative actions were unknown. With this conservative mindset, the City Council adopted a balanced budget for 2020-21 that incorporated \$20 million in revenue and expenditure reductions from the pre-pandemic forecast, in anticipation of COVID-19 impacts. Overall planned capital expenditures increased slightly as additional projects were added to address our aging infrastructure and one-time revenues were applied to select capital projects and planned Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) unfunded liability pay down. The City's major sources of General Fund revenues include Local Sales Tax (Transaction Privilege Tax), Voter Approved Local Revenue (formerly called State Shared Revenue) and Urban Revenue Sharing (State Shared Income Tax). Reductions made in anticipation of COVID-19 impacted revenue losses and the corresponding expenditure reductions slightly decreased the General Fund budget by 0.6 percent from the previous year, while the total City budget increased slightly by 0.46 percent from 2019-20.

As has been the City's practice, the budget and revenue forecast distinguished between ongoing and one-time revenues and ensured related spending was also aligned. The City's 2020-21 budget included various salary adjustments based on agreements between bargaining units and the City, and merits for general employees. Other ongoing costs, such as maintenance, utilities and supplies were managed closely to ensure they could be covered with ongoing revenues.

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

The actual COVID-19 impacts on revenue negatively impacted some specific Transaction Privilege Tax categories, such as restaurants and bars, hotel/motels, and amusements, but the City saw shifts in that spending which increased retail and other categories. Overall, the \$20 million reduction in revenues did not come to fruition, as revenues came in \$41 million above budget. With vacant positions on hold for part of the year and expenditure reduction measures in place, General Fund spending came in lower than anticipated, resulting in an increase to the General Fund balance.

The FY 2020-21 budget continued to emphasize adherence to strong financial policies allowing the City Council to maintain the General Fund contingency reserve at 15 percent of anticipated annual General Fund operating revenue. And finally, the City Council continued the designated Budget Stabilization Reserve in the amount of \$10 million to provide the opportunity to utilize the reserve to balance the General Fund budget in the future for no more than three consecutive years, should state legislation, operational changes in tax collections, unexpected decreases in property values, or other economic conditions cause revenues to suddenly decrease.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

**Capital assets.** As of June 30, 2021, the City had invested \$1.0 billion in capital assets net of related debt, including buildings, facilities, vehicles, computers, equipment, water rights and infrastructure assets. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$102.6 million.

During fiscal year 2020-21, there were \$42.9 million in water rights purchases recognized as a new asset from construction in progress. These water rights grant the City 99 years worth of water usage per the purchase agreement with the Gila River Indian Community. The purchase helps to diversify the City's water options to ensure residents can have reliable and sustainable water options into the future. In addition, there were \$4.3 million in updates to wastewater lines around the Price Road technology corridor that was completed during the fiscal year. The City also completed several street projects on Queen Creek, Chandler Heights and Ocotillo Roads adding an additional \$29.9 million in governmental fund infrastructure assets. The Chandler Fire Department added \$5.3 million in new fire engines and emergency response vehicles to replace older models to continue to provide the best public safety and emergency services possible to Chandler residents.

The following table presents capital asset balances net of accumulated depreciation for the fiscal years, ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	Govern Activ			Busine Activ				To (Primar	tal y G		
	2021	2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Land	\$ 92,528,517	\$ 92,528,517	\$	57,189,731	\$	51,669,315	\$	149,718,248	\$	144,197,832	
Land improvements	_	_		317,087		198,852		317,087		198,852	
Infrastructure	341,516,567	336,308,826		_		_		341,516,567		336,308,826	
System improvements	_	_		630,911,926		665,926,957		630,911,926		665,926,957	
Buildings and improvements	176,774,747	189,978,030		8,049,845		8,931,001		184,824,592		198,909,031	
Vehicles, machinery											
and equipment	25,315,499	23,332,690		2,541,320		3,218,082		27,856,819		26,550,772	
Water rights	_	_		42,645,949		_		42,645,949		_	
Construction in progress	106,009,987	113,530,548		18,023,701		57,565,710		124,033,688	_	171,096,258	
Total	\$ 742,145,317	\$ 755,678,611	\$	759,679,559	\$	787,509,917	\$ 1	1,501,824,876	\$ 1	1,543,188,528	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the financial statements.

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Chandler had total bonded debt outstanding of \$493.1 million in long-term debt outstanding with \$40.2 million due within one year. The following table presents a summary of the City's outstanding long-term obligations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Governmental Activities			ss-type ⁄ities	Total (Primary Govt.)		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
General obligation bonds	\$ 195,164,000	\$ 215,939,000	\$ 76,936,000	\$ 86,261,000	\$ 272,100,000	\$ 302,200,000	
Revenue bonds	_	_	_	2,340,000	_	2,340,000	
Excise tax revenue obligations	_	_	219,780,000	228,985,000	219,780,000	228,985,000	
Special assessment bonds	1,245,000	1,830,000	_	_	1,245,000	1,830,000	
Issuance premiums	17,548,988	19,789,672	22,960,376	25,623,807	40,509,364	45,413,479	
Total bonds & obligations payable	\$ 213,957,988	\$ 237,558,672	\$ 319,676,376	\$ 343,209,807	\$ 533,634,364	\$ 580,768,479	
Claims payable (as restated)	18,885,862	13,643,256	_	_	18,885,862	13,643,256	
Landfill closure/post closure	_	_	4,340,000	4,340,000	4,340,000	4,340,000	
Compensated absences	13,679,502	13,811,004	1,408,776	1,388,807	15,088,278	15,199,811	
Net pension liability	293,981,374	275,257,904	22,238,502	18,637,376	316,219,876	293,895,280	
Post employment benefits	56,105,261	47,361,614	6,898,722	5,751,113	63,003,983	53,112,727	
Total long term liabilities	\$ 596,609,987	\$ 587,632,450	\$ 354,562,376	\$ 373,327,103	\$ 951,172,363	\$ 960,959,553	

The City of Chandler's total long term liabilities decreased by \$9.8 million during the current fiscal year, as there was no new bonded debt issued and principal payments occurred as scheduled. The City reported an increase in pension liability of \$22.3 million, post employment benefits of \$9.9 million and principal repayments of \$42.2 million.

State statutes currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a city may issue to 20 percent of its total assessed valuation for water, sewer, artificial lighting, open space, parks, public safety and emergency services, streets, transportation and recreational facilities. The current debt limitation for the City is \$936.5 million. The City has \$277.1 million of outstanding general obligation debt for these purposes.

State statutes also currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a city may issue to 6 percent of its total assessed valuation for all other purposes. The current debt limitation for the City is \$281.0 million. The City has \$6.8 million of outstanding general obligation debt for this purpose.

As of year-end, the City's current bond ratings on general obligation bonds were Aaa from Moody's Investor Services, AAA from Standard & Poor's, and AAA from Fitch Ratings. Excise tax revenue obligation bonds were rated Aa1 from Moody's Investor Services, AAA from Standard & Poor's and AAA from Fitch.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements.

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

Adopting a balanced budget for the next fiscal year (2021-22) required the combined efforts of citizens, the City Council, Executive Leadership team, and staff members throughout the organization. As the financial impacts anticipated during the FY 2019-20 budget year did not come to fruition, considerable thought and measured change was incorporated into the Fiscal Year 2021-22 budget. The budget contains a variety of increases to revenues and expenditures to roll-back the mitigation strategies used during the pandemic, and allows for a continued focus on providing high service levels and quality infrastructure in a cost effective way.

This year again included diligent monitoring of legislative bills that could impact our ongoing revenues, as well as focused review of expenditure impacts that could potentially cause higher costs if not contained. This included the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) rates and its unfunded liability, minimum wage increases, retirement vacancies causing overtime in public safety, additional staff or contract needs, workers' compensation self-insurance claims, fleet and equipment sustainability, aging infrastructure, and addressing various capital needs under a higher construction cost environment.

Even though general economic conditions are anticipated to continue to show recovery, and even increase during the budget year, the City is still conservative in its approach and continues to look for efficiencies to manage expenditure growth. The budget increased from \$931.3 million in 2020-21 to \$1.058 billion (an increase of 13.6 percent) in 2021-22, due to appropriation added for grant funding received at the end of FY 2020-21 through ARPA of \$34.6 million in appropriation, as well as adding back in the reductions made in the prior year due to COVID-19. With the addition of appropriation, the total operating budget is increasing from \$387 million to \$412 million. The total new capital appropriation is decreasing from \$151 million to \$113 million, but still shows that the City continues a healthy capital improvement program to ensure existing infrastructure is well maintained and the needs of residents can be met.

With a 6.8 percent increase in Limited Property Values (including new growth), the City Council chose to reduce the primary property tax rate from \$0.2501 to \$0.2426, and keep the secondary property tax rate at \$0.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation. This planned rate reduction will help minimize the impact of higher values on property owner's tax payment.

The 2021-22 Budget includes anticipated bond sales as well as GO and ETRO refunding opportunities for outstanding bonds. There is also a bond election in November 2021 to ensure bond authorization is sufficient to meet capital needs as we continue our focus on ensuring strong debt management practices. Additionally, the City Council maintained the General Fund operating contingency at 15 percent of General Fund operating revenues to provide a buffer for emergencies or to support new opportunities such as unanticipated grants or development agreements. Chandler continues maintaining and adhering to strong financial policies, has updated the Pension Funding Policy to ensure ongoing focus on managing pension costs, and remains in a solid financial position to continue its tradition of strong fiscal management as reflected by its AAA GO bond ratings with all three rating agencies.

#### **CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCE OFFICE**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Management Services Department, City of Chandler, P.O. Box 4008, MS 609, Chandler, AZ 85244-4008 or by calling (480) 782-2333.



**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## City of Chandler Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

						Component Units					
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	Chandler Industrial Development Authority			Chandler Cultural Foundation	
ASSETS											
Current assets:											
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 50	5,734,514	\$	298,156,657	\$	803,891,171	\$	_	\$	_	
Cash and investments		_		_		_		897,088		2,970,516	
Accounts receivable		1,829,428		17,954,944		19,784,372		2,000		593	
Privilege license tax receivable	1	7,530,447		_		17,530,447		_		_	
Property taxes receivable		454,706		_		454,706		_		_	
Due from other governments	1	0,445,890		83,056		10,528,946		_		_	
Inventories		1,045,705		127,276		1,172,981		_		_	
Prepaid items		5,933		_		5,933		_		87,729	
Accrued interest receivable		972,409		541,673		1,514,082		_		7,325	
Special assessments receivable		1,130,456		_		1,130,456		_		_	
Notes receivable		448,503		_		448,503		_		_	
Other receivables		3,258,052		2,017,720		5,275,772		_		_	
Total current assets	54	2,856,043		318,881,326		861,737,369		899,088		3,066,163	
Long-term assets:											
Cash and investments - restricted		_		_		_		_		1,425,008	
Notes receivable		_		154,750		154,750		_		_	
Investment in joint venture		_		73,987,681		73,987,681		_		_	
Capital assets:											
Non-depreciable	19	8,538,504		75,213,432		273,751,936		_		_	
Depreciable, net	54	3,606,813	(	584,466,127		1,228,072,940		_		17,152	
Total capital assets	74	2,145,317	-	759,679,559		1,501,824,876		_		17,152	
Total long-term assets	74	2,145,317		333,821,990		1,575,967,307		_		1,442,160	
Total assets	1,28	5,001,360	1,	152,703,316		2,437,704,676		899,088		4,508,323	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred outflows of OPEB and pension plan items	10	4,821,414		5,487,123		110,308,537		_		_	
Deferred amounts on refundings		7,524,891		5,705,990		13,230,881		_		_	
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,346,305		11,193,113		123,539,418					

#### LIABILITIES

17,152 — — — — 1,425,008 1,425,008 2,386,288 3,828,448
    1,425,008 1,425,008
    1,425,008
- - - -
17,152 — — — —
17,152 — — —
17,152 — —
17,152 —
17,152
17.152
_
679,875
670.975
_
_
_
_
_
_
679,875
_
_
_
_
665,775
_
_
_
14,100

			Program Revenues							
Function/Programs		Expenses		harges for Services	(	Operating Capital Grants and Grants and Contributions Contributions			Total	
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$1	62,849,542	\$ 4	42,011,670	\$	9,332,515	\$	5,447,340	\$ 5	6,791,525
Public safety	12	22,146,366		5,073,984		6,731,394		_	1	1,805,378
Transportation and development	į	8,847,053	1	14,266,302		1,435,992		11,126,001	2	6,828,295
Community services	3	39,565,719		5,437,401		1,194,666		_		6,632,067
Interest on long-term debt		6,653,197		_		_		_		_
Total governmental activities	39	90,061,877	- (	56,789,357		18,694,567	16,573,341		10	2,057,265
Business-type activities:						_				
Water	(	52,049,102		58,755,999		_		5,755,850	6	4,511,849
Wastewater	(	52,753,454	6	51,971,940		_		8,600,023	7	0,571,963
Solid waste	•	17,040,309	1	17,480,050		_		_	1	7,480,050
Airport		2,186,724		893,268		_		_		893,268
Chandler housing authority		9,207,531		1,262,966		7,965,078				9,228,044
Total business-type activities	15	53,237,120	14	10,364,223		7,965,078		14,355,873	16	2,685,174
Total primary government	\$5	43,298,997	\$20	07,153,580	\$	26,659,645	\$	30,929,214	\$26	4,742,439
Component units										
Chandler Industrial Development										
Authority	\$	118,159	\$	101,039	\$	_	\$	_	\$	101,039
Chandler Cultural Foundation		465,309		87,730		423,631				511,361
Total component units	\$	583,468	\$	188,769	\$	423,631	\$		\$	612,400

#### **General revenues and transfers:**

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Sales taxes

Highway user taxes

Other taxes

Franchise fees

State shared revenues (unrestricted)

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year, as restated

Net position - end of year

## Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government Component Units									
		<u> </u>			Chandler Industrial	Chandler			
	Governmental	Business-Type			Development	Cultural			
	Activities	Activities		Total	Authority	Foundation			
\$	(106,058,017)	\$ _	\$	(106,058,017)	\$ _	\$ —			
	(110,340,988)	_		(110,340,988)	_	_			
	(32,018,758)	_		(32,018,758)	_	_			
	(32,933,652)	_		(32,933,652)	_	_			
	(6,653,197)			(6,653,197)					
	(288,004,612)			(288,004,612)					
	_	2,462,747		2,462,747	_	_			
	_	7,818,509		7,818,509	_	_			
	_	439,741		439,741	_	_			
	_	(1,293,456)		(1,293,456)	_	_			
	_	20,513		20,513	_	_			
	_	9,448,054		9,448,054					
	(288,004,612)	9,448,054		(278,556,558)		_			
	_	_		_	(17,120)	_			
	_	_		_	_	46,052			
	_			_	(17,120)	46,052			
	36,371,978	_		36,371,978	_	_			
	157,513,686	16,516		157,530,202	_	_			
	18,108,310	_		18,108,310	_	_			
	2,226,568	_		2,226,568	_	_			
	3,823,524	_		3,823,524	_	_			
	80,699,253	_		80,699,253	_	_			
	584,026	249,448		833,474	1,446	9,798			
	1,820,520	2,833,025		4,653,545	_	_			
	105,991	(105,991)							
	301,253,856	2,992,998		304,246,854	1,446	9,798			
	13,249,244	12,441,052		25,690,296	(15,674)	55,850			
	724,310,461	778,085,400		1,502,395,861	914,762	3,772,598			
\$	737,559,705	\$ 790,526,452	\$	1,528,086,157	\$ 899,088	\$ 3,828,448			

## City of Chandler Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Major	Major Funds		
		General		
		Obligation	Other	
		Bonds	Governmental	
	General	Debt Service	Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$220,381,553	\$ 28,903,431	\$ 203,997,258	\$ 453,282,242
Accounts receivable	1,712,821	_	24,118	1,736,939
Privilege license tax receivable	17,530,447	_	_	17,530,447
Property taxes receivable	108,354	346,352	_	454,706
Advances to other funds	8,310,859	_	_	8,310,859
Due from other funds	2,163,778	_	_	2,163,778
Due from other governments	2,045,391	_	8,400,499	10,445,890
Inventories	1,045,705	_	_	1,045,705
Prepaid items	5,933	_	_	5,933
Accrued interest receivable	411,048	33,146	435,648	879,842
Special assessments receivable	_	_	1,130,456	1,130,456
Notes receivable	_	_	448,503	448,503
Other receivables	3,247,723		10,329	3,258,052
Total assets	\$256,963,612	\$ 29,282,929	\$ 214,446,811	\$ 500,693,352
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,465,504	\$ —	\$ 10,457,315	\$ 13,922,819
Accrued payroll	5,465,927	_	176,607	5,642,534
Trust liabilities and deposits	4,202,064	_	313,639	4,515,703
Accrued interest	_	3,870,193	24,900	3,895,093
Due to other funds	_	_	2,163,778	2,163,778
Advances from other funds	_	_	8,310,859	8,310,859
Unearned revenue	1,154,492	_	17,094,751	18,249,243
Bonds payable	, . <u> </u>	19,395,000	· · · —	19,395,000
Total liabilities	14,287,987	23,265,193	38,541,849	76,095,029
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenues - special assessments	_	_	1,130,456	1,130,456
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	83,226	259,343		342,569
Total deferred inflows of resources	83,226	259,343	1,130,456	1,473,025
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	1,051,638			1,051,638
Restricted	1,711,242	5,758,393	182,001,083	189,470,718
Assigned	143,763,585	_	_	143,763,585
Unassigned	96,065,934		(7,226,577)	88,839,357
Total fund balances	242,592,399	5,758,393	174,774,506	423,125,298
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$256,963,612	\$ 29,282,929	\$ 214,446,811	\$ 500,693,352

## **City of Chandler**

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$423,125,298
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were reported differently because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		
Non-depreciable	\$198,538,504	
Depreciable buildings, property, equipment and infrastructure, net	543,606,813	
Total capital assets		742,145,317
Certain revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		1,473,025
Deferred amounts on refundings are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		7,524,891
Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		104,821,414
Deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB represent a future acquisition of net position that is not reported in the funds.		(16,667,670)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.		33,352,911
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Except for the internal service funds amounts of \$18,999,506 which are included above, the long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows:		
Bonds payable	(194,562,988)	
Net pension liability	(293,981,374)	
OPEB liability	(56,105,261)	
Compensated absences	(13,565,858)	
Total long-term liabilities		(558,215,481)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$737,559,705

## City of Chandler Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Major Funds					
				General	Other	
			Ob	oligation Bonds	Governmental	
		General		Debt Service	Funds	Total
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$	8,127,805	\$	28,281,540	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 36,409,345
Sales taxes		157,513,686		_	_	157,513,686
Highway user taxes		_		_	18,108,310	18,108,310
Regional transportation taxes		_		_	2,226,568	2,226,568
Franchise fees		3,823,524		_	_	3,823,524
State shared		80,699,253		_	_	80,699,253
Grants and entitlements		7,716,927		_	21,700,101	29,417,028
System development fees		143,436		_	8,064,292	8,207,728
Special assessments		_		_	587,020	587,020
Licenses and permits		6,656,737		_	_	6,656,737
Charges for services		19,138,480		_	492,909	19,631,389
Fines and forfeitures		2,853,783		_	66,390	2,920,173
Rentals		174,766		_	_	174,766
Contributions		_		_	5,201,737	5,201,737
Interest revenue		(81,690)		(80,955)	696,028	533,383
Miscellaneous		588,941		_	516,129	1,105,070
Total revenues		287,355,648		28,200,585	57,659,484	373,215,717
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		64,203,179		_	29,279,663	93,482,842
Public safety		117,609,757		_	1,748,002	119,357,759
Transportation and development		17,493,321		_	14,147,245	31,640,566
Community services		28,237,838		_	846,243	29,084,081
Capital outlay		3,036,932		_	58,870,192	61,907,124
Debt service:						
Principal		_		19,395,000	585,000	19,980,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_		7,740,385	61,500	7,801,885
Total expenditures		230,581,027		27,135,385	105,537,845	363,254,257
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		56,774,621		1,065,200	(47,878,361)	9,961,460
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		1,876		_	223,205	225,081
Transfers in		_		_	44,961,787	44,961,787
Transfers out		(47,094,820)		_	(270,061)	(47,364,881)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(47,092,944)		_	44,914,931	(2,178,013)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		9,681,677		1,065,200	(2,963,430)	7,783,447
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year		232,910,722		4,693,193	177,737,936	415,341,851
End of year	\$	242,592,399	\$	5,758,393	\$ 174,774,506	\$ 423,125,298

## **City of Chandler**

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were reported differently because:	\$ 7,783,447
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded and transferred in the current period.	39,931,139
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(54,104,070)
Some items reported in the governmental funds are sources and uses of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenses in the Statement of Activities. These items include:	
Principal payments on debt	19,980,000
Pension related items	4,097,710
Other post employment benefits obligation	(597,354)
	23,480,356
Accrued interest payable related to long-term debt is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Activities, however, it is not recognized in the governmental funds because it is not payable from current financial resources.	1,148,688
Certain revenues in the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	(209,500)
Compensated absence expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	146,587
Certain revenues in the governmental funds that provide current financial resources are not included in the Statement of Activities because they were recognized in a prior period. However, other revenues that are unavailable in the governmental funds because they do not provide current financial resources due to unavailability are recognized in the Statement of Activities.	(500 545)
to unavailability are recognized in the Statement of Activities.  Capital assets contributed by developers to the City are not recorded in the	(568,545)
governmental funds as they do not provide current financial resources but are recognized in the Statement of Activities as program revenues.	849,143
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The change in financial position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	(5,208,001)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$13,249,244

City of Chandler Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Major	ıds	Other Proprietary				Governmental Activities: Internal		
	 Water		Wastewater	ı	Funds		Total	Service Fund	
ASSETS	 		1144514114114	_					
Current assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 107,638,853	\$	160,552,608	\$	29,965,196	\$	298,156,657	\$	52,452,272
Accounts receivable	8,269,969		7,277,489		2,407,486		17,954,944		92,489
Due from other governments	_		_		83,056		83,056		_
Inventories	90,668		_		36,608		127,276		_
Accrued interest receivable	192,923		290,782		57,968		541,673		92,567
Other receivables	_		2,017,687		33		2,017,720		_
Total current assets	 116,192,413		170,138,566		32,550,347		318,881,326		52,637,328
Long-term assets:					_				
Notes receivable	_		_		154,750		154,750		_
Advances to other funds	3,900,000		_		_		3,900,000		_
Investment in joint venture	73,987,681		_		_		73,987,681		_
Capital assets:									
Non-depreciable	15,232,052		32,514,332		27,467,048		75,213,432		_
Depreciable, net	221,486,104		436,145,250		26,834,773		684,466,127		_
Total capital assets	 236,718,156		468,659,582		54,301,821		759,679,559		_
Total long-term assets	 314,605,837		468,659,582		54,456,571		837,721,990		_
Total assets	430,798,250		638,798,148		87,006,918		1,156,603,316		52,637,328
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows of OPEB and pension plan items	2,603,529		1,642,064		1,241,530		5,487,123		_
Deferred amounts on refundings	3,010,093		2,695,897		_		5,705,990		_
Total deferred outflow of resources	5,613,622		4,337,961		1,241,530		11,193,113		_

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,627,197	1,471,537	1,359,941	4,458,675	129,075
Accrued payroll	286,908	303,644	122,883	713,435	53,619
Trust liabilities and deposits	4,013,493	148,703	675,633	4,837,829	_
Accrued interest	2,382,293	3,832,344	_	6,214,637	_
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	_	102,217
Customer advances	237,534	221,699	322,758	781,991	_
Compensated absences payable	129,614	82,456	43,556	255,626	20,622
Bonds payable	10,305,054	12,513,383	_	22,818,437	_
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	_	_	94,446	94,446	_
Claims and judgements payable	_	_	_	_	12,183,920
Total current liabilities	18,982,093	18,573,766	2,619,217	40,175,076	12,489,453
Long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	584,707	371,965	196,478	1,153,150	93,022
Advances from other funds	_	3,900,000	_	3,900,000	_
Bonds payable	111,044,483	185,813,456	_	296,857,939	_
Net pension liability	11,045,216	6,209,485	4,983,801	22,238,502	_
OPEB liability	3,169,028	2,448,942	1,280,752	6,898,722	_
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	_	_	4,245,554	4,245,554	_
Claims and judgements payable	_	_			6,701,942
Total long-term liabilities	125,843,434	198,743,848	10,706,585	335,293,867	6,794,964
Total liabilities	144,825,527	217,317,614	13,325,802	375,468,943	19,284,417
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of OPEB and pension plan items	916,611	431,590	452,833	1,801,034	
NET POSITION		-			
Net investment in capital assets	124,969,472	279,345,301	54,301,821	458,616,594	_
Restricted for:					
Debt service	13,689,846	18,464,359	_	32,154,205	_
Unrestricted	152,010,416	127,577,245	20,167,992	299,755,653	33,352,911
Total net position	\$ 290,669,734	\$ 425,386,905	\$ 74,469,813	\$ 790,526,452	\$ 33,352,911



## City of Chandler Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Major Funds				Other			vernmental
			_		Proprietary	Takal	Activities: Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:		water		<u>Vastewater</u>	Funds	Total		rvice Fullu
Service fees	\$	58,755,999	\$	61,971,940	\$ 18,373,518	\$ 139,101,457	\$	100,277
Grants and entitlements	4		4	— —	7,965,078	7,965,078	Ψ	-
Rentals		_		_	1,262,766	1,262,766		_
Sales taxes		_		_	16,516	16,516		_
Self insurance premiums		_		_	_	_		28,842,445
Miscellaneous		34,423		1,150	134,021	169,594		715,450
Total operating revenues		58,790,422		61,973,090	27,751,899	148,515,411		29,658,172
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
General and administrative		3,470,121		3,040,261	1,135,651	7,646,033		551
Personnel services		9,953,735		7,969,420	4,066,147	21,989,302		2,361,299
Contractual services		9,382,064		4,956,193	13,840,045	28,178,302		2,659,801
Commodities		12,282,520		9,574,895	1,636,368	23,493,783		2,161,939
Claims expense		_		_	_	_		30,333,824
Housing assistance payments		_		_	5,475,829	5,475,829		_
Depreciation and amortization expense		17,095,917		29,089,066	2,280,524	48,465,507		_
Total operating expenses		52,184,357		54,629,835	28,434,564	135,248,756		37,517,414
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		6,606,065		7,343,255	(682,665)	13,266,655		(7,859,242)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Interest revenue		124,740		139,818	(15,110)	249,448		50,644
Interest and fiscal charges		(5,246,427)		(8,101,619)	_	(13,348,046)		_
Accretion of bond premiums		1,193,550		1,469,881	_	2,663,431		_
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		_		(22,000)	_	(22,000)		_
Equity interest in joint venture		(4,618,318)				(4,618,318)		
Total Nonoperating								
revenues (expenses)		(8,546,455)		(6,513,920)	(15,110)	(15,075,485)		50,644
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL								
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(1,940,390)		829,335	(697,775)	(1,808,830)		(7,808,598)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:								
Capital contributions		5,755,850		8,600,023	91,512	14,447,385		_
Transfers in		_		_	547,006	547,006		2,630,890
Transfers out		(349,859)		(260,273)	(134,377)	(744,509)		(30,293)
Total capital contributions and transfers		5,405,991		8,339,750	504,141	14,249,882		2,600,597
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		3,465,601		9,169,085	(193,634)	12,441,052		(5,208,001)
NET POSITION:								
Beginning of year, as restated		287,204,133		416,217,820	74,663,447	778,085,400		38,560,912
End of year	\$	290,669,734	\$	425,386,905	\$ 74,469,813	\$ 790,526,452	\$	33,352,911

City of Chandler Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Other		Governmental Activities:		
	Major	Eunde	Proprietary		Internal		
	Water	Wastewater	Funds	Total	Service Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Trasterrate.			20.1.00.10.10		
Cash received from customers	\$ 59,955,848	\$ 63,244,318	\$ 20,015,595	\$ 143,215,761	\$ 29,731,651		
Cash received from grantors	· · · —	· · · —	7,947,264	7,947,264	_		
Cash payments to suppliers	(24,796,550)	(17,039,453)	(21,921,919)	(63,757,922)	(29,874,300)		
Cash payments to employees for services	(9,883,349)	(7,822,558)	(4,002,576)	(21,708,483)	(2,344,317)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	25,275,949	38,382,307	2,038,364	65,696,620	(2,486,966)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Transfers in	_	_	547,006	547,006	2,630,890		
Transfers out	(349,859)	(260,273)	(134,377)	(744,509)	(30,293)		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(349,859)	(260,273)	412,629	(197,503)	2,600,597		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(5,502,226)	(12,142,703)	(871,700)	(18,516,629)	_		
Principal paid on bond maturities	(9,345,660)	(10,605,569)	_	(19,951,229)	_		
Interest paid on bonds	(5,452,481)	(8,346,816)	_	(13,799,297)	_		
Cash received from capital contributions	5,160,606	7,146,259		12,306,865			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(15,139,761)	(23,948,829)	(871,700)	(39,960,290)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Investment income	192,966	269,990	23,474	486,430	152,500		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	192,966	269,990	23,474	486,430	152,500		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,979,295	14,443,195	1,602,767	26,025,257	266,131		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:							
Beginning of year	97,659,558	146,109,413	28,362,429	272,131,400	52,186,141		
End of year	\$ 107,638,853	\$ 160,552,608	\$ 29,965,196	\$ 298,156,657	\$ 52,452,272		

## RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Operating income (loss)	¢	6,606,065	\$	7,343,255	\$	(682,665)	¢	13,266,655	\$	(7,859,242)
, -	<del>-</del>	0,000,003	<del>-</del>	7,343,233	Ψ	(002,003)	<u>Ψ</u>	13,200,033	Ψ	(7,033,242)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net										
cash provided (used) by operating activities:		47.005.047		20,000,000		2 200 524		40 465 507		
Depreciation and amortization		17,095,917		29,089,066		2,280,524		48,465,507		_
Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred items:										
(Increase) decrease in receivables		750,288		1,268,318		39,924		2,058,530		(13,133)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		_		_		(33,600)		(33,600)		_
(Increase) decrease in inventories		9,968		_		(29,118)		(19,150)		_
(Increase) decrease in other assets		_		_		(150,855)		(150,855)		_
Increase (decrease) in payables		328,187		531,896		195,092		1,055,175		39,209
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences		12,946		101,465		39,265		153,676		16,982
Increase (decrease) in deposits		391,950		(18,733)		52,475		425,692		_
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		_		_		_		_		5,242,606
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		_		_		_		_		86,612
Increase (decrease) in customer advances		23,188		21,643		152,161		196,992		_
Increase (decrease) in net pension and OPEB items		(462,312)		(369,382)		(37,917)		(869,611)		_
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		519,752		414,779		213,078		1,147,609		_
Total adjustments		18,669,884		31,039,052		2,721,029		52,429,965		5,372,276
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	25,275,949	\$	38,382,307	\$	2,038,364	\$	65,696,620	\$	(2,486,966)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Contributions of capital assets from developers	\$	595,244	\$	1,453,764	\$	_	\$	2,049,008	\$	_
Contributions of capital assets from city government		_		_		91,512		91,512		_
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		_		(22,000)		_		(22,000)		_
Accretion of bond premiums		1,193,550		1,469,881		_		2,663,431		_

The City of Chandler (City) was incorporated on February 17, 1920. On May 25, 1964, voters ratified a City charter providing for a Council-Manager form of government. The government of the City is operated by authority of its charter, as limited by the state legislature. A seven-member council, including a separately elected mayor, governs the City.

The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the City's financial statements.

#### **NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies and procedures of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, i.e., entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable and/or exercise significant influence over operations. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the City's operations, and therefore data from these units are combined with data of the City. The City's discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements, to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and/or financial relationships with the City. Each component unit has a June 30 year-end.

#### 1. Blended Component Unit

The City of Chandler Municipal Property Corporation (Corporation) is a nonprofit corporation which exists solely for the purpose of constructing or otherwise acquiring or equipping buildings, structures, or improvements on land owned by the City for the benefit, common good, and general welfare of the City and its citizens. The Chandler City Council appoints the five members of the Board, who are responsible for approving the Corporation's bond sales. Additionally, all bond sales must be submitted to and approved by the City Council. All financial activities are reported within the enterprise funds of the City. Unaudited financial statements for the Corporation are available from the City of Chandler, Management Services Department, P.O. Box 4008, MS 702, Chandler, AZ 85244-4008.

#### 2. Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the Chandler Industrial Development Authority (Authority) and the Chandler Cultural Foundation (Foundation).

The Authority is responsible for the issuance of tax-exempt bonds for qualified projects approved by the Authority and the City Council. The Authority has a seven-member board of directors appointed by the City Council. The City is able to impose its will on the Authority inasmuch as the City Council must vote to ratify the actions of the Authority with regard to the issuance of bonds. The accounting records of the Authority are maintained by the City and are available from the City of Chandler, Management Services Department, P.O. Box 4008, MS 702, Chandler, AZ 85244-4008.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

The Foundation oversees the operations of the Chandler Center for the Arts for the selection and scheduling of performances, other facility use, and general policy setting activities. The City is able to significantly influence its operations. Specifically, the Foundation's budget is annually reviewed and approved by the City Council and the Foundation's nine-member Board is appointed by the City Council. Financial statements for the Foundation are available from the City of Chandler, Management Services Department, P.O. Box 4008, MS 702, Chandler, AZ 85244-4008.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) present financial information about the City as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state shared revenues, investment income, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided, and other charges. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; the exception is any interfund activity between governmental and business-type activities, such as transfers. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

**Fund Financial Statements** - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of long-term debt principal and interest due early in the following year (not to exceed one month) and, therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized. Compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, charges for services, special assessments and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Grants and similar awards received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Cash receipts received in advance of being billed have also been reported as unearned revenue on the governmental fund financial statements. Special assessments and delinquent property taxes have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Grant and similar awards received more than 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accumulates monies for the payment of principal and interest requirements of the City's tax supported general obligation bonds. Revenues for repayment are generated from secondary property taxes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City and certain county residents within the City's municipal boundaries. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Wastewater Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of wastewater services to the residents of the City and certain county residents within the City's municipal boundaries. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - Internal Service Funds are established to account for financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Fund consists of Self Insurance Funds that administer the City's self-insured property, liability, health, dental, short-term disability and workers' compensation insurance programs.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's internal service fund are interfund transfers from the general fund for property and liability insurance and charges to user departments for premiums related to health, dental, workers' compensation and short-term disability self-insurance. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are user fees and charges to customers for water, wastewater, solid waste, airport services and public housing grants. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, depreciation, claims and premiums. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first where allowable and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

#### D. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The City Council formally adopts an annual operating budget for the general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, enterprise and internal service funds, excluding the special assessment bonds debt service fund.

The level of control at which expenditures may not exceed budget is by department. Upon written request by the City Manager, the City Council has the authority to transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one department to another per City Charter requirement. The City Manager and department heads have the authority to transfer appropriations between divisions and expenditure categories within departments. Appropriations totaling \$61,519,903 were transferred from the contingency reserves within the general, special revenue, capital project and internal service funds.

All appropriations expire at the end of the fiscal year except for encumbered and capital improvements carryforward appropriations. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the future expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the related fund balance, is employed in the governmental and proprietary fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as part of restricted fund balance for governmental and proprietary funds (excluding the general fund) unless a negative fund balance is reported. If negative, encumbrances are reported as part of unassigned fund balance. Carryforwards for capital improvement projects are reported as part of assigned fund balance at year-end and encumbrances in the general fund are reported as part of unassigned fund balance. Significant encumbrances for the general fund are \$10,677,781, for water enterprise fund are \$18,016,446, for wastewater enterprise fund are \$16,212,607, and for non-major governmental funds are \$53,618,803.

The budgets are adopted on a basis differing from generally accepted accounting principles in that for budgetary purposes: (1) current year encumbrances are treated as expenditures; (2) bond proceeds for proprietary funds are considered revenue; (3) capital outlays for enterprise funds are treated as expenditures; (4) debt service principal payments are treated as expenditures for enterprise funds; (5) accrued compensated absences are not recognized as expenditures; (6) depreciation and amortization are not recognized as expenditures; (7) estimated landfill closure and post closure costs are not recognized as expenditures until incurred; (8) sales tax collected by merchants but not yet required to be remitted at the end of the fiscal year is not recorded as revenue; and (9) investments are recorded at cost.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

On June 3, 1980, the voters of Arizona approved an expenditure limitation for all local governments. This limitation restricts the growth of expenditures to a percentage determined by population and inflation, with certain expenditures excluded from the limitation. Through a Home Rule option, any city can adopt its own alternative expenditure limitation if a majority of the qualified electors vote in favor of the issue at a regular election. On August 28, 2018, the City of Chandler voters approved to continue under Home Rule for the next four years.

#### E. Pooled Cash and Investments

City Charter, Ordinance, and Trust Agreements authorize the City to invest in obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, government sponsored enterprises, government bonds with minimum credit ratings of Aa or AA, commercial paper with a minimum short-term rating of P1 or A1, negotiable certificates of deposit, corporate bonds carrying a minimum credit rating of A, repurchase agreements and the Local Government Investment Pool. The City of Chandler Municipal Property Corporation is additionally authorized to invest in banker's acceptances, U.S. Corporate obligations rated Aa3 and AA or better, full faith and credit general obligations or special revenue bonds of any state or political subdivision rated AAA and Aaa, Refcorp interest strips and money market funds.

Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are stated at cost. Money market investments and participating interest investment contracts with a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

Cash resources of the City are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. Excluded from this pool are the cash and investments of the Chandler Health Care Benefits Trust, Workers' Compensation and Employer Liability Trust, Chandler Industrial Development Authority and the Chandler Cultural Foundation. Interest earned on the pooled cash and investments is distributed each month on the basis of average monthly equity in the pool.

#### F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

The water, wastewater and solid waste enterprise funds use the direct write-off method for bad debts and therefore do not have an allowance for uncollectible accounts. All other funds' trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 90 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Amounts due from other governments include receivables from other governmental entities including, but not limited to federal, state, or county entities. At year-end the receivables included \$4,896,741 due from the federal government for grants and \$4,223,132 due from the State of Arizona for shared revenues and grants, \$43,502 due from Maricopa County for grants and \$1,365,571 due from other governmental agencies.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### G. Inventories

Inventories are stated at average cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories are recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed in the government-wide financial statements and governmental and proprietary fund financial statements, respectively.

#### H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items under the purchases method.

#### I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The City defines general government infrastructure capital assets included in capital improvement projects completed at year's end in excess of \$100,000.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed.

Estimated useful lives for capital assets were determined based on the City's historical experience and various industry standards. Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20-40
Building improvements	20
Infrastructure	12-50
Machinery and equipment	5-15
System improvements	25
Vehicles	4-7
Water rights	1-99

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position and deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate differences between estimated and actual investment earnings, changes in actuarial assumptions and other pension and OPEB related changes.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In the government-wide financial statement the City reports deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB.

#### K. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave vests with the employee as it is earned dependent on accumulated time and the individual's vacation benefits associated with their rank within the City. All employees may carryforward only the amount of vacation benefits equal to the maximum allowable earned credits for the preceding calendar year. Upon termination or retirement, an employee will be compensated for accumulated vacation leave dependent on accumulated time and the individual's vacation benefits associated with their rank within the City. Payment will be based on the individual's rate of pay at termination or retirement. Upon death, the same benefits shall be paid to the employee's beneficiary. The amount, including related benefits, for accumulated vacation leave is reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations or retirements. Generally, resources from the general fund are used to pay for compensated absences.

Sick leave benefits provided for ordinary sick pay are not vested with the employee. Upon retirement, an employee will be compensated for 50 percent of accumulated sick leave. Payment will be based on the monthly compensation paid to the employee at the time of retirement and paid into a Retirement Health Savings Plan. Upon death, the same benefits shall be paid to the employee's beneficiary.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities and proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond related items, such as premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The debt service funds are specifically established to account for and service the long-term obligations for the governmental funds and special assessment debt. Each enterprise fund individually accounts for and services the applicable bonds and lease purchase obligations which benefit these funds. Long-term obligations are recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only the portion that is expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### M. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Nonspendable, restricted and committed classifications represent "reserved" fund balances whereas assigned and unassigned classifications represent "unreserved" fund balances (see Note 9).

#### N. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions, as shown in the enterprise funds, represent federal and state grants received, subdividers' costs of installing water mains, water service connections installed at the customers' expense and transfers of equipment from governmental funds. Capital contributions are shown as an inflow of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements (see Note 8).

#### O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### P. Post-Employment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City allows for continuance of certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the City's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they are eligible to receive a retirement pension when leaving employment with the City. The cost of retiree health care and life insurance premiums is borne both by the retiree and the specific retirement plan under which they participated. There is no direct cost paid by the City.

#### Q. Statements of Cash Flows

The City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. In the statements of cash flows, cash receipts and payments are classified according to whether they stem from operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing or investing activities.

#### R. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

#### S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, concluded

#### T. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 84 Fiduciary Activities and No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 and early implemented the provision of Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 90 improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of the financial statement information for certain component units. GASB 98 established the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR* and replaces *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym.

#### NOTE 2 - Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except for the Chandler Industrial Development Authority, the Chandler Cultural Foundation and the Chandler Health Care Benefits Trust. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments. Pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value with accrued interest shown separately. Restricted cash and investments are amounts held separately by trustees and amounts segregated due to their source and future intent. In addition, the Industrial Development Authority, the Chandler Cultural Foundation, the Chandler Health Care Benefits Trust and the Chandler Workers' Compensation Employer Liability Trust separately hold investments.

#### **Deposits**

At year-end, cash on hand was \$46,865, the carrying amount of the City deposits was \$31,267,782, and the bank balance was \$37,085,141. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$36,835,141 was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the City's name. In addition, at June 30, 2021, the City had \$76,322,643 of restricted cash held by paying agent consisting of \$49,659,730 in July 1, 2021 debt service payments, \$14,743,727 in unspent bond proceeds from the 2017 and 2019 Excise Tax Revenue Obligation issuances, and \$11,919,186 from the 2017 and 2019 General Obligation Bond issuances. The cash held by paying agent is in money market funds invested primarily in short-term U.S. Treasury securities.

Fair Value Measurements. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

### NOTE 2 - Cash and Investments, continued

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investm	nent Maturities (i	n Years)		
					Concentration	S&P/Moody/
Investment Type	Category	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	of Credit Risk %	Fitch Credit Rating
U.S. Treasuries	Level 1	\$308,771,593	\$ 40,864,941	\$267,906,652	44.37 %	
U.S. Agencies:						
Fannie Mae	Level 2	56,224,596	_	56,224,596	8.08	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Federal Farm Credit Banks	Level 2	13,159,907	_	13,159,907	1.89	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank	Level 2	9,645,742	_	9,645,742	1.39	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Freddie Mac	Level 2	81,933,956	_	81,933,956	11.77	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Commercial Paper:		_				
Albion Cap Corp/LLC	Level 2	5,028,637	5,028,637	_	0.72	A-1/P-1
Corporate Bonds:						
Adobe Inc Corp	Level 2	715,245	_	715,245	0.10	A/A2
Amazon.com Inc Corp	Level 2	4,239,458	_	4,239,458	0.61	AA/A1
American Honda Finance Corp	Level 2	2,091,364	229,216	1,862,148	0.30	A-/A3
Apple Inc Corp	Level 2	7,895,920	3,116,795	4,779,125	1.13	AA+/Aa1/NA
Bank of America Corp	Level 2	6,438,245	_	6,438,245	0.92	A-/A2/AA-
Bank of New York Mellon Corp	Level 2	8,365,156	_	8,365,156	1.20	A/A1/AA-
Caterpillar Finl Service	Level 2	4,795,432	1,510,422	3,285,010	0.69	A/A2/A
Charles Schwab Corp	Level 2	3,720,931	_	3,720,931	0.53	A/A2/A
Exxon Mobil Corp	Level 2	4,233,788	_	4,233,788	0.61	AA-/Aa2/NA
Hershey Company	Level 2	263,258	_	263,258	0.04	A/A1
John Deere Capital	Level 2	4,671,829	1,016,994	3,654,835	0.67	A/A2/A
JPMorgan Chase Bank	Level 2	8,164,019	_	8,164,019	1.17	A-/A2/AA-
Mastercard Inc Corp	Level 2	3,295,842	_	3,295,842	0.47	A+/A1
Metropolitan Life Global Funding I	Level 2	4,531,082	_	4,531,082	0.65	AA-/Aa3/AA-
National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corp	Level 2	2,988,510	_	2,988,510	0.43	A-/A2/A
New York Life Global Funding	Level 2	4,437,567	_	4,437,567	0.64	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Northern Trust Corp	Level 2	2,660,289	_	2,660,289	0.38	A+/A2/A+
Paccar Financial Corp	Level 2	3,369,597	3,369,597	· · · —	0.48	A+/A1/NA
PNC Bank Na	Level 2	1,476,237	_	1,476,237	0.21	A/A2/A+
Toyota Motor Credit Corp	Level 2	2,156,917	_	2,156,917	0.31	A+/A1
Truist Financial Corp	Level 2	5,147,125	_	5,147,125	0.74	A-/A3/A
Unilever Capital Corp	Level 2	295,102	_	295,102	0.04	A+/A1
United Parcel Service	Level 2	2,711,606	2,711,606	_	0.39	A-/A2
US Bank Na	Level 2	4,283,904	_	4,283,904	0.62	A+/A1/A+
US Bankcorp	Level 2	3,131,445	3,131,445	_	0.45	A+/A1
Wal Mart Stores Inc	Level 2	2,256,501	_	2,256,501	0.32	AA/Aa2
Walt Disney Company	Level 2	172,556	_	172,556	0.02	BBB+/A2
Municipal Bonds:						
AZ Tran Board TXBL REV Bonds	Level 2	1,584,898	_	1,584,898	0.23	AA+/Aa1
Scottsdale, AZ TXBL GO Bonds	Level 2	1,631,823	_	1,631,823	0.23	AAA/Aaa

NOTE 2 - Cash and Investments, continued

		Investm	ent Maturities (i	n Years)		
Investment Type	Category	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	Concentration of Credit Risk %	S&P/Moody/ Fitch Credit Rating
Asset Backed:						
Allya 2019-3 A3	Level 2	2,097,050	_	2,097,050	0.30	AAA/Aaa/NA
Amxca 2019-2 A	Level 2	2,019,326	2,019,326	_	0.29	NA/Aaa/AAA
Bmwot 2019-A A3	Level 2	2,523,078	_	2,523,078	0.36	AAA/NA/AAA
Carmx 2019-2 A3	Level 2	676,194	_	676,194	0.10	AAA/NR
Carmx 2020-1 A3	Level 2	871,824	_	871,824	0.13	AAA/NR
Carmx 2021-1 A3	Level 2	484,423	_	484,423	0.07	AAA/NR
Carmx 2021-2 A3	Level 2	996,317	_	996,317	0.14	AAA/NR
CNH2001-A A3	Level 2	834,328	_	834,328	0.12	AAA/NR
Comet 2019-2 A	Level 2	2,034,430	_	2,034,430	0.29	AAA/NA/AAA
Copar 2019-1 A3	Level 2	2,608,974	_	2,608,974	0.37	AAA/Aaa/AAA
Fordo 2019-A A3	Level 2	1,781,539	_	1,781,539	0.26	NA/Aaa/AAA
Harot 2019-1 A3	Level 2	364,255	_	364,255	0.05	AAA/NR
Harot 2019-2 A3	Level 2	960,757	_	960,757	0.14	NR/Aaa
Harot 2021-1 A3	Level 2	829,227	_	829,227	0.12	NR/Aaa
Hart 2018-A A3	Level 2	3,149	_	3,149	_	AAA/Aaa
Hart 2020-A A3	Level 2	5,072,097	_	5,072,097	0.73	AAA/NA/AAA
Hart 2021-A A3	Level 2	639,829	_	639,829	0.09	AAA/NR
Hyundai Auto Receivables trust	Level 2	579,285	_	579,285	0.08	AAA/NR
Mbart 2018-1 A3	Level 2	478,295	_	478,295	0.07	AAA/Aaa/NA
Narot 2018-B A3	Level 2	398,921	_	398,921	0.06	AAA/Aaa
Narot 2019-A A3	Level 2	936,480	_	936,480	0.13	NR/Aaa
Narot 2019-B A3	Level 2	1,073,232	_	1,073,232	0.15	NR/Aaa
Narot 2021-A A3	Level 2	5,493,963	_	5,493,963	0.79	AAA/Aaa/NA
Sdart 2021-2 A3	Level 2	3,249,580	_	3,249,580	0.47	NA/Aaa/AAA
Taot 2020-A A3	Level 2	1,808,964	_	1,808,964	0.26	AAA/Aaa
Taot 2020-C A3	Level 2	1,503,692	_	1,503,692	0.22	AAA/Aaa/NA
Taot 2021-A A3	Level 2	2,298,181	_	2,298,181	0.33	NA/Aaa/AAA
Woart 2019-B A3	Level 2	3,673,077	_	3,673,077	0.53	AAA/NA/AAA
Money Market - Certificates of Deposit	Level 2	18,300,664	3,649,819	14,650,845	2.63	A-1/P-1
Money Market Fund	Level 1	55,019,398	55,019,398	_	7.90	AAAm/NR
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	153,275	153,275	_	0.02	AAA/Aaa/AAA
Total		\$696,253,881	\$121,821,471	\$574,432,410	100.00 %	

Investment Valuation Techniques. U.S. treasuries, agencies, money market, and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities. Governmental bonds, corporate bonds, other fixed income instruments, and international bonds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued based on significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatility, prepayment speeds, loss severity, credit risks and default rates) or other market corroborated inputs.

*Interest Rate Risk*. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturities of its investment portfolio to five years.

#### NOTE 2 - Cash and Investments, concluded

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy allows for investments in obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, government sponsored enterprises, government bonds with minimum credit ratings of AA+ or Aaa, commercial paper with a minimum short-term rating of A-1 or P-1, negotiable certificates of deposit, corporate bonds carrying a minimum credit rating of A-, repurchase agreements and the Local Government Investment Pool. The City's investment in U.S. Agencies, Corporate Bonds and Money Market Funds were rated no lower than AAA, BBB+ and AAAm by Standard & Poor's, respectively, as of June 30, 2021.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the City's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the City's agent separate from where the investment was purchased or by the trust department of the bank where purchased, in the City's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the City's total investments. Securities issued by the United States of America or its agencies are exempt from this provision. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in U.S. Agencies, U.S. Treasuries and Money Market Funds. See percentages in table on preceding pages.

#### **NOTE 3 - Property Taxes**

The City's property tax is levied and collected by the Maricopa County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied on or before the third Monday in August. The levy is based upon the January 1 limited property tax value of property as determined by the Maricopa County Assessor. Under Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.), two assessed valuations are used. One is for primary taxes (used to fund operating expenditures) and the other is for secondary taxes (used to meet general obligation debt service requirements). Taxes are due in two equal installments on October 1 and March 1 following the levy date and are delinquent on the first day of November and May, respectively. Delinquent amounts bear interest at the rate of 16 percent.

The City also levies various personal property taxes during the year, which are due the second Monday of the month following receipt of the tax notice, and become delinquent 30 days thereafter.

Pursuant to A.R.S. a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

The State Constitution and State law specify a property tax levy limitation system. The system consists of two levies, a limited levy known as the primary property tax levy and an unlimited levy referred to as the secondary levy, which may only be used to retire bonded indebtedness. There is also a control on the assessed value of property for primary tax purposes. The base year for the tax system is fiscal year 1979-80. From this base year, two assessed values evolve. The primary assessed values are allowed to increase by no more than 5 percent a year. The dollar amount of the secondary property tax levy is "unlimited" and the actual limited property value of property is used in determining the tax rate.

#### NOTE 3 - Property Taxes, concluded

The primary tax levy is limited to an increase of 2 percent over the previous year's maximum allowable primary levy, plus an increased dollar amount because of a net gain in property not taxed the previous year. Also, the primary property tax from all taxing jurisdictions for homeowners may not exceed 1 percent of the market value of their homes. If the combined primary property tax (for the City, County, School District, etc.) exceeds 1 percent of the market value of the homes, the school districts will reduce their rate until the homeowners' aggregate rate is equal to or less than the allowable 1 percent. The State will then subsidize the school districts for the reduced revenue. This 1 percent limitation applies to primary property taxes only and does not affect the secondary property tax levy.

In fiscal year 2020-21, current property tax collections were \$36,040,967 or 99 percent of the tax levy, and were recognized as revenue when received. At fiscal year end, the delinquent property tax expected to be collected within 60 days is recognized as revenue and recorded as a receivable. Property taxes levied in August 2021 are not available for fiscal year 2020-21; accordingly, such taxes will not be recognized as revenue until fiscal year 2021-22.

#### NOTE 4 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities is as follows:

		Balance						Balance		
Governmental Activities	J	une 30, 2020	0, 2020 Additions			Retirements		Retirements J		une 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	92,528,517	\$	_	\$	_	\$	92,528,517		
Construction in progress		113,530,548		36,018,096		(43,538,657)		106,009,987		
Total capital assets not being depreciated		206,059,065		36,018,096		(43,538,657)		198,538,504		
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Infrastructure		743,147,645		32,799,025		_		775,946,670		
Building and improvements		410,009,123		5,427,208		_		415,436,331		
Machinery and equipment		96,956,739		10,075,340		(5,956,668)		101,075,411		
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,250,113,507		48,301,573		(5,956,668)		1,292,458,412		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure		(406,838,819)		(27,591,284)		_		(434,430,103)		
Building and improvements		(220,031,093)		(18,630,491)		_		(238,661,584)		
Machinery and equipment		(73,624,049)		(7,882,295)		5,746,432		(75,759,912)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(700,493,961)		(54,104,070)		5,746,432		(748,851,599)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		549,619,546		(5,802,497)		(210,236)		543,606,813		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	755,678,611	\$	30,215,599	\$	(43,748,893)	\$	742,145,317		

#### NOTE 4 - Capital Assets, continued

Construction in progress in the governmental activities capital assets is comprised of the following:

	E	Expended to		Remaining
	Jı	une 30, 2021	C	ommitments
Streets	\$	43,178,596	\$	18,110,647
Parks and recreation		8,837,804		1,679,519
Buildings and related improvements		53,993,587		10,482,847
Total	\$	106,009,987	\$	30,273,013

A summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities is as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
Business-Type Activities	J	une 30, 2020		Additions	itions Retirement		Retirements June		une 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				_		_			
Land	\$	51,669,315	\$	5,520,416	\$	_	\$	57,189,731	
Construction in progress		57,565,710		13,616,690		(53,158,699)		18,023,701	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	109,235,025	_	19,137,106	_	(53,158,699)		75,213,432	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
System improvements		1,389,863,970		11,206,434		_		1,401,070,404	
Building and improvements		26,345,403		93,136		_		26,438,539	
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		20,224,800		346,217		(83,290)		20,487,727	
Water rights		_		42,860,250		_		42,860,250	
Land improvements		2,495,534		172,703		_		2,668,237	
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	1,438,929,707		54,678,740	_	(83,290)		1,493,525,157	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
System improvements		(723,937,013)		(46,221,465)		_		(770,158,478)	
Buildings and improvements		(17,414,402)		(974,292)		_		(18,388,694)	
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		(17,006,718)		(1,000,979)		61,290		(17,946,407)	
Water rights		_		(214,301)		_		(214,301)	
Land improvements		(2,296,682)		(54,468)		_		(2,351,150)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(760,654,815)		(48,465,505)		61,290		(809,059,030)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		678,274,892		6,213,235		(22,000)		684,466,127	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	787,509,917	\$	25,350,341	\$	(53,180,699)	\$	759,679,559	

#### NOTE 4 - Capital Assets, concluded

Construction in progress in the business-type activities capital assets is comprised of the following:

	E	xpended to		Remaining
		2021		
6	Jur	ne 30,	Co	mmitments
Sewer system improvements	\$	7,863,976	\$	15,384,893
Water system improvements		9,72303,20193		
Solid waste system improvements		214,420		64,543
Airport improvements Total	\$		\$	28, <del>3</del> 1598,5596
		18,023,701		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 8,397,075
Public safety	7,272,663
Community services	10,491,842
Transportation and development	27,942,490
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 54,104,070
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 17,095,915
Wastewater	29,089,066
Solid waste	611,341
Airport	1,071,710
Chandler housing authority	
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 597,473 48,465,505

Projects are reported as construction in progress when initially identified. Throughout the life of the project, it may be determined that the project does not meet the requirements for capitalization. Once a project is determined to not meet the requirements for capitalization it is removed from construction in progress. As a result, deletions and transfers out from construction in progress may be more than what is reported as additions and transfers in to depreciable capital assets.

#### NOTE 5 - Long-Term Liabilities

#### A. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. Bonds issued for business-type activities are reported in the enterprise funds as they are to be repaid from enterprise revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund other general obligation bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds are generally issued as 10 to 15 year serial bonds, except for refunding issues, with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. The City has pledged future ad valorem tax revenues and net enterprise revenues to repay a total of \$321,869,128 in outstanding general obligation bonds and are payable through July 1, 2035. Proceeds of the bonds were used for governmental and business-type activities.

#### **Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds**

Annual principal and interest payments on the government activities bonds were approximately 79 percent of total ad valorem taxes. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the governmental activities portion of the bonds is \$231,642,858. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total ad valorem property taxes were \$28,943,382 and \$36,409,345 respectively.

General obligation bonds outstanding as reported in governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds:	C	Outstanding
	Jι	ine 30, 2021
\$214,540,000 Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, due in annual installments of \$10,370,000 to \$16,210,000 through 7/1/28; interest at 3 percent to 5 percent.	\$	96,099,000
\$39,050,000 Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual installments of \$4,980,000 to \$15,465,000 beginning 7/1/25 through 7/1/27; interest at 3 percent to 5 percent.		25,500,000
\$58,740,000 Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2017, due in annual installments of \$3,075,000 to \$4,160,000 through 7/1/32; interest at 2.3 percent to 4 percent.		43,165,000
\$30,400,000 Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2019, due in annual installments of \$1,000,000 to \$2,325,000 through 7/1/35; interest at 2.3 percent to 4 percent.		30,400,000
Total Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds	\$	195,164,000

#### NOTE 5 - Long-Term Liabilities, continued

#### **Business-Type Activity General Obligation Bonds**

Annual principal and interest payments on the business-type activities bonds were approximately 21 percent of net water and wastewater system revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the business-type activities portion of the general obligation bonds is \$90,226,270. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net water system, wastewater system revenues were \$12,764,575 and \$59,876,984 respectively.

Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds:	Outstanding June 30, 2021	
\$214,540,000 Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, due in annual installments of \$6,895,000 to \$11,036,000 through 7/1/28; interest at 3 percent to 5 percent.	\$	63,386,000
\$39,050,000 Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, due in annual installments of \$2,395,000 to \$8,650,000 beginning 7/1/25 through 7/1/27; interest at 3 percent to 5 percent.		13,550,000
Total Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds	\$	76,936,000

#### **B.** Excise Tax Revenue Obligations

Excise tax revenue obligations are issued to provide funds to acquire and construct certain improvements to the water and sewer systems of the City and to pay the costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the obligations. The City has collateralized the obligations by the pledge of all unrestricted excise taxes (transaction privilege tax, franchise fees, state-shared sales and income taxes and fees for licenses and permits) including all fines and forfeitures, which the City presently or in the future imposes or receives from other entities and which are not earmarked by the contributor for a contrary or inconsistent purpose.

The City agrees that, so long as any of the obligations remain outstanding and their principal and interest are unpaid, it will not further encumber the excise taxes unless the excise taxes received by the City in the immediately preceding fiscal year are at least three times the highest combined debt service for the current or any succeeding fiscal year for all outstanding parity obligations, including the additional parity obligations proposed be secured by a pledge of the same excise taxes. The City does have the right to incur additional parity obligations payable from and secured by the excise taxes on parity with the obligations.

Annual principal and interest payments on the obligations are being repaid from net water and wastewater system revenues and were less than 31% percent of net system revenues. The total principal and interest to be paid on the obligations is \$287,436,188. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net water and wastewater system revenues were \$18,599,151 and \$60,098,730 respectively. Total excise tax revenues during the fiscal year were \$251,546,983. Principal and interest payments were approximately 7 percent of total excise tax revenues.

### NOTE 5 - Long-Term Liabilities, continued

	(	Outstanding
Business-Type Activities Excise Tax Revenue Obligations:	_Jι	une 30, 2021
\$15,000,000 Water & Sewer Excise Tax Revenue Obligations, Series 2011, due in annual installments of \$835,000 to \$905,000 through 7/1/22; interest at 3 percent to 4 percent.	\$	1,775,000
\$104,500,000 Water & Sewer Excise Tax Revenue Obligations, Series 2013, due in annual installments of \$3,100,000 to \$12,000,000 through 7/1/33; interest at 4 percent to 5 percent.		94,300,000
\$66,660,000 Water & Sewer Excise Tax Revenue Obligations, Series 2015, due in annual installments of \$2,635,000 to \$5,620,000 through 7/1/35; interest at 3 percent to 5 percent.		58,610,000
\$19,510,000 Water & Sewer Excise Tax Revenue Refunding Obligations, Series 2016, due in annual installments of \$1,180,000 to \$3,050,000 7/1/20 through 7/1/28; interest at 4 percent to 5 percent.		18,330,000
\$36,220,000 Water & Sewer Excise Tax Revenue Obligations, Series 2017, due in annual installments of \$775,000 to \$4,045,000 through 7/1/37; interest at 3 percent to 5 percent.		34,445,000
\$13,000,000 Water & Sewer Excise Tax Revenue Obligations, Series 2019, due in annual installments of \$1,270,000 to \$1,765,000 through 7/1/28; interest at 5 percent.		12,320,000
Total Business-Type Activities Excise Tax Revenue Obligations	\$	219,780,000

### C. Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental Commitment

As trustee for improvement districts, the City is responsible for collection of assessments levied against the owners of property within the improvement districts and for disbursement of these amounts for retirement of the respective bonds issued to finance the improvements. At June 30, 2021, the special assessments receivable, together with amounts paid in advance and interest to be received over the life of the assessment period, are adequate for the scheduled maturities of the bonds payable and related interest. Special assessment bonds are collateralized by properties within the districts. In the event of default by the property owner, the City may enforce an auction sale to satisfy the debt service requirements of the bonds. The City is contingently liable on special assessment bonds to the extent that proceeds from auction sales are insufficient to retire outstanding bonds.

Special assessment bonds payable with governmental commitment outstanding as reported in governmental activities at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	O	utstanding
Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental Commitment:	Jur	ne 30, 2021
\$7,370,000 Spectrum Improvement District Bonds, due in annual installments of \$585,000 to \$635,000 through 1/1/23; interest at 4 percent.	\$	1,245,000
Total Special Assessment Bonds with Governmental Commitment	\$	1,245,000

# NOTE 5 - Long-Term Liabilities, continued

### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Governmental Activities:	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 13,811,004	\$ 1,727,342	\$ (1,858,844)	\$ 13,679,502	\$ 2,482,184
Bonds payable:	245 020 000		(20.775.000)	405.464.000	40 205 000
General obligation bonds	215,939,000	_	(20,775,000)		19,395,000
Special assessment bonds	1,830,000	_	(585,000)		610,000
Issuance premiums	19,789,672		(2,240,684)		2,240,684
Total bonds payable	237,558,672	_	(23,600,684)	213,957,988	22,245,684
Claims payable (as restated)	13,643,256	32,993,787	(27,751,181)		12,183,920
Net pension liability	275,257,904	18,723,470	_	293,981,374	_
OPEB liability	47,361,614	8,743,647	_	56,105,261	_
Totals	\$ 587,632,450	\$ 62,188,246	\$ (53,210,709)	\$ 596,609,987	\$ 36,911,788
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
Business-Type Activities:	June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2021	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 1,388,807	\$ 211,401	\$ (191,432)	\$ 1,408,776	\$ 255,626
Bonds & obligations payable:					
General obligation bonds	86,261,000	_	(9,325,000)	76,936,000	9,525,000
Revenue bonds	2,340,000	_	(2,340,000)	_	_
Excise tax revenue obligations	228,985,000	_	(9,205,000)	219,780,000	10,630,000
Issuance premiums	25,623,807	_	(2,663,431)	22,960,376	2,663,437
Total bonds & obligations					
payable	343,209,807	_	(23,533,431)	319,676,376	22,818,437
Net pension liability	18,637,376	3,601,126	_	22,238,502	_
OPEB liability	5,751,113	1,147,609	_	6,898,722	_
Landfill closure/post closure	4,340,000	_	_	4,340,000	94,446
Totals	\$ 373,327,103	\$ 4,960,136	\$ (23,724,863)	\$ 354,562,376	\$ 23,168,509

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note 1. The long-term portion of this debt is expected to be paid in future years from future resources. Compensated absences for governmental activities have been liquidated primarily by the general fund.

### **Statutory Debt Limitation**

In the absence of more restrictive bond authorization ballot limitations, the City is subject to state limitations on the amount of net bonded debt (exclusive of revenue bonds, excise tax revenue obligations, and improvement district bonds) it may have outstanding. The statutory debt limitation is 20 percent of the full cash property assessed valuation for purposes of water, wastewater, artificial light, acquisition and development of land for open space preserves, recreation facilities, public safety and emergency services, streets and transportation and 6 percent of the full cash property assessed valuation for all other purposes (e.g., library, museum, center for the arts). At June 30, 2021, the 6 percent debt limitation was \$280,953,536, providing a debt margin of \$274,194,030 and the 20 percent debt limitation was \$936,511,789, providing a debt margin of \$659,438,047.

### NOTE 5 - Long-Term Liabilities, continued

#### **Bond Covenants**

Pursuant to certain bond indenture agreements, the City is obligated to various limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance and flow of monies through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and minimum revenue bond coverages. The City is in compliance with all such significant limitations and restrictions in the opinion of City's management.

### **Arbitrage**

Arbitrage is the ability to obtain tax-exempt bond proceeds and invest the funds in higher yielding taxable securities, resulting in a profit. The City monitors compliance with federal arbitrage regulations. Arbitrage liability as of June 30, 2021 is \$0.

### **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

The following is a summary of debt service requirements to maturity for all bonds payable as of June 30, 2021:

		(	GOVERNMENT	ΓAL	ACTIVITIES			
Years	General		General	In	nprovement	In	nprovement	
Ended	Obligation		Obligation		Districts		Districts	
June 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Total
2022	\$ 19,395,000	\$	7,370,030	\$	610,000	\$	49,800	\$ 27,424,830
2023	20,060,000		6,598,475		635,000		25,400	27,318,875
2024	20,860,000		5,702,900		_		_	26,562,900
2025	21,610,000		4,695,275		_		_	26,305,275
2026	20,820,000		3,790,525		_		_	24,610,525
2027-2031	73,934,000		7,465,438		_		_	81,399,438
2032-2036	18,485,000		856,215					19,341,215
Total	\$ 195,164,000	\$	36,478,858	\$	1,245,000	\$	75,200	\$ 232,963,058

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Liabilities, concluded

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Years		General		General						
Ended		Obligation	Obligation			Excise Tax		Excise Tax		Total
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	_	TOLAI
2022	\$	9,525,000	\$	3,120,630	\$	10,630,000	\$	8,878,476	\$	32,154,106
2023		9,650,000		2,748,560		11,375,000		8,353,925		32,127,485
2024		9,555,000		2,316,685		11,940,000		7,781,975		31,593,660
2025		9,475,000		1,840,935		12,865,000		7,161,850		31,342,785
2026		9,290,000		1,430,235		13,515,000		6,502,350		30,737,585
2027-2031		29,441,000		1,833,225		78,505,000		22,609,375		132,388,600
2032-2036		_		_		75,110,000		6,184,487		81,294,487
2037-2041						5,840,000		183,750		6,023,750
Total	\$	76,936,000	\$	13,290,270	\$	219,780,000	\$	67,656,188	\$	377,662,458

### **NOTE 6 - Defeased Debt**

#### **Prior Year Defeasance**

In prior years, the City defeased certain excise tax revenue obligations by placing the proceeds of new bonds and obligations in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds or obligations. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds and obligations are not included in the City's financial statements.

Bonds and obligations that have been advance refunded (defeased) as of June 30, 2021:

Refunded Debt Outstanding	Amount		
Excise Tax Revenue Obligations, Series 2011 (Final Redemption 7/1/21)	\$ 6,450,000		

### NOTE 7 - Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to landfill activities through its closure date (October 1, 2005), an expense provision and related liability has been recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs to be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. As of June 30, 2021, the City estimates total costs related to landfill closure and postclosure care is \$16,333,635 and has recognized that entire amount since the landfill no longer accepts waste. To date, \$11,993,635 has been paid. The remaining balance of \$4,340,000 consists of a current liability of \$94,446 and \$4,245,554 recorded as a long-term liability on the City's financial statements.

### NOTE 7 - Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs, concluded

The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure, \$16,333,635, is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to care, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2021. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may differ due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations. The City is required by state and federal regulations to comply with local government financial test requirements that assure the City can meet the costs of landfill closure, postclosure care and, if necessary, corrective action when needed. The City complied with all local government financial test requirements for the year ended June 30, 2020. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on investments. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs and any additional costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements, i.e., due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, may need to be covered by additional charges to future taxpayers.

#### **NOTE 8 - Capital Contributions**

Capital contributions in the Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Airport, and Non-Major Governmental funds are the result of system development fees, developer contributions and government contributions. Total capital contributions amounted to the following:

	D	System evelopment Fees	Developer Contributions		•			Total
Water	\$	5,160,606	\$	595,244	\$	_	\$	5,755,850
Wastewater		7,146,259		1,453,764		_		8,600,023
Airport				<u> </u>		91,512		91,512
Total	\$	12,306,865	\$	2,049,008	\$	91,512	\$	14,447,385

### **NOTE 9 - Fund Equity**

In the fund financial statements, fund balances are reported in five classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used for better consistency and clarification. The classifications of fund balance are explained below:

**Nonspendable** fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because either 1) it is not in a spendable form, such as inventory or prepaid items or 2) it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** fund balance includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers which are either imposed 1) by external parties (grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), 2) by law through constitutional provisions or 3) by enabling legislation legally enforceable by external parties.

**Committed** fund balance includes amounts with self-imposed limitations to be used only for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints by formal action of the highest level of decision making authority, namely Mayor and Council. Mayor and Council approval is required to commit resources and amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Mayor and Council take the same formal action to remove or change the commitment.

#### NOTE 9 - Fund Equity, continued

**Assigned** fund balance includes amounts intended to be used for a specific purpose. For the general fund, the assigned fund balance must be for a specific purpose and for all other governmental funds the assigned fund balance represents the residual balance of the fund. Fund balance assignments are approved through the Annual Budget Fund Policies section by Mayor and Council. Unlike committed fund balances, assigned fund balance amounts can be changed without formal action by the City Manager.

**Unassigned** fund balance includes amounts available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund. In addition, other governmental funds that result in a negative fund balance are presented in this classification. Generally, the City would first apply restricted resources, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which more than one classification of fund balance is available.

As of June 30, 2021 the constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and other non-major governmental funds are presented in the following table:

NOTE 9 Tuna Equity, concluded	General		General Obligation Bonds Debt Service		Other Governmental			Total
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	1,045,705	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,045,705
Prepaid items		5,933						5,933
Total nonspendable		1,051,638		_		_		1,051,638
Restricted for:								
Court enhancement		754,513		_		_		754,513
Judicial enhancement		487,896		_		_		487,896
Weapons proceeds		178,742		_		_		178,742
Citing agency		33,389		_		_		33,389
Smart and Safe AZ		256,702		_		_		256,702
Transportation and development		_		_		122,816,807		122,816,807
Debt service reserve		_		5,758,393		39,664		5,798,057
Community development		_		_		686,088		686,088
Community services		_		_		43,801,030		43,801,030
Other capital projects		_		_		14,657,494		14,657,494
Total restricted		1,711,242		5,758,393		182,001,083		189,470,718
Assigned to:								
Domestic violence prevention		31,265		_		_		31,265
Self-insurance purposes		1,396,555		_		_		1,396,555
Traffic safety reserve		181,495		_		_		181,495
PSPRS contribution		27,500,000		_		_		27,500,000
Capital improvement projects		104,237,344		_		_		104,237,344
Economic development projects		5,552,400		_		_		5,552,400
ARPA related projects		4,864,526						4,864,526
Total assigned		143,763,585		_		_		143,763,585
Unassigned		96,065,934				(7,226,577)		88,839,357
Total unassigned		96,065,934				(7,226,577)		88,839,357
Total fund balances	\$ :	242,592,399	\$	5,758,393	\$	174,774,506	\$	423,125,298

The City's General Fund Reserve Policy requires an amount equal to 15 percent of adopted General Fund operating revenues, excluding one-time transfers in, for fiscal year 2020-21. This amounts to \$38,826,300 and is included in unassigned above.

#### **NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans**

The City of Chandler contributes to the pension plans described below. The City of Chandler also contributes to the Elected Officials Retirement Plan and Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plans; however the plans are not described below because of its relative insignificance to the financial statements. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2021, the City of Chandler reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes.

			Pei	nsions Plans		
	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	usiness-type Activities		Total
Net pension liability	\$	293,981,374	\$	22,238,502	\$	316,219,876
Pension deferred outflows of resources		94,539,170		4,163,399		98,702,569
Pension deferred inflows of resources		5,233,543		422,807		5,656,350
Pension expense		32,857,654		8,214,414		41,072,068
			C	PEB Plans		
	G	overnmental	Business-type			
	_	Activities		Activities	_	Total
Net OPEB liability	\$	56,105,261	\$	6,898,722	\$	63,003,983
						11 605 060
OPEB deferred outflows of resources		10,282,244		1,323,724		11,605,968
OPEB deferred inflows of resources		10,282,244 11,434,127		1,323,724 1,378,227		12,812,354

The City of Chandler reported \$43,087,452 and \$1,853,451 of pension expenditures in its governmental and enterprise funds, respectively, related to all pension plans to which it contributed in the current fiscal year.

#### **Arizona State Retirement System**

#### A. Plan Description

The City of Chandler employees not covered by the other pension plans described after this section participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. For governmental activities OPEB and pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

#### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Patirement Initial Membership Date:

months

2.1% to 2.3%

	Retirement initial Membership Date.						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011					
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55					
required to receive benefit	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60					
	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62					
	Any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*					
		Any years, age 65					
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120	Highest 60 months of last 120					

Benefit percent per year of 2.1% to 2.3% service

months

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a members' death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

#### C. Contributions

In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent (12.04 percent for retirement and 0.18 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the City of Chandler was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.22 percent (11.65 percent for retirement, 0.39 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.18 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, the City of Chandler was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.21 percent of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the ASRS.

The required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was actuarially determined to yield contribution amounts sufficient to finance costs earned by employees during the year and to amortize the Plan's unfunded actuarially accrued liability over the period specified in the statutes. The City of Chandler's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021, were \$9,267,255. The City of Chandler's pension contributions are paid by the same funds as the employee's salary, with the largest component coming from the general fund.

<sup>\*</sup>With actuarially reduced benefits

#### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

# **D.** Pension Liability

At June 30, 2021, the City of Chandler reported a liability of \$122,547,011 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the ASRS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The City of Chandler's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City of Chandler's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the City of Chandler's proportion was 0.71 percent, which was a decrease of 0.01 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

### E. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Chandler recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$9,510,959 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,108,650	\$	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		11,819,803		_
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		3,178,431
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		9,267,255		
Total	\$	22,195,708	\$	3,178,431

The deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$(1,274,403)
2022	3,093,273
2023	4,275,349
2024	3 655 803

#### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

### F. Actuarial Assumptions

The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total ASRS pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7 - 7.2%
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent base increases	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2016. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation. The study did not include an analysis of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 5.48 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class of the ASRS are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	50%	6.39%
Fixed Income - Credit	20%	5.44%
Fixed Income - Interest Rate Sensitive	10%	0.22%
Real estate	20%	5.85%
Total	100%	

#### **G.** Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 7.5 percent, which was not changed from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

# H. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City of Chandler's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)	
City of Chandler's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability	\$ 167,581,375	\$122,547,011	\$84,900,596	

#### I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

### **Public Safety Personnel Retirement System**

### A. Plan Description

City of Chandler public safety employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan. For governmental activities OPEB and pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund. A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes their financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Certain retirement and disability benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation and service credit as follows. See the publicly available PSPRS financial report for additional benefits information.

	Retirement Initial Membership Date:							
	Before January 1, 2012	On or After January 1, 2012	On or After July 1, 2017					
Years of service and age	20 years, any age	15 years and age 52.5	15 years and age 55					
required to receive benefit	15 years age 62							
Final average salary is	Highest 36 months of	Highest 60 months of last	Highest 60 months of					
based on	last 20 years	20 years	last 15 years					
Normal retirement	50% less 4.0% for each year	1.5% to 2.5% per year of	1.5% to 2.5% per year of					
	of credited service less than	credited service, not to	credited service, not to					
	20 years or plus 2.0% to	exceed 80%	exceed 80%					
	2.5% for each year of							
	credited service over 20							
	years, not to exceed 80%							
Accidental disability retirement	50% or n	ormal retirement, whichever is	greater					
Survivor benefit:								
Retired members	80% of retired member's pension benefit							
Active members	80% to 100% of accide	ntal disability retirement bene	fit or 100% of average					
	monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job							

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. The PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

### C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plan's benefit terms:

	PSPRS - Police	PSPRS - Fire
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	188	 75
Inactive employees entitled to but not		
yet receiving benefits	57	34
Active employees	277	180
Total	522	289

#### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

#### D. Contributions

State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the cost of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2021, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS - Police	PSPRS - Fire
Active members - pension		
Tier 1	7.65 %	7.65 %
Tier 2	7.65 %	7.65 %
Tier 3 DB	10.12 %	10.76 %
Tier 3 DC	10.41 %	10.41 %
Employer rates - pension		
Tier 1	49.12 %	43.84 %
Tier 2	49.12 %	43.84 %
Tier 3 DB	44.22 %	38.25 %
Tier 3 DC	44.51 %	37.90 %

In addition, the City of Chandler was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 34.10 percent for police and 27.49 percent for fire for the PSPRS of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the PSPRS.

For the agent plans, the contributions to the pension plan for the year ended were:

	PS	SPRS - Police	PSPRS - Fire		
Pension:					
Contributions made	\$	22,619,456	\$	13,054,192	

#### E. Pension Liability

At June 30, 2021, the City of Chandler reported \$128,231,920 in net pension liability for police and \$65,440,945 in net pension liability for fire. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020, reflects changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for a court ruling for funding permanent benefit increases and a decrease in the wage growth assumption.

### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

### F. Actuarial Assumptions

The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

June 30, 2020
Entry age normal
7.3%
7.0%
2.5%
3.5%
3.5% - 7.5%
1.75%
PubS-2010 tables

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.30 percent for Tiers 1 and 2 and 7.0 percent for Tier 3 using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Core Bonds	2%	0.22%
International Public Equity	15%	6.09%
Other Assets (Capital Appreciation)	7%	5.61%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.6%
Diversifying Strategies	12%	3.22%
Global Private Equity	18%	8.42%
Private Credit	22%	5.31%
U.S. Public Equity	23%	4.93%
Total	100%	_
•		

### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

#### **G.** Pension Discount Rates

The discount rate of 7.30 percent was used to measure the total pension liability for Tier 1/2 members and 7.00 percent for Tier 3 members. The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments for these plans to determine the total pension liability.

	Increase/(Decrease)					
	Т	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary		ı	Net Pension	
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
PSPRS - Police						
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	281,437,368	\$	158,412,254	\$	123,025,114
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		5,696,125		_		5,696,125
Interest on the total pension liability		20,504,731		_		20,504,731
Changes of benefit terms		_		_		_
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the						
pension liability		12,866,840		_		12,866,840
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		_		_		_
Contributions - employer		_		28,799,919		(28,799,919)
Contributions - employee		_		2,909,915		(2,909,915)
Net investment income		_		2,344,516		(2,344,516)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(12,493,545)		(12,493,545)		_
Administrative expense		_		(191,143)		191,143
Other changes		_		(2,317)		2,317
Net changes		26,574,151		21,367,345		5,206,806
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	308,011,519	\$	179,779,599	\$	128,231,920

NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

	Increase/(Decrease)					
	T	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary		,	Net Pension	
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
PSPRS - Fire						
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	169,704,177	\$	103,375,390	\$	66,328,787
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		4,025,473		_		4,025,473
Interest on the total pension liability		12,453,112		_		12,453,112
Changes of benefit terms		_		_		_
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the						
pension liability		1,086,650		_		1,086,650
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		_		_		_
Contributions - employer		_		15,654,338		(15,654,338)
Contributions - employee		_		1,432,043		(1,432,043)
Net investment income		_		1,488,011		(1,488,011)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(6,278,162)		(6,278,162)		_
Administrative expense		_		(121,320)		121,320
Other changes		_		5		(5)
Net changes		11,287,073		12,174,915		(887,842)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	180,991,250	\$	115,550,305	\$	65,440,945

### H. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City of Chandler's net pension liability calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Tier 1-2/Tier 3			Current		Tier 1-2/Tier 3		
	1% Decrease		D	iscount Rate	1% Increase			
PSPRS - Police:								
Rate		6.30		7.30		8.30		
Net pension liability	\$	172,228,649	\$	128,231,920	\$	92,590,527		
PSPRS - Fire:								
Rate		6.30		7.30		8.30		
Net pension liability	\$	91,078,273	\$	65,440,945	\$	44,505,679		

### I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, continued

### J. Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City of Chandler recognized the following as pension expense:

	Pension			
	 Expense			
PSPRS - Police	\$ 19,710,554			
PSPRS - Fire	11,843,010			

### K. Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2021, the City of Chandler reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$ 	\$	2,131,896
7,425,936		_
8,506,052		_
22,619,456		_
\$ 50,291,680	\$	2,131,896
		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$ 1,999,033	\$	346,023
5,535,245		_
5,626,711		_
13,054,192		
	\$	346,023
\$	Outflows of Resources  \$ 11,740,236	Outflows of Resources \$ 11,740,236 \$ 7,425,936

#### NOTE 10 - Retirement and Pension Plans, concluded

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension are resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date but before the end of the City's fiscal year and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	PSPRS - Police	PSPRS - Fire			
2022	\$ 5,652,156	\$	3,071,791		
2023	5,766,416		3,505,881		
2024	5,639,701		3,029,992		
2025	5,214,009		2,007,329		
2026	3,268,046		559,457		
Thereafter	_		640,516		

### NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Single Employer Plan

The cost of postemployment healthcare benefits, from an accrual accounting perspective, should be associated with the periods in which the future costs are earned rather than in the future years when they will be paid (similar to the cost of pension benefits). GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions requires the City to recognize the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. The comprehensive measure of OPEB expense includes immediate recognition in OPEB expense of the effects of changes of benefit terms, as well as the incorporation of the amortization of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB over a defined, closed period.

#### A. Plan Description

The City provides post-employment health care (OPEB) for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit health plan. The plan provides health benefits for eligible retirees, their spouses and dependents though the City's group health insurance plans, which covers active and retired members. The benefits, benefit levels, and contribution rates are determined annually by the City's Human Resources Department and approved by the City Council. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan and no assets are accumulated. The plan does not issue a separate financial report. Generally, resources from the general fund are used to pay for post-employment benefits.

The City also provides a Retirement Health Savings Plan (RHSP) for active employees that may be used upon separation from City employment. The City funds \$15 per pay period during the term of employment. The plan provides health expense reimbursements eligible under Internal Revenue Code Section 213, other than direct long-term care expenses. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report. Generally, resources from the general fund are used to pay for post-employment benefits.

#### NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Single Employer Plan, continued

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

The City provides post-employment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the state retirement plans for public employees and be covered under the City's health plan during their active status.

Upon retirement, the City deposits a one-time payment of \$800 per year of City service in the retiree's RHSP account. The retiree must have a minimum of five years of City service to receive this contribution.

#### C. Contributions

The plan premium rates are determined annually by the City's Human Resources Department in collaboration with an outside consulting firm, reviewed, and recommended by a five member Health Care Benefits Trust Board, and approved by the City Council. The retiree's contribution is 100 percent of the actuarially determined blended premium rate. The City makes no contribution to the retirees' premiums other than allowing them to participate through the City's pooled benefits. By providing retirees with access to the City's healthcare plans based on the same rates it charges to active employees, the City is in effect providing a subsidy to retirees. This implied subsidy exists because, on average, retiree healthcare costs are higher than active employee healthcare costs. The City contributes 0 percent of these premiums for employees. By not contributing anything toward this plan in advance, the City employs a pay-as-you-go method through paying the higher rate for active employees each year. A separate financial report is not issued for the plan.

#### D. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered as of the effective date of the OPEB valuation:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	607
Active members	1,631
Total	2,238

### E. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$63,003,983 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

### NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Single Employer Plan, continued

Measurement date June 30, 2020 Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2019 Discount Rate 2.21% Inflation rate 2.5% - 2.7% Projected salary increases Vary depending on retirement plan and years of service from 2.7% - 7.5% Health care cost trend rates 0% in 2020/21, then 7.5% graded down to an ultimate rate of 4.5% over 12 years Consistent with medical/drug trends. Medical and prescription drug 100% share of benefit related costs Retiree contribution increase

The discount rate is based on the index rate for a 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on the 2017 State Retirees of Arizona Mortality Table for current retirees and the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table for disabled retirees.

### **G.** Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	\$ 53,112,727
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	2,940,955
Interest	1,921,296
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	7,368,121
Estimated benefit payments	(2,339,116)
Net changes	9,891,256
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 63,003,983

Changes in assumptions reflect the following:

- 1. The discount rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.21% based on the changes in the Bond Buyer 20 GO index municipal bond rate from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020.
- 2. The 2020-21 trend on per capita health costs were updated to reflect actual premium renewals for calendar year 2021.
- 3. The General disability and pre-retirement mortality assumptions were revised to use the headcount weighted versions of the mortality tables assumed for the companion pension plans.

#### NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Single Employer Plan, continued

### H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	% Decrease (1.21%)							
Total OPEB liability	\$	72,982,091	\$	63,003,983	\$	55,291,158		

### I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.50%)				Current ealthcare Cost Trend Rates (7.50%)	,	1% Increase (8.50%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	59,155,748	\$	63,003,983	\$	67,568,634			

# J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,179,563. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	8,029,752		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		9,102,062		4,782,602		
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		2,503,806		_		
Total	\$	11,605,868	\$	12,812,354		

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the previous table will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

### NOTE 11 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Single Employer Plan, concluded

Year Ending June	e 30:	
2022	\$	(1,682,688)
2023		(1,682,688)
2024		(1,682,688)
2025		(327,569)
2026		965,300
Thereafter		700,141

### **NOTE 12 - Commitments and Contingencies**

The City is subject to a number of lawsuits, investigations, and other claims (some of which involve alleged damages in substantial amounts) that are incidental to the ordinary course of its operations, including those related to property damage and personal injury matters as well as alleged civil rights violations. All cases are being vigorously defended by the City of Chandler both as to liability as well as the amount of damages claimed. Although the City Attorney cannot reasonably estimate the actual results upon disposition of the outstanding cases, some could be significant to the City's operations, which is why the City not only self-insures with a \$1,750,000 liability retention, but carries an additional \$30,000,000 in liability insurance policies which are in excess of its self-insured retention. While the ultimate resolution of such lawsuits, investigations and claims cannot be determined at this time, in the opinion of City management (based on the advice of the City Attorney), the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

#### NOTE 13 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to litigation, claims and torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health claims; and natural disasters (for which the City carries commercial insurance). The City established a Self-Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. This fund is broken down into the following areas: workers' compensation insurance, property and liability insurance, health insurance, dental insurance and short-term disability insurance.

Premiums are paid into the Internal Service Fund by all other funds with personnel services for workers' compensation insurance and by the general fund for property and liability insurance. The premiums are available to pay claims, fund claim reserves and pay administrative costs of the program. As with any risk retention program, the City is contingently liable with respect to claims beyond those actuarially projected. Interfund premiums are used to reduce the amount of claim expenditures reported in the Internal Service Fund. In the opinion of City management, based on the advice of the City Attorney, the outcome of such litigation and claims will not have materially adverse effect on the City's financial position.

In fiscal year 2020-21, the Self-Insurance Fund provided coverage for up to a maximum of \$50,000 for each property damage claim and \$1,750,000 per occurrence for general liability claims. Coverage is also provided for claims up to \$2,250,000 in Public Safety and up to \$750,000 in all other classifications of workers' compensation. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Self-Insurance Fund and for all other risks of loss. During fiscal year 2020-21, there were no significant reductions in the amounts of excess coverage purchased, nor has the City experienced any settlements in excess of insurance coverage over the past three fiscal years.

### NOTE 13 - Risk Management, concluded

The City also has commercial stop loss insurance that provides specific (by individual member) coverage for health insurance claims incurred in excess of \$350,000 within the plan year, and aggregate (plan wide) coverage for health insurance claims incurred above 125 percent of total plan wide claims for the plan year. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors.

The claims liability of \$18,885,862 reported as claims payable in the Self-Insurance Fund at June 30, 2021, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that liabilities be reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. This includes known future payments made for insurance as well as estimated IBNR calculations.

Changes in the Funds' claims liability amount in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 were:

		Current Year							
Year		В	eginning of	Claims and					Balance at
Ended		F	Fiscal Year		Changes in		Claim		Fiscal Year
June 30,	Risk of Loss		Balance		Estimates	Payments			End
2020	Workers' compensation	\$	2,812,690	\$	2,049,391	\$	(1,922,409)	\$	2,939,672
	Property and liability		1,307,955		211,609		(229,171)		1,290,393
	Health		2,445,449		18,731,377		(18,304,860)		2,871,966
	Dental		152,132		1,770,276		(1,766,145)		156,263
		\$	6,718,226	\$	22,762,653	\$	(22,222,585)	\$	7,258,294
		Ве	eginning of	C	urrent Year				
Year		F	iscal Year	(	laims and				Balance at
Ended			Balance	Changes in		Claim		Fiscal Year	
June 30,	Risk of Loss	a	s Restated		Estimates		Payments		End
2021	Workers' compensation Property and liability Health Dental	\$	8,798,989 1,816,038 2,871,966 156,263 13,643,256	\$	3,530,748 1,845,747 25,772,727 1,844,565 32,993,787	\$	(1,836,434) (1,546,932) (22,556,474) (1,811,341) (27,751,181)	\$	10,493,303 2,114,853 6,088,219 189,487 18,885,862
		<u>+</u>	13,043,230	Ψ_	J <u>L,JJJ,101</u>	_	(41,131,101)	<u>+</u>	10,000,002

Workers' compensation and property and liability beginning of fiscal year balance as restated for the year ended June 30, 2021 were restated to include the liability for case reserves (see Note 19).

### NOTE 14 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are made from the General Fund and Non-Major Governmental Funds to fund costs including property and liability insurance, technology replacement and vehicle and equipment replacement, \$9,609,477. The General Fund provides funding for various capital projects, \$8,228,285, as well as annual subsidies for the Airport and Public Housing Authority, \$318,465. In addition, the General Fund transferred \$29,983,456 to Non-Major Governmental Funds for the purposes of assisting in the City's COVID-19 response. The interfund transfers in and out at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Transfers In:										
Transfers out:	Non-Major Governmental Funds			on-Major prise Funds	Inte	ernal Service Fund		Total			
General Fund	\$	44,010,913	\$	547,006	\$	2,536,901	\$	47,094,820			
Non-Major Governmental Funds		176,072		_		93,989		270,061			
Water Enterprise Fund		349,859		_		_		349,859			
Wastewater Enterprise Fund		260,273		_		_		260,273			
Non-Major Enterprise Funds		134,377		_		_		134,377			
Internal Service Fund		30,293						30,293			
Total	\$	44,961,787	\$	547,006	\$	2,630,890	\$	48,139,683			

In addition to the cash transfers, the City had capital contributions from the government-type activities into the business type activities in the amount of \$91,512 (see Note 8).

### NOTE 15 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

# A. Interfund Advances To/Advances From

Advances to other funds	Advances from other funds	Total
Governmental funds:		
General	Capital projects - public safety buildings and improvements	\$ 6,296,432
	Capital projects - public buildings	2,014,427
	Total governmental funds	8,310,859
Enterprise funds:		
Water	Enterprise - wastewater	3,900,000
	Total all funds	\$ 12,210,859

Interfund advances were made from governmental funds to capital projects funds to cover expenditures in impact fee funds until impact fees are received. \$700,000 of the public safety buildings and improvements capital projects fund advances and \$200,000 of the public buildings capital projects fund advance will be repaid within one year.

### NOTE 15 - Interfund Receivables and Payables (concluded)

An interfund advance was made from the water enterprise fund to the wastewater system development fees fund of the wastewater enterprise to cover expenditures until system development fees are collected. \$3,900,000 will be repaid within one year.

#### B. Interfund Due To/Due From

Due from other funds	Due to other funds	 Total	
General	Capital projects - general government Capital projects - grants Special revenue - community development	\$ 755,677 1,183,748 224,353	
	Total general fund	\$ 2,163,778	

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021 are short-term loans used to cover temporary cash deficits in various funds and are expected to be repaid within one year.

### **NOTE 16 - Joint Venture**

The City and the Town of Gilbert entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement (Agreement) for the design, construction and operation of a Joint Water Treatment Plant. Under the Agreement, the real property, plant infrastructure and raw water pipelines will be jointly owned with each party entitled to 50 percent of the plant capacity and each party paying 50 percent of the construction costs. The Town of Gilbert acts as the Lead Agent, overseeing construction activities and operating the plant. The City's investment in the joint venture is reflected as a separate line item in the proprietary funds financial statements. Separate financial statements for the joint venture are not prepared.

Total investment in joint venture as of June 30, 2021, is:

City of Chandler's Share	\$ 73,987,681
Town of Gilbert's Share	80,612,880
	\$154,600,561

#### NOTE 17 - Deficit in Fund Balances

The police confiscated property special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance of \$35,305. The deficit will be covered by future revenues. The general government capital project fund had a deficit fund balance of \$370,036. The deficit will be covered by future revenues. The public buildings capital projects fund had deficit fund balance of \$1,918,169. The funds were financed by advances of interfund loans and will be paid back by future impact fee revenues. The public safety buildings and improvement capital projects fund had deficit fund balance of \$4,903,067. The deficit will be covered by future impact fee revenues.

#### **NOTE 18 - Tax Abatements**

The City has made commitments as part of our economic development programs to reimburse certain public improvement costs through transaction privilege taxes generated out of the respective development area. The total amount rebated in the fiscal year 2020-21 is \$651,565. Detailed information on such commitments is prohibited from disclosure under Arizona Revised Statute 42-2002, Disclosure of Confidential Information Prohibited, and City of Chandler Code, 62-510 Divulging of Information Prohibited.

In addition, the City enters into property tax abatement agreements under Arizona Revised Statute 42-6201 through 42-6210, Government Property Lease Excise Tax (GPLET) to enhance the economic viability of the City. The recipients of the GPLET commit to conveying the property to the City upon the project completion and the City will lease it back to the recipient for an agreed upon amount. State law imposes an excise tax on buildings that are owned by the City, leased by a private party and occupied/used for commercial, residential rental or industrial purposes. The City is allowed to abate the full tax for a period of eight years for both existing and new projects within redevelopment area that are part of a single central business district. After the abatement period the projects pay an excise tax in which the City receives a 7 percent distribution.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City abated property taxes totaling \$194,003 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreement that exceeds \$100,000:

Property Tax GPLET to a residential rental development for constructing a multi-family residential complex. The GPLET amounted to \$126,900 of property tax abated.

# NOTE 19 - Prior Period Adjustment

Prior year financial statements did not report the liability for case reserves. As a result of the restatement of beginning balances, the following reconciles the previously reported July 1, 2020 balances.

	Ju	Net Position ly 1, 2020 as previously reported	ca	nclusion of use reserves in claims liability	let Position ly 1, 2020 as Restated
Internal Service Fund	\$	44,945,874	\$	6,384,962	\$ 38,560,912

### **NOTE 20 - Subsequent Events**

On December 1, 2021, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2021 in the amount of \$48,025,000, maturing on July 1, 2028 with an average interest rate of 1.68 percent. The Bonds are being issued for the purpose of refunding and redeeming, in advance of their respective maturities the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 maturing July 1, 2026 through July 1, 2028, and paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2021 Refunding Obligations.

On December 1, 2021, the City issued Excise Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2021 in the amount of \$85,460,000, maturing on July 1, 2033 with an average interest rate of 2.06 percent. The Bonds are being issued for the purpose of refunding and redeeming, in advance of their respective maturities the Water and Sewer Excise Tax Revenue Obligations, Series 2013 maturing July 1, 2025 through July 1, 2033, and paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2021 Refunding Obligations.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2021

					Non-GAAP		Over
	Budgeted	l Amour	atc.		Actual		(Under)
				-			
DEVENUES	Original	· ——	inal	_	Amounts		inal Budget
REVENUES:	¢ 0.464.020	+ (	164 000	<b>+</b>	0.427.005	+	(2.4.02.4)
Property taxes	\$ 8,161,829		3,161,829	\$	8,127,805	\$	(34,024)
Sales taxes	123,562,552		3,562,552		157,513,686		33,951,134
Franchise fees	3,583,200		3,583,200		3,823,524		240,324
State shared	70,770,000	/(	0,770,000		80,699,253		9,929,253
Grants and entitlements	169,500		169,500		7,716,927		7,547,427
System development fees	_		_		143,436		143,436
Licenses and permits	6,646,000		5,646,000		6,656,737		10,737
Charges for services	20,285,439		),285,439		19,138,480		(1,146,959)
Fines and forfeitures	3,683,108	3	3,683,108		2,850,470		(832,638)
Rentals	106,000		106,000		174,766		68,766
Contributions	2 622 222				(04.67.1)		-
Interest revenue	2,629,000	4	2,629,000		(81,674)		(2,710,674)
Miscellaneous	275,200		275,200		588,941		313,741
Total Revenues	239,871,828	239	9,871,828		287,352,351		47,480,523
EXPENDITURES:							
City clerk	926,189		950,107		923,681		26,426
City magistrate	4,684,074		1,663,063		4,557,833		105,230
City manager	16,864,709		7,630,076		15,509,399		2,120,677
Communications and public affairs	2,585,755		3,060,922		2,414,165		646,757
Community services	26,635,790		3,024,040		26,661,370		1,362,670
Cultural development	3,632,045		3,899,162		3,681,021		218,141
Development services	9,046,078		9,427,885		8,693,879		734,006
Fire	38,097,872	4′	1,144,169		40,743,812		400,357
Information technology	11,784,758	13	3,485,847		12,390,794		1,095,053
Law	3,884,306	3	3,981,221		3,955,805		25,416
Management services	104,732,292	34	1,340,895		24,912,918		9,427,977
Mayor and council	1,019,324		1,022,547		942,925		79,622
Neighborhood resources	3,518,657		3,998,991		3,379,383		619,608
Police	76,537,609		),518,870		78,786,463		1,732,407
Public works	10,083,511	1′	1,618,697		10,972,729		645,968
Total expenditures	314,032,969	257	7,766,492		238,526,177		19,240,315
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(74,161,141)	(17	7,894,664)	)	48,826,174		66,720,838
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	_		_		1,876		1,876
Transfers in	9,073,586	g	9,073,586		_		(9,073,586)
Transfers out	(61,740,561)	(6	,728,954)		(47,094,820)		14,634,134
Total other financing sources (uses)	(52,666,975)	(52	2,655,368)		(47,092,944)		5,562,424
Net change in fund balance	(126,828,116)	(70	),550,032)		1,733,230		72,283,262
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	232,910,722	232	2,910,722	_	232,910,722		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 106,082,606	\$ 162	2,360,690	\$	234,643,952	\$	72,283,262

See accompanying notes to this schedule.

City of Chandler Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -Arizona State Retirement System June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.71 %	0.72 %	0.76 %	0.74 %
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$122,547,011	\$104,541,379	\$106,413,043	\$115,691,952
City's covered payroll	\$ 76,880,601	\$ 75,407,689	\$ 75,579,140	\$ 72,284,183
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	159.40 %	138.63 %	140.80 %	160.05 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.33 %	73.24 %	73.00 %	69.92 %

**Note:** This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	2017	2016	2015
	0.75 %	0.73 %	0.71 %
\$121,5	549,835	\$113,885,153	\$105,661,552
\$ 70,3	362,938	\$ 67,230,465	\$ 64,263,236
	172.75 %	169.40 %	164.42 %
	67.06 %	68.35 %	69.49 %

# City of Chandler Schedule of Contributions -All Pension Plans June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Arizona State Retirement System: Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 9,267,255	\$ 8,844,068	\$ 8,470,741	\$ 8,268,029
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	9,267,255	8,844,068	8,470,741	8,268,029
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ —	\$	\$ —	<u> </u>
City's covered payroll	\$ 79,544,042	\$ 76,880,601	\$ 75,407,689	\$ 75,579,140
Contributions as a percentage				
of covered payroll	11.65 %	11.50 %	11.23 %	10.94 %
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Police:				
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 19,026,392	\$ 15,572,686	\$ 12,267,559	\$ 10,950,501
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>1</sup>	22,619,456	28,715,343	15,398,196	14,300,501
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (3,593,064)	\$(13,142,657)	\$ (3,130,637)	\$ (3,350,000)
City's covered payroll	\$ 26,480,082	\$ 28,589,014	\$ 28,848,732	\$ 28,294,661
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	85.42 %	100.44 %	53.38 %	50.54 %
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Fire:				
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 10,427,865	\$ 8,004,060	\$ 7,021,133	\$ 6,392,313
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution <sup>1</sup>	13,054,192	15,566,324	8,670,333	8,042,313
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (2,626,327)	\$ (7,562,264)	\$ (1,649,200)	\$ (1,650,000)
City's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage	\$ 18,187,540	\$ 19,154,805	\$ 19,025,780	\$ 18,200,175
of covered payroll	71.78 %	81.27 %	45.57 %	44.19 %

**Note:** This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Additional contributions above the actuarially determined contributions were made beginning with fiscal year 2016-17 and continue.

	2017		2016		2015
\$	7,793,041	\$	7,634,805	\$	7,323,872
	7,793,041		7,634,805		7,323,872
\$		\$		\$	
\$	72,284,183	\$	67,230,465	\$	67,230,465
	10.78 %		11.36 %		10.89 %
<b>+</b>	0.470.444	<b>.</b>	0.564.442	<b>.</b>	6 002 222
\$	8,470,411	\$	8,561,143	\$	6,083,333
	10,145,411		8,561,143		6,083,333
\$	(1,675,000)	\$		\$	
\$	27,058,086	\$	27,946,237	\$	26,187,641
\$	27,058,086 37.49 %	\$	27,946,237 30.63 %		26,187,641 23.23 %
	37.49 %		30.63 %		23.23 %
\$	37.49 %				
	37.49 %		30.63 %		23.23 %
	37.49 % 4,616,587		30.63 % 4,438,495		23.23 % 3,193,139
\$	37.49 % 4,616,587 5,441,587	\$	30.63 % 4,438,495	\$	23.23 % 3,193,139

City of Chandler Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Police June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 5,696,125	\$ 6,149,336	\$ 5,737,868	\$ 6,092,332
Interest	20,504,731	19,203,025	17,999,842	17,064,596
Changes of benefit terms	_	_	_	1,501,042
Differences between expected and actual experience	12,866,840	1,302,509	(671,252)	(6,211,672)
Changes of assumptions	_	6,562,499	_	6,528,203
Benefit payments, including refunds	(12,493,545)	(10,261,998)	(9,913,263)	(8,254,947)
Net change in total pension liability	26,574,151	22,955,371	13,153,195	16,719,554
Total pension liability - beginning	281,437,368	258,481,997	245,328,802	228,609,248
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 308,011,519	\$ 281,437,368	\$ 258,481,997	\$ 245,328,802
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$ 28,799,919	\$ 15,572,686	\$ 10,296,409	\$ 10,247,877
Contributions - employee	2,909,915	2,206,379	2,765,932	3,244,412
Net investment income	2,344,516	8,365,394	9,301,979	14,017,325
Benefit payments, including refunds	(12,493,545)	(10,261,998)	(9,913,263)	(8,254,947)
Administrative expense	(191,143)	(146,042)	(142,274)	(124,430)
Other	(2,317)	(102,911)	24,215	(167,280)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	21,367,345	15,633,508	12,332,998	18,962,957
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	158,412,254	142,778,746	130,445,748	111,482,791
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 179,779,599	\$ 158,412,254	\$ 142,778,746	\$ 130,445,748
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 128,231,920	\$ 123,025,114	\$ 115,703,251	\$ 114,883,054
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.37 %	56.29 %	55.24 %	53.17 %
Covered payroll	\$ 25,916,774	\$ 28,848,732	\$ 28,294,661	\$ 27,058,086
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	494.78 %	5 426.45 %	408.92 %	424.58 %

**Note:** This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

2017	2016	2015
\$ 5,337,103	\$ 4,583,770	\$ 4,602,603
14,964,498	13,839,509	11,841,118
17,456,919	_	1,741,535
858,761	4,879,849	567,380
8,537,784	_	13,082,165
(13,015,625)	(5,681,836)	(7,054,499)
34,139,440	17,621,292	24,780,302
194,469,808	176,848,516	152,068,214
\$ 228,609,248	\$ 194,469,808	\$ 176,848,516
\$ 8,728,082	\$ 6,155,142	\$ 5,465,059
3,633,359	3,308,265	2,675,724
677,501	3,873,466	12,329,319
(13,015,625)	(5,681,836)	(7,054,499)
(97,889)	(94,891)	_
238,667	(70,777)	(2,733,237)
164,095	7,489,369	10,682,366
111,318,696	103,829,327	93,146,961
\$ 111,482,791	\$ 111,318,696	\$ 103,829,327
\$ 117,126,457	\$ 83,151,112	\$ 73,019,189
48.77 %	57.24 %	58.71 %
\$ 27,946,237	\$ 26,187,641	\$ 24,290,497
419.11 %	317.52 %	300.61 %

City of Chandler Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Fire June 30, 2021

		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	4,025,473	\$	4,353,346	\$	4,014,526	\$	3,863,571
Interest		12,453,112		11,689,082		10,794,299		9,983,423
Changes of benefit terms		_		_		_		753,382
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,086,650		(171,678)		1,014,752		941,823
Changes of assumptions		_		3,122,509		_		2,845,297
Benefit payments, including refunds		(6,278,162)		(5,792,594)		(6,363,418)		(5,049,317)
Net change in total pension liability		11,287,073		13,200,665		9,460,159		13,338,179
Total pension liability - beginning		169,704,177		156,503,512		147,043,353		133,705,174
Total pension liability - ending	\$	180,991,250	\$	169,704,177	\$	156,503,512	\$	147,043,353
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds	\$	15,654,338 1,432,043 1,488,011 (6,278,162)	\$	8,004,060 1,462,348 5,389,738 (5,792,594)	\$	5,956,704 1,633,743 6,174,093 (6,363,418)	\$	5,514,825 2,312,753 9,228,731 (5,049,317)
Administrative expense		(121,320) 5		(94,355)		(94,669)		(82,059)
Other  Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	12,174,915	_	(42,251) 8,926,946	_	1,035 7,307,488	_	50,502 11,975,435
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		103,375,390		94,448,444		87,140,956		75,165,521
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	<del>_</del>	115,550,305	<u></u>	103,375,390	\$	94,448,444	\$	87,140,956
Train inductary free position - chaing	<b>—</b>	113,330,303	<b>–</b>	103,373,330	=	<del></del>	<u></u>	07,140,550
Net pension liability - ending	\$	65,440,945	\$	66,328,787	\$	62,055,068	\$	59,902,397
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		63.84 %		60.92 %		60.35 %		59.26 %
Covered payroll	\$	19,025,780	\$	19,025,780	\$	18,200,175	\$	17,275,940
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		343.96 %		348.63 %		340.96 %		346.74 %

**Note:** This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

	2017		2016		2015
\$	3,174,665	\$	2,915,603	\$	2,949,507
	8,707,808		8,264,915		7,191,487
	10,272,193		_		930,663
	96,063		(1,037,307)		(409,426)
	4,937,927		_		6,465,545
	(5,647,270)		(3,614,319)		(3,258,846)
	21,541,386		6,528,892		13,868,930
_	112,163,788		105,634,896		91,765,966
\$	133,705,174	\$	112,163,788	\$	105,634,896
_			2 222 224	_	2.452.604
\$	4,672,177	\$		\$	
	2,140,037		1,837,291		1,775,319
	440,223		2,568,880		8,217,832
	(5,647,270)		(3,614,319)		(3,258,846)
	(63,746)		(63,063)		<u> </u>
_	38,948		(55,142)		(1,798,718)
	1,580,369		3,895,938		8,088,281
_	73,585,152	_	69,689,214	_	61,600,933
\$	75,165,521	\$	73,585,152	\$	69,689,214
\$	58,539,653	\$	38,578,636	\$	35,945,682
	56.22 %		65.61 %		65.97 %
\$	16,874,362	\$	15,671,133	\$	15,691,213
	346.91 %		246.18 %		229.08 %

### City of Chandler Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liabilities and Related Ratios -Single Employer Plan June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Management data	6/20/2020	6/20/2010	6/20/2010	6/20/2017
Measurement date	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	\$ 53,112,727	\$ 51,751,856	\$ 52,838,811	\$ 66,519,700
Changes for the year				
Service cost	2,940,955	2,585,397	3,020,484	3,962,284
Interest	1,921,296	2,059,914	1,939,376	1,967,447
Differences between expected and		(F 006 F7F)	(002.700)	(0.530.064)
actual experience	_	(5,086,575)	(883,708)	(8,539,064)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	7,368,121	4,021,143	(1,789,527)	(8,174,073)
Benefit payments	(2,339,116)	(2,219,008)	(3,373,580)	(2,897,483)
Net changes	9,891,256	1,360,871	(1,086,955)	(13,680,889)
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 63,003,983	\$ 53,112,727	\$ 51,751,856	\$ 52,838,811
<del>-</del>	#44.6.024.020	±442.742.744	±4.00.060.247	±4.05.207.420
Total covered employee payroll	\$116,931,839	\$113,713,741	\$108,862,317	\$106,207,139
Total OPEB liability as percentage of covered employee payroll	53.88 %	46.71 %	47.54 %	49.75 %
covered employee payron	33.00 70	40.71 70	T7.5T 70	45.75 70

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Information for the prior years is not available.

**Notes:** No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* 

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA Notes to the Required Supplementary Information lune 30, 2021

### **NOTE 1 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

The adopted budget of the City is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the following exception: reserved encumbrances at year end are recognized as expenditures. Consequently, the following adjustment is necessary to present the change in fund balance for the general fund on a budgetary basis in order to provide a meaningful comparison.

	Changes in nd Balances
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 9,681,677
Reserved encumbrances at June 30, 2021 recognized as budgetary expenditures in fiscal year ended June 30, 2021	 (7,948,447)
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund	\$ 1,733,230

### NOTE 2 - Pension Plan Schedules

### **Actuarial Assumptions for Valuations Performed**

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated, which is the most recent actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### Factors that Affect Trends - Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2016. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. The study did not include an analysis of the assumed investment rate of return.

### Factors that Affect Trends - Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation for PSPRS were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability for PSPRS was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 reflects changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for funding assumed future permanent benefit increases.

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA Notes to the Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2021

### NOTE 3 - Other Post Retirement Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan Schedules

The City of Chandler does not have assets invested or accumulated in a qualified OPEB trust and funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

### **Actuarial Assumptions for Valuations Performed**

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated, which is the most recent actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Factors that Affect Trends**

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were made for the purposes of fulfilling plan accounting requirements. Factors such as retiree group program experience, changes in assumptions and changes in retiree group benefits program provisions or applicable law may differ from future actuarial measurements.

**OTHER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 



# City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Obligation Bonds Debt Service For the year ended June 30, 2021

					Non-GAAP		Over
	Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual		(Under)
	Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
REVENUES:					_		_
Property taxes	\$ 28,367,900	\$	28,367,900	\$	28,281,540	\$	(86,360)
Interest revenue	 185,000		185,000		(80,954)		(265,954)
Total revenues	28,552,900		28,552,900		28,200,586		(352,314)
EXPENDITURES:							
General government	1,835,030		1,835,030		_		(1,835,030)
Principal	19,395,000		19,395,000		19,395,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges	 7,740,385		7,740,385	_	7,740,385		
Total expenditures	 28,970,415		28,970,415		27,135,385		(1,835,030)
Net change in fund balance	(417,515)		(417,515)		1,065,201		1,482,716
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	 4,693,193		4,693,193	_	4,693,193		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 4,275,678	\$	4,275,678	\$	5,758,394	\$	1,482,716

# City of Chandler Non-Major Governmental Funds

### **NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

A Special Revenue Fund is used to finance particular activities and is created out of receipts of specific taxes or other earmarked revenues. Such funds are authorized by statutory or charter provisions to pay for certain activities with some special form of continuing revenues.

### **Highway User**

Used to account for the receipt and expenditure of the City's allocation of State highway user taxes. State law restricts the use of these monies to maintenance, construction and reconstruction of streets and repayment of transportation-related debt.

### **Local Transportation Assistance**

Used to account for the receipt and expenditure of the City's allocation of State lottery monies. State law restricts the use of these monies to street and highway projects in the public right-of-way and to mass transportation purposes.

### **Grants**

Used to account for the receipt and expenditure of miscellaneous federal, state and local grants awarded to the City for various specific operational purposes.

### **Community Development**

Used to account for monies received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and Maricopa County for affordable housing activities including housing rehabilitation and redevelopment activities.

### **Police Confiscated Property**

Used to account for monies confiscated by the Police Department and monies received from the sale of confiscated property.

### **Parks and Recreation**

Used to account for donations for park improvements and programs restricted pursuant to donor covenants.

### Museum

Used to account for donations for museum improvements and programs restricted pursuant to donor covenants.

### Library

Used to account for donations for library improvements and programs restricted pursuant to donor covenants.

# City of Chandler Non-Major Governmental Funds

### NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

### **Special Assessment Bonds**

Accumulates monies for the payment of principal and interest on Special Assessment Bonds that were issued to finance costs of improvements applicable to benefiting properties within certain improvement districts.

### **NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

### **General Government**

Used to account for the acquisition, construction and improvements of general government projects.

### **Public Buildings**

Used to account for bond proceeds used for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, improvement and renovation of City buildings.

### **Grants**

Used to account for the receipt and expenditure of miscellaneous federal, state and local grants awarded to the City for various specific capital purposes.

### **Streets**

Used to account for the acquisition, construction and improvements of City streets projects.

### **Community Services**

Used to account for the acquisition of land and equipment, development, construction and improvement of community parks and projects.

### **Public Safety Buildings and Improvements**

Used to account for public safety, e.g., Police and Fire Departments, building construction, renovation, improvements and equipment purchases.

### **Vehicle and Capital Equipment Replacement**

Used to account for the purchase and/or replacement of general equipment-type assets, e.g., vehicles, furniture and office equipment.

### **Technology Replacement**

Used to account for the purchase and/or replacement of technology assets.

### **Municipal Arts**

Used to account for amounts earmarked for the acquisition of art for public spaces.



# City of Chandler Combining Balance Sheet -Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

				Sp	ecia	al Revenue						
	-		Local					Police				
	Highway	Tra	ansportation		C	ommunity	Co	nfiscated	Par	ks and		
	User		Assistance	Grants	De	evelopment	P	roperty	Reci	reation	М	useum
ASSETS												
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible):	\$32,641,580	\$	5,152,402	\$35,849,600	\$	_	\$	277,782	\$ 2	98,913	\$	48,814
Accounts												
Special assessments	_			_								
Notes	_					448,503						
Accrued interest	63,536		10,072	81,239		<del></del>		547		584		9!
Other	03,330		10,072	01,233		_		J47 —		J04 —		_
Due from other governments	1,642,169			378,865		770,391						_
Total assets	\$34,347,285	\$	5,162,474	\$36,309,704	\$	1,218,894	\$	278,329	\$ 2	299,497	\$	48,909
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF												
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$ 212,217	\$	_	\$ 2,961,722	\$	286,040	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Accrued payroll	131,145		_	10,382		22,413		_		_		-
Trust liabilities and deposits	_		_	_		_		313,634		_		-
Accrued interest	_		_	_		_		_		_		-
Due to other funds	_		_	_		224,353		_		_		_
Advances from other funds	_		_	_		_		_		_		_
Unearned revenue				17,081,877			_					_
Total liabilities	343,362			20,053,981		532,806		313,634				_
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenues - special												
assessments		_										_
Total deferred inflows of resources							_					
Fund balances (deficits):												
Restricted	34,003,923		5,162,474	16,255,723		686,088		_	2	99,497		48,90
Unassigned			<u> </u>				_	(35,305)				
Total fund balances (deficits)	34,003,923		5,162,474	16,255,723		686,088	_	(35,305)	2	299,497		48,90
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
and fund balances	\$34,347,285	\$	5,162,474	\$36,309,704	4	1,218,894	\$	278,329	\$ 2	99,497	\$	48,909

(Continued)

# City of Chandler Combining Balance Sheet -Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Spec	tial Revenue	[	Debt Service			Ca	pital Projects	
				Special					
				Assessment	C	General		Public	
		Library		Bonds	Gov	/ernment		Buildings	 Grants
ASSETS									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	62,412	\$	64,564	\$	_	\$	95,649	\$ _
Receivables (net of allowance									
for uncollectible):									
Accounts		_		_		11,244		_	12,874
Special assessments		_		1,130,456		_		_	_
Notes		_		_		_		_	_
Accrued interest		127		_		_		609	_
Other		_		_		10,329		_	_
Due from other governments						1,161,251			 4,447,823
Total assets	\$	62,539	\$	1,195,020	\$	1,182,824	\$	96,258	\$ 4,460,697
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	480	\$	_	\$	797,183	\$	_	\$ 3,099,586
Accrued payroll		_		_		_		_	2,856
Trust liabilities and deposits		_		_		_		_	_
Accrued interest		_		24,900		_		_	_
Due to other funds		_		_		755,677		_	1,183,748
Advances from other funds		_		_		_		2,014,427	_
Unearned revenue									 12,874
Total liabilities		480		24,900		1,552,860		2,014,427	4,299,064
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenues - special									
assessments		_		1,130,456					 
Total deferred inflows of resources				1,130,456					 
Fund balances (deficits):									
Restricted		62,059		39,664		_		_	161,633
Unassigned						(370,036)		(1,918,169)	 
Total fund balances (deficits)		62,059		39,664		(370,036)		(1,918,169)	161,633
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
and fund balances	\$	62,539	\$	1,195,020	\$	1,182,824	\$	96,258	\$ 4,460,697

		Capita	al Projects			
		Public Safety	Vehicle and			Total Other
	Community	<b>Buildings</b> and	Capital Equipment	Technology	Municipal	Governmental
Streets	Services	Improvements	Replacement	Replacement	Arts	Funds
\$69,109,208	\$43,627,625	\$ 1,391,097	\$ 9,690,729	\$ 4,978,143	\$ 708,740	\$ 203,997,258
_	_	_	_	_	_	24,118
_	_	_	_	_	_	1,130,456
_	_	_	_	_	_	448,503
149,438	96,821	2,268	19,143	9,784	1,385	435,648
_	_	_	_	_	_	10,329
						8,400,499
\$69,258,646	\$43,724,446	\$ 1,393,365	\$ 9,709,872	\$ 4,987,927	\$ 710,125	\$ 214,446,811
\$ 1,854,674	\$ 1,043,375	\$ _	\$ 197,870	\$ 4,068	\$ 100	\$ 10,457,315
9,280	531	_	_	_	_	176,607
5	_	_	_	_	_	313,639
_	_	_	_	_	_	24,900
_	_	_	_	_	_	2,163,778
_	_	6,296,432	_	_	_	8,310,859
						17,094,751
1,863,959	1,043,906	6,296,432	197,870	4,068	100	38,541,849
						1,130,456
						1,130,456
67,394,687	42,680,540	_	9,512,002	4,983,859	710,025	182,001,083
		(4,903,067)				(7,226,577)
67,394,687	42,680,540	(4,903,067)	9,512,002	4,983,859	710,025	174,774,506
\$69,258,646	\$43,724,446	\$ 1,393,365	\$ 9,709,872	\$ 4,987,927	\$ 710,125	\$ 214,446,811

(Concluded)

City of Chandler Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Sp	oecial Revenue			
		Local			Police		
	Highway	Transportation		Community	Confiscated	Parks and	
	User	Assistance	Grants	Development	Property	Recreation	Museum
REVENUES:							
Highway user taxes	\$18,108,310	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ _	\$ —	\$ _
Regional transportation taxes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Grants and entitlements	_	809,091	7,786,935	2,490,263	_	53,773	5,429
System development fees	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Special assessments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Charges for services	_	186,198	_	_	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	_	_	66,390	_	_
Contributions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest revenue	63,531	10,085	624,408	1	_	(127)	18
Miscellaneous	63,902	176,830	254,078	_	_	_	_
Total revenues	18,235,743	1,182,204	8,665,421	2,490,264	66,390	53,646	5,447
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	_	_	21,258,861	2,349,891	_	_	_
Public safety	_	_	1,521,963		24,159	_	_
Transportation and development	7,459,636	339,199	207,041	_		_	_
Community services	_	_	147,506	_	_	40,373	_
Capital outlay	7,791,745	88,151	1,824,662	_	41,220	_	_
Debt service:		•			•		
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	15,251,381	427,350	24,960,033	2,349,891	65,379	40,373	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF							
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,984,362	754,854	(16,294,612)	140,373	1,011	13,273	5,447
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	2,326	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	_	_	29,983,456	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	(265,849)	(4,212)	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(263,523)	(4,212)	29,983,456				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,720,839	750,642	13,688,844	140,373	1,011	13,273	5,447
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year	31,283,084	4,411,832	2,566,879	545,715	(36,316)	286,224	43,462
End of year	\$34,003,923	\$ 5,162,474	\$16,255,723		\$ (35,305)		\$ 48,909
2 31 year	731,003,723	- 5,102,-74	÷10,233,723	- 300,000	- (33,303)	- 200,-01	- 10,505

Special Reve	enue	Debt Service			Capital Projects		
Library	<u>,                                    </u>	Special Assessment Bonds	General Government	Public Buildings	Grants	Streets	Community Services
\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
	_	_	_	_	_	2,226,568	_
3	32,149	_	_	_	10,522,461	_	_
	_	_	_	193,846	_	4,882,337	2,369,341
	_	587,020	_	_	_	_	_
	_	_	_	_	249,256	_	_
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	_	_	5,201,737	_	_	_	
	226	_	4	2,349	5	(21,403)	(17,386)
	<u> </u>	587,020	<u> </u>		10,771,722	7,087,502	<u> </u>
	_	_	1,880,081	1,200	23,708	1,200	2,400
	_	_	201,880	_	_	_	_
	_	_	883,587	_	1,880,748	3,377,034	_
1	19,627	_	478,511	_	1	_	146,213
	_	_	10,129,129	_	11,259,901	18,013,413	3,714,326
	_	585,000	_	_	_	_	_
		61,500					_
1	19,627	646,500	13,573,188	1,200	13,164,358	21,391,647	3,862,939
1	12,748	(59,480)	(8,371,447)	194,995	(2,392,636)	(14,304,145)	(1,510,984)
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	_	_	7,999,744	_	_	_	_
							_
			7,999,744				_
1	12,748	(59,480)	(371,703)	194,995	(2,392,636)	(14,304,145)	(1,510,984)
	49,311	99,144	1,667	(2,113,164)	2,554,269	81,698,832	44,191,524
\$ 6	52,059		\$ (370,036)				\$ 42,680,540

(Continued)

# City of Chandler Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Capital Pr	ojects		
	Public Safety	Vehicle and			Total Other
	Buildings and	Capital Equipment	Technology	Municipal	Governmental
	Improvements	Replacement	Replacement	Arts	Funds
REVENUES:					
lighway user taxes	\$ —	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 18,108,310
Regional transportation taxes	_	_	_	_	2,226,568
Grants and entitlements	_	_	_	_	21,700,101
ystem development fees	618,768	_	_	_	8,064,292
pecial assessments	_	_	_	_	587,020
harges for services	_	_	_	57,455	492,909
nes and forfeitures	_	_	_	_	66,390
ontributions	_	_	_	_	5,201,737
nterest revenue	46,918	(18,712)	5,854	257	696,028
1iscellaneous		21,319			516,129
Total revenues	665,686	2,607	5,854	57,712	57,659,484
XPENDITURES:					
urrent:					
General government	2,400	_	3,759,922	_	29,279,663
Public safety	_	_	_	_	1,748,002
Transportation and development	_	_	_	_	14,147,245
Community services	_	_	_	14,012	846,243
apital outlay	18,041	5,393,528	596,076	_	58,870,192
ebt service:					
Principal	_	_	_	_	585,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	61,500
Total expenditures	20,441	5,393,528	4,355,998	14,012	105,537,845
XCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	645,245	(5,390,921)	(4,350,144)	43,700	(47,878,361)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
roceeds from disposal of capital assets	_	220,879	_	_	223,205
ransfers in	_	3,316,983	3,661,604	_	44,961,787
ransfers out	_	_		_	(270,061)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,537,862	3,661,604		44,914,931
2 (4355)		5,55.,502	2,00.,001		,5,551
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	645,245	(1,853,059)	(688,540)	43,700	(2,963,430)
UND BALANCES (DEFICITS):					
Beginning of year	(5,548,312)	11,365,061	5,672,399	666,325	177,737,936
	\$ (4,903,067)		\$ 4,983,859	\$ 710,025	\$ 174,774,506

(Concluded)

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Highway User Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2021

				Non-GAAP		Over
	 Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		(Under)
	Original		Final	Amounts		inal Budget
REVENUES:						
Highway user taxes	\$ 16,500,000	\$	16,500,000	\$ 18,108,310	\$	1,608,310
Interest revenue	372,000		372,000	63,532		(308,468)
Miscellaneous	 			63,902		63,902
Total revenues	 16,872,000		16,872,000	 18,235,744		1,363,744
EXPENDITURES:						
General government	3,986,700		3,037,803	_		3,037,803
Transportation and development	12,074,436		8,787,500	7,893,720		893,780
Capital outlay	5,853,569		9,889,296	9,543,570		345,726
Total expenditures	 21,914,705		21,714,599	17,437,290		4,277,309
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,042,705)		(4,842,599)	798,454		5,641,053
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_		_	2,326		2,326
Transfers out	 (287,841)		(287,841)	 (265,849)		21,992
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (287,841)		(287,841)	 (263,523)		24,318
Net change in fund balance	(5,330,546)		(5,130,440)	534,931		5,665,371
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	 31,283,084		31,283,084	 31,283,084		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 25,952,538	\$	26,152,644	\$ 31,818,015	\$	5,665,371

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Local Transportation Assistance Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Non-GAAP		Over			
	 Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual		(Under)
	Original		Final	Amounts		Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Grants and entitlements	\$ 700,000	\$	700,000	\$	809,091	\$	109,091
Charges for services	180,000		180,000		186,198		6,198
Interest revenue	75,000		75,000		10,086		(64,914)
Miscellaneous	 _		_		176,830		176,830
Total revenues	955,000		955,000		1,182,205		227,205
EXPENDITURES:							
General government	1,015,200		1,000,450		_		1,000,450
Transportation and development	1,743,918		1,289,571		363,235		926,336
Capital outlay	 392,000		881,322		171,700		709,622
Total expenditures	 3,151,118		3,171,343		534,935		2,636,408
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (2,196,118)		(2,216,343)		647,270		2,863,613
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	(4,409)		(4,409)		(4,212)		197
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,409)		(4,409)		(4,212)		197
Net change in fund balance	(2,200,527)		(2,220,752)		643,058		2,863,810
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	 4,411,832		4,411,832		4,411,832		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 2,211,305	\$	2,191,080	\$	5,054,890	\$	2,863,810

## City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Grants Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2021

						Non-GAAP		Over
		Budgeted	Ar	mounts		Actual		(Under)
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
REVENUES:								
Grants and entitlements	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	7,786,935	\$	2,786,935
Interest revenue		43,000		43,000		624,398		581,398
Miscellaneous		_	_		_	254,078		254,078
Total revenues		5,043,000	_	5,043,000		8,665,411		3,622,411
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		5,000,000		40,597,376		26,107,763		14,489,613
Public safety		54,257		3,170,548		1,562,553		1,607,995
Transportation and development		_		207,044		207,041		3
Community services		_		349,382		147,506		201,876
Capital outlay		_	_	384,455	_	1,939,471		(1,555,016)
Total expenditures	_	5,054,257	_	44,708,805		29,964,334	_	14,744,471
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(11,257)	_	(39,665,805)	_	(21,298,923)	_	18,366,882
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in						29,983,456		(29,983,456)
Total other financing sources (uses)			_			29,983,456		(29,983,456)
Net change in fund balance		(11,257)		(39,665,805)		8,684,533		(11,616,574)
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		2,566,879	_	2,566,879		2,566,879		
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2021	\$	2,555,622	\$	(37,098,926)	\$	11,251,412	\$	(11,616,574)

**City of Chandler** 

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Community Development Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	ı	Non-GAAP Actual		Over (Under)
	Original			Final		Amounts	Fii	nal Budget
REVENUES:								
Grants and entitlements	\$	2,805,950	\$	2,805,950	\$	2,490,263	\$	(315,687)
Total revenues		2,805,950		2,805,950		2,490,263		(315,687)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		3,297,014		3,329,455		2,598,240		731,215
Total expenditures		3,297,014		3,329,455		2,598,240		731,215
Net change in fund balance		(491,064)		(523,505)		(107,977)		415,528
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		545,715		545,715		545,715		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	54,651	\$	22,210	\$	437,738	\$	415,528

**City of Chandler**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Police Confiscated Property Special Revenue

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Dudgatad			Non-GAAP		Over
	 Budgeted	An		Actual		(Under)
	 Original	_	Final	Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000	\$ 66,390	\$	(683,610)
Total revenues	750,000		750,000	66,390		(683,610)
EXPENDITURES:						
General government	29,000		29,000	_		29,000
Public safety	645,000		645,000	24,159		620,841
Capital outlay	 105,000		105,000	41,220		63,780
Total expenditures	779,000		779,000	65,379		713,621
Net change in fund balance	(29,000)		(29,000)	1,011		30,011
Fund balance (deficit), July 1, 2020	(36,316)		(36,316)	(36,316)		
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2021	\$ (65,316)	\$	(65,316)	\$ (35,305)	\$	30,011

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Parks and Recreation Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2021

					No	on-GAAP		Over
		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	(Under)	
	(	Original		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES:		_						_
Grants and entitlements	\$	93,900	\$	93,900	\$	53,773	\$	(40,127)
Interest revenue		5,000		5,000		(126)		(5,126)
Total revenues		98,900		98,900		53,647		(45,253)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		15,000		15,000		_		15,000
Community services		103,559		103,559		40,373		63,186
Total expenditures		118,559		118,559		40,373		78,186
Net change in fund balance		(19,659)		(19,659)		13,274		32,933
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		286,224		286,224		286,224		_
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	266,565	\$	266,565	\$	299,498	\$	32,933

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Museum Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Non-GAAP Actual		Over (Under)
	Oı	riginal		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Grants and entitlements	\$	200	\$	200	\$	5,429	\$	5,229
Interest revenue		1,000		1,000		18		(982)
Total revenues		1,200		1,200		5,447		4,247
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b> General government		4,000		4,000		_		4,000
Community services		31,410		31,410		_		31,410
Total expenditures		35,410		35,410		_		35,410
Net change in fund balance		(34,210)		(34,210)		5,447		39,657
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		43,462		43,462		43,462		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	9,252	\$	9,252	\$	48,909	\$	39,657

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Library Special Revenue For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Non-GAAP Actual		Over (Under)
		riginal		Final	Amounts			nal Budget
REVENUES:								
Grants and entitlements	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	32,149	\$	(47,851)
Interest revenue		1,000		1,000		225		(775)
Total revenues		81,000		81,000		32,374		(48,626)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		1,197		1,197		_		1,197
Community services		79,803		79,803		19,627		60,176
Total expenditures		81,000		81,000		19,627		61,373
Net change in fund balance		_		_		12,747		12,747
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		49,311		49,311		49,311		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	49,311	\$	49,311	\$	62,058	\$	12,747

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Special Assessment Bonds For the year ended June 30, 2021

				Non-GAAP		Over	
		Budgeted	Amou	unts	Actual		(Under)
	O	riginal		Final	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Special assessments	\$		\$		\$ 587,020	\$	587,020
Total revenues					587,020		587,020
EXPENDITURES:							
Principal		_		_	585,000		(585,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		_			61,500		(61,500)
Total expenditures					646,500		(646,500)
Net change in fund balance		_		_	(59,480)		(59,480)
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		99,144		99,144	99,144		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	99,144	\$	99,144	\$ 39,664	\$	(59,480)

# City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Government Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

					Non-GAAP		Over
		Budgeted	An	mounts	Actual		(Under)
		Original		Final	Amounts	_F	inal Budget
REVENUES:							
Contributions	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 5,201,737	\$	5,201,737
Miscellaneous		250,000	_	250,000	 		(250,000)
Total revenues		250,000		250,000	 5,201,737		4,951,737
EXPENDITURES:							
General government		16,401,391		6,556,146	2,909,100		3,647,046
Public safety		5,210,950		1,479,612	740,626		738,986
Transportation and development		14,459,906		2,239,815	939,071		1,300,744
Community services		3,324,565		1,106,329	545,380		560,949
Capital outlay		11,777,485		39,803,043	21,150,445		18,652,598
Total expenditures		51,174,297	_	51,184,945	 26,284,622		24,900,323
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(	50,924,297)		(50,934,945)	 (21,082,885)		29,852,060
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		50,924,297		50,924,297	7,999,744		(42,924,553)
Total other financing sources (uses)		50,924,297		50,924,297	 7,999,744		(42,924,553)
Net change in fund balance		_		(10,648)	(13,083,141)		(13,072,493)
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		1,667		1,667	 1,667		
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2021	\$	1,667	\$	(8,981)	\$ (13,081,474)	\$	(13,072,493)

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Public Buildings Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

					ا	Non-GAAP		Over
	_	Budgeted	An	nounts		Actual		(Under)
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:								
System development fees	\$	145,000	\$	145,000	\$	193,846	\$	48,846
Interest revenue		1,500		1,500		2,350		850
Total revenues		146,500		146,500		196,196		49,696
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		42,000		42,000		1,500		40,500
Total expenditures		42,000		42,000		1,500		40,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		104,500		104,500		194,696		90,196
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(175,000)		(175,000)				175,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(175,000)		(175,000)				175,000
Net change in fund balance		(70,500)		(70,500)		194,696		265,196
Fund balance (deficit), July 1, 2020		(2,113,164)		(2,113,164)		(2,113,164)		
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2021	\$	(2,183,664)	\$	(2,183,664)	\$	(1,918,468)	\$	265,196

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Grants Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Non-GAAP	Over
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	(Under)
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Grants and entitlements	\$ 27,673,134	\$ 27,673,134	\$ 10,522,461	\$ (17,150,673)
Charges for services	270,718	270,718	249,256	(21,462)
Total revenues	27,943,852	27,943,852	10,771,717	(17,172,135)
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	1,663,604	1,338,589	96,546	1,242,043
Transportation and development	27,187,322	1,872,687	2,298,752	635,187
Community services	660,097	47,393	1	47,392
Capital outlay	25,037,296	55,864,436	24,257,485	31,606,951
Total expenditures	54,548,319	59,123,105	26,652,784	33,531,573
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(26,604,467)	(31,179,253)	(15,881,067)	16,359,438
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out		(120,000)		120,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(120,000)		120,000
Net change in fund balance	(26,604,467)	(31,299,253)	(15,881,067)	16,479,438
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	2,554,269	2,554,269	2,554,269	
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2021	\$ (24,050,198)	\$ (28,744,984)	\$ (13,326,798)	\$ 16,479,438

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Streets Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Non-GAAP	Over
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	(Under)
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Regional transportation taxes	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,226,568	\$ 2,226,568
System development fees	4,133,600	4,133,600	4,882,337	748,737
Interest revenue	1,023,000	1,023,000	(21,408)	(1,044,408)
Total revenues	5,156,600	5,156,600	7,087,497	1,930,897
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	2,501,500	6,427,392	1,500	6,425,892
Transportation and development	35,841,038	3,075,802	4,119,777	(1,043,975)
Capital outlay	31,797,681	59,440,321	32,333,991	27,106,330
Total expenditures	70,140,219	68,943,515	36,455,268	32,488,247
Net change in fund balance	(64,983,619)	(63,786,915)	(29,367,771)	34,419,144
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	81,698,832	81,698,832	81,698,832	
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 16,715,213	\$ 17,911,917	\$ 52,331,061	\$ 34,419,144

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Community Services Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Non-GAAP	Over
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	(Under)
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
System development fees	\$ 1,994,200	\$ 1,994,200	\$ 2,369,341	\$ 375,141
Interest revenue	610,200	610,200	(17,387)	(627,587)
Total revenues	2,604,400	2,604,400	2,351,954	(252,446)
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	5,624,800	6,027,446	3,000	6,024,446
Community services	11,851,649	2,096,729	163,284	1,933,445
Capital outlay	6,191,868	14,402,988	7,866,725	6,536,263
Total expenditures	23,668,317	22,527,163	8,033,009	14,494,154
Net change in fund balance	(21,063,917)	(19,922,763)	(5,681,055)	14,241,708
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	44,191,524	44,191,524	44,191,524	
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 23,127,607	\$ 24,268,761	\$ 38,510,469	\$ 14,241,708

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Public Safety Buildings and Improvements Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	An	nounts		Non-GAAP Actual		Over (Under)
		Original Final			Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
System development fees	\$	792,000	\$	792,000	\$	618,768	\$	(173,232)
Interest revenue		27,000		27,000		46,917		19,917
Total revenues		819,000	_	819,000	_	665,685		(153,315)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		283,000		416,135		3,000		413,135
Public safety		163,970		13,566		_		13,566
Capital outlay				17,269		19,944		(2,675)
Total expenditures		446,970		446,970		22,944		424,026
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		372,030		372,030		642,741		270,711
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(1,350,000)		(1,350,000)				1,350,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,350,000)		(1,350,000)				1,350,000
Net change in fund balance		(977,970)		(977,970)		642,741		1,620,711
Fund balance (deficit), July 1, 2020		(5,548,312)		(5,548,312)		(5,548,312)		
Fund balance (deficit), June 30, 2021	\$	(6,526,282)	\$	(6,526,282)	\$	(4,905,571)	\$	1,620,711

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Vehicle and Capital Equipment Replacement Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	An	nounts		Non-GAAP Actual		Over (Under)	
	 Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:	 							
Interest revenue	\$ 239,000	\$	239,000	\$	(18,712)	\$	(257,712)	
Miscellaneous					21,319		21,319	
Total revenues	 239,000		239,000	_	2,607		(236,393)	
EXPENDITURES:								
General government	2,744,000		3,829,796		_		3,829,796	
Public safety	5,325,735		_		432,516		(432,516)	
Capital outlay	1,717,280		6,244,609		5,470,986		773,623	
Total expenditures	 9,787,015		10,074,405		5,903,502		4,170,903	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (9,548,015)		(9,835,405)		(5,900,895)		3,934,510	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	300,000		300,000		220,879		(79,121)	
Transfers in	 3,316,983		3,316,983		3,316,983		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,616,983		3,616,983	_	3,537,862		(79,121)	
Net change in fund balance	(5,931,032)		(6,218,422)		(2,363,033)		3,855,389	
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	 11,365,061		11,365,061		11,365,061			
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 5,434,029	\$	5,146,639	\$	9,002,028	\$	3,855,389	

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Technology Replacement Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Am	nounts	1	Non-GAAP Actual	Over (Under)	
	Original			Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Interest revenue	\$	178,000	\$	178,000	\$	5,854	\$	(172,146)
Total revenues		178,000		178,000		5,854		(172,146)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		2,017,000		1,261,379		3,859,370		(2,597,991)
Capital outlay		4,306,271		4,386,210		622,957		3,763,253
Total expenditures		6,323,271		5,647,589		4,482,327		1,165,262
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(6,145,271)		(5,469,589)		(4,476,473)		993,116
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		3,638,571		3,638,571		3,661,604		23,033
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,638,571		3,638,571		3,661,604		23,033
Net change in fund balance		(2,506,700)		(1,831,018)		(814,869)		1,016,149
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		5,672,399		5,672,399		5,672,399		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	3,165,699	\$	3,841,381	\$	4,857,530	\$	1,016,149

City of Chandler Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Municipal Arts Capital Projects For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Non-GAAP Actual			Over (Under)	
	(	Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	57,400	\$	57,400	\$	57,455	\$	55
Interest revenue		9,300		9,300		257		(9,043)
Total revenues		66,700		66,700		57,712		(8,988)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		23,000		23,000		_		23,000
Community services		512,385		512,385		14,012		498,373
Total expenditures		535,385		535,385		14,012		521,373
Net change in fund balance		(468,685)		(468,685)		43,700		512,385
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		666,325		666,325		666,325		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$	197,640	\$	197,640	\$	710,025	\$	512,385

### City of Chandler Non-Major Proprietary Funds

#### **Solid Waste**

Used to account for the provision of solid waste (refuse) services to the residential customers of the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

#### **Airport**

Used to account for the provision of airport services at the City's municipal airport. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to administration, operation, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

#### **Chandler Housing Authority**

Used to account for expenditures of the City's housing assistance programs which consist of housing owned and operated by the City and rent subsidy payments to private sector owners of dwelling units. Financing for this fund is derived from tenants and the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

### City of Chandler Combining Statement of Net Position -Non-Major Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Solid Waste	Airport	Chandler Housing Authority	Total Other Proprietary Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$21,693,051	\$ 29,744	\$ 8,242,401	\$29,965,196
Accounts receivable	2,365,776	388	41,322	2,407,486
Due from other governments	_	33,600	49,456	83,056
Inventories	_	36,608	_	36,608
Accrued interest receivable	42,089	_	15,879	57,968
Other receivables	33	_	_	33
Total current assets	24,100,949	100,340	8,349,058	32,550,347
Long-term assets:				
Notes receivable	_	_	154,750	154,750
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	6,622,659	19,092,852	1,751,537	27,467,048
Depreciable, net	7,054,942	12,744,676	7,035,155	26,834,773
Total capital assets	13,677,601	31,837,528	8,786,692	54,301,821
Total long-term assets	13,677,601	31,837,528	8,941,442	54,456,571
Total assets	37,778,550	31,937,868	17,290,500	87,006,918
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of OPEB and pension plan items	411,989	272,820	556,721	1,241,530

#### LIABILITIES

LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,256,784	53,213	49,944	1,359,941
Accrued payroll	55,651	18,194	49,038	122,883
Trust liabilities and deposits	_	57,530	618,103	675,633
Customer advances	81,021	26,640	215,097	322,758
Compensated absences payable	17,536	6,485	19,535	43,556
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	94,446			94,446
Total current liabilities	1,505,438	162,062	951,717	2,619,217
Long torm liabilities				
Long-term liabilities:	70.104	20.256	00 110	106 470
Compensated absences payable	79,104	29,256	88,118	196,478
Net pension liability	1,349,904	1,274,519	2,359,378	4,983,801
OPEB liability	516,026	181,563	583,163	1,280,752
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	4,245,554			4,245,554
Total long-term liabilities	6,190,588	1,485,338	3,030,659	10,706,585
Total liabilities	7,696,026	1,647,400	3,982,376	13,325,802
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of OPEB and pension plan items	67,858	54,301	330,674	452,833
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	13,677,601	31,837,528	8,786,692	54,301,821
Unrestricted	16,749,054	(1,328,541)	4,747,479	20,167,992
Total net position	\$30,426,655	\$30,508,987	\$13,534,171	\$74,469,813



### City of Chandler Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES:	Solid Waste	Airport	Chandler Housing Authority	Total Other Proprietary Funds
Service fees	\$ 17,480,050	\$ 893,268	\$ 200	\$ 18,373,518
Grants and entitlements	<b>4</b> 17,400,030	<b>4</b> 033,200	7,965,078	7,965,078
Rentals	_	_	1,262,766	1,262,766
Sales taxes	_	16,516		16,516
Miscellaneous	_	71,839	62,182	134,021
Total operating revenues	17,480,050	981,623	9,290,226	27,751,899
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
General and administrative	1,033,310	102,341	_	1,135,651
Personnel services	1,821,489	599,585	1,645,073	4,066,147
Contractual services	12,724,981	60,184	1,054,880	13,840,045
Commodities	849,188	352,904	434,276	1,636,368
Housing assistance payments	_	_	5,475,829	5,475,829
Depreciation and amortization expense	611,341	1,071,710	597,473	2,280,524
Total operating expenses	17,040,309	2,186,724	9,207,531	28,434,564
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	439,741	(1,205,101)	82,695	(682,665)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest revenue	(18,732)	2	3,620	(15,110)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(18,732)	2	3,620	(15,110)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	421,009	(1,205,099)	86,315	(697,775)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION AND TRANSFERS:				
Capital contributions	_	91,512	_	91,512
Transfers in	_	262,006	285,000	547,006
Transfers out	(105,421)	(28,956)		(134,377)
Total capital contributions and transfers	(105,421)	324,562	285,000	504,141
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	315,588	(880,537)	371,315	(193,634)
NET POSITION				
Beginning of year	30,111,067	31,389,524	13,162,856	74,663,447
End of year	\$ 30,426,655	\$ 30,508,987	\$ 13,534,171	\$ 74,469,813

City of Chandler Combining Statement of Cash Flows -Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

				Chandler Housing	Total Other Proprietary
	5	Solid Waste	Airport	Authority	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			· ·	 	 _
Cash received from customers	\$	17,535,604	\$ 988,652	\$ 1,491,339	\$ 20,015,595
Cash received from grantors		_	(33,600)	7,980,864	7,947,264
Cash payments to suppliers		(14,425,205)	(520,538)	(6,976,176)	(21,921,919)
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,793,702)	(582,018)	 (1,626,856)	 (4,002,576)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,316,697	(147,504)	 869,171	 2,038,364
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Transfers in		_	262,006	285,000	547,006
Transfers out		(105,421)	(28,956)	_	(134,377)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(105,421)	233,050	285,000	 412,629
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(518,441)	(154,273)	 (198,986)	 (871,700)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(518,441)	(154,273)	(198,986)	 (871,700)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Investment income		10,849	2	 12,623	 23,474
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		10,849	2	 12,623	23,474
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		703,684	(68,725)	967,808	1,602,767
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:					
Beginning of year		20,989,367	98,469	 7,274,593	 28,362,429
End of year	\$	21,693,051	\$ 29,744	\$ 8,242,401	\$ 29,965,196

### RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Operating income (loss)	\$ 439,741	\$ (1,205,101)	\$ 82,695	\$ (682,665)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		_		
cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	611,341	1,071,710	597,473	2,280,524
Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred items:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables	48,855	352	(9,283)	39,924
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	_	(33,600)	_	(33,600)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	_	(29,118)	_	(29,118)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	_	_	(150,855)	(150,855)
Increase (decrease) in payables	182,274	24,009	(11,191)	195,092
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and compensated absences	16,501	12,923	9,841	39,265
Increase (decrease) in deposits	_	9,770	42,705	52,475
Increase (decrease) in customer advances	6,699	(3,093)	148,555	152,161
Increase (decrease) in net pension items	(82,565)	(27,654)	72,302	(37,917)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	 93,851	32,298	86,929	 213,078
Total adjustments	876,956	1,057,597	786,476	2,721,029
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,316,697	\$ (147,504)	\$ 869,171	\$ 2,038,364
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Contributions of capital assets from city government	\$ _	\$ 91,512	\$ _	\$ 91,512



### **Statistical Section**

Financial Trends
Revenue Capacity
Debt Capacity
Demographic and Economic Information
Operating Information



### "The Future's in Sight"

Chandler's employees are passionate about serving the community and businesses. This team of professionals bring innovation and quality to the customer service experience.

### **CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA**

#### **Statistical Section**

This part of the City of Chandler's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	142
Schedules 1-6 contain information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	158
Schedules 7-9 contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its sales and use tax.	
Debt Capacity	162
Schedules 10-13b present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Schedules 14-30 provide additional information for continuing disclosure purposes.	
Demographic and Economic Information	186
Schedules 31-32 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	188
Schedules 33-35 contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs	

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year									
		2012		2013		2014		2015			
Governmental activities				_		_		_			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	545,926,100	\$	558,279,485	\$	563,033,503	\$	567,041,560			
Restricted		44,047,942		112,307,412		105,723,768		108,965,994			
Unrestricted		259,783,598		179,518,042		183,088,676		7,709,550			
Total governmental activities net position		849,757,640		850,104,939		851,845,947		683,717,104			
Business-type activities											
Net investment in capital assets		280,440,445		355,015,004		388,837,444		380,427,606			
Restricted		_		_		_		119,075			
Unrestricted		179,339,498		176,961,822		206,284,498		217,824,645			
Total business-type activities net position		459,779,943		531,976,826		595,121,942		598,371,326			
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets		826,366,545		913,294,489		951,870,947		947,469,166			
Restricted		44,047,942		112,307,412		105,723,768		109,085,069			
Unrestricted		439,123,096		356,479,864		389,373,174		225,534,195			
Total primary government net position	\$ 1	,309,537,583	\$	1,382,081,765	\$	1,446,967,889	\$	1,282,088,430			

Schedule 1

Fiscal Year											
2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	
\$ 579,591,241 121,767,847 (5,872,464)	\$	587,213,640 122,006,140 (36,358,845)	\$	536,086,249 168,510,855 (65,575,548)	\$	575,953,033 173,490,725 (72,592,489)	\$	547,511,826 191,839,529 (8,655,932)	\$	555,107,220 189,214,016 (6,761,531)	
695,486,624		672,860,935		639,021,556		676,851,269		730,695,423		737,559,705	
342,252,306 31,365,801 258,806,679		439,823,546 32,977,926 176,390,803		467,799,036 33,447,434 243,735,547		481,911,949 31,523,149 249,131,813		477,329,239 33,750,526 267,005,635		458,616,595 32,154,205 299,755,652	
632,424,786		649,192,275		744,982,017		762,566,911		778,085,400		790,526,452	
921,843,547		1,027,037,186		1,003,885,285		1,057,864,982		1,024,841,065		1,013,723,815	
153,133,648		155,184,734		201,958,289		205,013,874		225,590,055		221,368,221	
252,934,215		139,831,290		178,159,999		176,539,324		258,349,703		292,994,121	
\$ 1,327,911,410	\$	1,322,053,210	\$	1,384,003,573	\$	1,439,418,180	\$	1,508,780,823	\$	1,528,086,157	

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Ye	ar	
	 2012	2013		2014	2015
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 88,876,901	\$ 90,143,339	\$	99,231,501	\$ 104,456,315
Public safety	89,141,559	95,974,126		94,738,371	102,050,425
Transportation and development	52,111,019	55,846,316		52,183,052	51,714,085
Community services	28,966,271	30,979,208		32,331,286	31,784,321
Interest and fiscal charges	 12,425,819	11,777,701		10,044,363	6,986,490
Total governmental activities expenses	271,521,569	 284,720,690		288,528,573	 296,991,636
Business-type activities:					
Water	56,277,327	55,440,712		55,877,774	55,470,724
Wastewater	38,804,360	40,401,849		41,969,764	50,823,497
Solid waste	13,756,352	13,974,858		14,131,202	14,087,780
Airport	1,941,752	1,960,788		1,980,706	1,860,057
Chandler housing authority	7,642,503	7,473,891		7,616,301	7,433,284
Total business-type activities expenses	 118,422,294	119,252,098		121,575,747	129,675,342
Total primary government expenses	\$ 389,943,863	\$ 403,972,788	\$	410,104,320	\$ 426,666,978

Schedule 2a

	Fiscal Year										
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
\$	112,514,903	\$	104,998,802	\$	113,587,478	\$	114,373,302	\$	138,850,297	\$	162,849,542
	111,568,323		149,366,614		112,371,723		124,906,187		109,544,169		122,146,366
	55,012,081		56,752,197		55,287,494		53,806,473		59,777,330		58,847,053
	31,441,019		32,599,549		36,824,102		36,990,853		38,195,563		39,565,719
	7,884,146		6,623,830		6,716,119		7,046,655		6,885,184		6,653,197
											_
	318,420,472		350,340,992		324,786,916		337,123,470		353,252,543		390,061,877
	54,075,742		63,236,746		61,513,990		58,297,769		60,330,758		62,049,102
	51,034,921		58,112,931		60,605,779		61,218,775		66,788,084		62,753,454
	13,925,017		14,380,178		14,531,558		15,221,985		16,522,728		17,040,309
	2,011,880		1,893,830		1,841,718		2,038,417		2,382,288		2,186,724
	7,267,806		7,728,876		8,109,635		8,478,235		8,710,570		9,207,531
_	128,315,366	_	145,352,561	_	146,602,680	_	145,255,181	_	154,734,428	_	153,237,120
\$	446,735,838	\$	495,693,553	\$	471,389,596	\$	482,378,651	\$	507,986,971	\$	543,298,997

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal	Year	
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	\$ 31,381,062	\$ 35,898,378	\$ 38,832,217	\$ 39,207,061
Public safety	5,794,329	7,375,050	5,861,044	6,469,215
Transportation and development	27,905,311	10,150,102	16,145,692	14,438,138
Community services	4,136,285	8,240,732	7,744,507	7,551,166
Operating grants and contributions	6,162,320	3,999,536	4,744,636	3,514,714
Capital grants and contributions	11,016,136	9,116,635	10,170,236	13,133,637
Total governmental activities program revenues	86,395,443	74,780,433	83,498,332	84,313,931
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Water	49,565,071	48,258,282	49,588,376	48,045,103
Wastewater	35,907,085	37,690,400	40,509,289	45,666,777
Solid waste	13,890,957	13,836,363	14,034,894	14,140,246
Airport	996,605	976,102	961,067	1,010,288
Chandler housing authority	466,556	637,329	806,540	877,380
Operating grants and contributions	6,341,087	5,785,335	5,457,991	5,862,477
Capital grants and contributions	19,118,567	81,572,568	72,176,582	35,357,741
Total business-type activities program revenues	126,285,928	188,756,379	183,534,739	150,960,012
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 212,681,371	\$ 263,536,812	\$ 267,033,071	\$ 235,273,943
Net (expense)/revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (185,126,126)	\$ (209,940,257)	\$ (205,030,041)	\$ (212,677,705)
Business-type activities	7,863,634	69,504,281	61,958,992	21,284,670
Total primary government net (expense)	\$(177,262,492)	\$(140,435,976)	\$(143,071,049)	\$(191,393,035)

Schedule 2b

			Fisca	l Ye	ar			
2016	2017		2018		2019		2020	2021
\$ 42,021,638 7,471,344 16,538,175 10,792,114 5,188,787 16,725,462	\$ 41,400,079 6,561,052 16,333,273 10,732,351 4,481,750 9,702,683	\$	43,089,930 6,100,584 17,145,894 9,180,276 3,988,629 9,340,818	\$	43,622,807 4,998,779 14,869,670 7,583,513 4,522,345 10,510,464	\$	43,203,865 6,512,002 16,420,652 5,623,796 31,052,185 18,714,457	\$ 42,011,670 5,073,984 14,266,302 5,437,401 18,694,567 16,573,341
98,737,520	89,211,188		88,846,131		86,107,578		121,526,957	102,057,265
· · ·	· · ·				· · ·		· · ·	· · ·
50,483,097	53,251,020		54,031,592		52,459,720		54,722,296	58,755,999
51,321,346	53,563,934		56,367,650		56,055,131		61,531,949	61,971,940
14,940,591	15,648,992		16,307,409		16,107,922		16,757,829	17,480,050
946,419	950,294		963,827		906,557		880,194	893,268
946,408	954,070		1,085,013		1,155,430		1,188,570	1,262,966
5,784,021	6,198,797		6,350,858		7,224,669		7,137,950	7,965,078
32,690,364	27,645,932		22,360,158		18,335,155		14,190,016	14,355,873
 157,112,246	 158,213,039		157,466,507		152,244,584		156,408,804	 162,685,174
\$ 255,849,766	\$ 247,424,227	<u>\$</u>	246,312,638	<u>\$</u>	238,352,162	<u>\$</u>	277,935,761	\$ 264,742,439
\$ (219,682,952)	\$ (261,129,804)	\$	(235,940,785)	\$	(251,015,892)	\$	(231,725,586)	\$ (288,004,612)
28,796,880	12,860,478		10,863,827		6,989,403		1,674,376	9,448,054
\$ (190,886,072)	\$ (248,269,326)	\$	(225,076,958)	\$	(244,026,489)	\$	(230,051,210)	\$ (278,556,558)

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Ye	ar	
	2012	2013		2014	2015
<b>Governmental Revenues and</b>					
Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities:					
Property taxes	\$ 31,877,716	\$ 29,656,415	\$	28,348,952	\$ 28,708,033
Sales taxes	97,485,387	102,200,517		103,880,801	108,657,130
Highway user taxes	11,823,280	12,929,504		13,352,622	14,633,470
Other taxes	5,979,715	6,295,212		3,243,937	10,106,891
Franchise fees	2,988,456	2,936,533		3,145,449	3,300,129
State shared	45,958,627	51,347,206		55,423,759	59,236,588
Investment income	1,221,923	2,843,417		1,869,128	1,763,585
Miscellaneous	1,116,832	2,181,627		819,766	1,197,215
Transfers in (out)	(74,075)	(102,875)		(132,082)	(123,350)
Total governmental activities	 198,377,861	210,287,556		209,952,332	227,479,691
Business-type activities:					
Sales taxes	_	_		70,065	10,865
Investment income	389,446	1,180,290		788,025	819,556
Miscellaneous	1,351,829	1,409,437		1,683,332	2,475,760
Transfers in (out)	74,075	102,875		132,082	123,350
Total business-type activities:	1,815,350	2,692,602		2,673,504	3,429,531
Total primary government	\$ 200,193,211	\$ 212,980,158	\$	212,625,836	\$ 230,909,222
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$ 13,251,735	\$ 347,299	\$	4,922,291	\$ 14,801,986
Business-type activities	9,678,984	72,196,883		64,632,496	24,714,201
Total primary government	\$ 22,930,719	\$ 72,544,182	\$	69,554,787	\$ 39,516,187

Schedule 2c

	Fiscal Year												
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		
\$	29,214,103 112,250,883 15,303,635 6,100,475 3,344,817 60,712,442 3,834,840 1,124,559	\$	29,837,763 120,189,651 16,683,743 664,616 3,285,267 65,924,228 1,063,997 1,014,665	\$	30,816,495 127,584,410 16,135,949 940,203 3,571,744 64,723,211 1,531,766 1,502,418	\$	32,550,250 139,851,355 17,301,902 866,267 3,567,184 67,156,430 14,822,135 1,261,279	\$	34,419,182 140,644,918 16,996,911 1,153,237 3,441,225 70,769,943 16,951,295 2,085,020	\$	36,371,978 157,513,686 18,108,310 2,226,568 3,823,524 80,699,253 584,026 1,820,520		
	(433,282)		(159,815)		(4,175,579)		(90,680)		(891,991)		105,991		
	231,452,472		238,504,115		242,630,617		277,286,122		285,569,740		301,253,856		
	10,391		10,682		13,769		17,347		15,521		16,516		
	2,180,447		938,491		854,848		7,742,589		9,974,135		249,448		
	2,632,460		2,798,023		14,923,212		2,842,825		2,962,466		2,833,025		
	433,282		159,815		4,175,579		90,680		891,991		(105,991)		
	5,256,580		3,907,011		19,967,408		10,693,441		13,844,113		2,992,998		
\$	236,709,052	\$	242,411,126	\$	262,598,025	\$	287,979,563	\$	299,413,853	\$	304,246,854		
\$	11,769,520 34,053,460 45,822,980	\$ 	(22,625,689) 16,767,489 (5,858,200)	\$ 	6,689,832 30,831,235 37,521,067	\$ 	26,270,230 17,682,844 43,953,074	\$	53,844,154 15,518,489 69,362,643	\$	13,249,244 12,441,052 25,690,296		
<u> </u>	73,022,300	<u>Ψ</u>	(3,030,200)	<b>4</b>	37,321,007	<b>—</b>	73,733,074	Ψ_	07,302,043	<u>+</u>	23,030,230		

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Ye	ar	
	2012	2013		2014	2015
General fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 947,804	\$ 938,549	\$	892,533	\$ 941,359
Restricted	939,867	939,867		1,166,105	1,792,180
Assigned	102,635,587	101,115,766		95,185,696	102,222,466
Unassigned	69,223,074	66,077,714		82,453,462	80,152,269
Total general fund	\$ 173,746,332	\$ 169,071,896	\$	179,697,796	\$ 185,108,274
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable	_	_		_	_
Restricted	111,378,788	111,367,545		104,557,663	107,173,814
Unassigned	 (12,798,348)	(13,646,428)		(11,034,021)	(15,322,260)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 98,580,440	\$ 97,721,117	\$	93,523,642	\$ 91,851,554

#### Schedule 3

Fiscal Year													
2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021			
\$ 907,594	\$	979,446	\$	813,143	\$	866,239	\$	985,396	\$	1,051,638			
1,566,618		1,451,061		1,980,807		2,179,767		1,710,608		1,711,242			
109,958,162		101,620,277		116,359,633		131,214,214		139,326,860		143,763,585			
 68,567,835		87,492,981		65,182,337		66,035,760		90,887,858		96,065,934			
\$ 181,000,209	\$	191,543,765	\$	184,335,920	\$	200,295,980	\$	232,910,722	\$	242,592,399			
\$ _	\$	7,422	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_			
120,201,229		120,640,190		166,570,330		171,310,958		190,128,921		187,759,476			
(11,877,159)		(11,350,383)		(2,555,420)		(5,758,986)		(7,697,792)		(7,226,577)			
\$ 108,324,070	\$	109,297,229	\$	164,014,910	\$	165,551,972	\$	182,431,129	\$	180,532,899			

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 Fiscal Year									
	2012		2013		2014		2015			
Property taxes	\$ 32,329,560	\$	29,841,739	\$	28,442,823	\$	28,899,684			
Sales taxes	97,485,387		102,200,517		103,880,801		108,657,130			
Highway user taxes	11,823,280		12,929,504		13,352,622		14,633,470			
Other taxes	5,979,715		6,295,212		3,243,937		10,106,891			
Franchise fees	2,988,456		2,936,533		3,145,449		3,300,129			
State shared revenues	45,958,627		51,347,206		55,423,759		59,236,588			
Grants and entitlements	13,826,606		9,480,090		10,187,895		10,638,831			
System development fees	11,724,823		7,781,083		11,846,275		10,585,623			
Special assessments	678,027		676,127		678,843		573,438			
Licenses and permits	6,955,605		4,887,466		5,479,384		5,146,556			
Charges for services	19,938,566		19,786,513		20,269,976		20,110,036			
Fines and forfeitures	4,700,430		5,825,098		4,622,215		4,601,501			
Rentals	455,842		570,638		732,807		751,163			
Contributions	100,000		100,000		100,000		150,000			
Interest revenue	1,034,895		2,529,078		1,623,973		1,562,241			
Miscellaneous	 1,392,691		1,384,123		650,117		572,252			
Total revenues	\$ 257,372,510	\$	258,570,927	\$	263,680,876	\$	279,525,533			

Schedule 4

Fiscal Year												
2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		
\$ 29,237,607	\$	29,692,846	\$	30,819,812	\$	32,526,357	\$	34,334,216	\$	36,409,345		
112,250,883		120,189,651		127,584,410		139,851,355		140,644,918		157,513,686		
15,303,635		16,683,743		16,135,949		17,301,902		16,996,911		18,108,310		
6,100,475		664,616		940,203		866,267		1,153,237		2,226,568		
3,344,817		3,285,267		3,571,744		3,567,184		3,441,225		3,823,524		
60,712,442		65,924,228		64,723,211		67,156,430		70,769,943		80,699,253		
16,159,064		12,677,860		12,111,857		11,911,639		49,719,415		29,417,028		
16,217,004		14,683,327		13,982,674		9,023,678		8,730,973		8,207,728		
606,757		607,191		611,499		610,501		508,485		587,020		
6,634,161		7,075,996		6,394,322		7,268,592		7,760,403		6,656,737		
19,705,786		20,869,517		21,827,375		21,512,737		20,355,702		19,631,389		
4,828,174		3,908,387		4,865,783		4,234,286		5,571,322		2,920,173		
974,192		678,387		127,575		127,206		213,345		174,766		
200,000		200,000		200,000		200,000		596,153		5,201,737		
3,409,065		921,195		1,398,729		13,268,020		15,017,352		533,383		
897,102		494,984		974,107		923,369		1,471,977		1,105,070		
\$ 296,581,164	\$	298,557,195	\$	306,269,250	\$	330,349,523	\$	377,285,577	\$	373,215,717		

## CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year										
	2012	2013	2014	2015								
General government	\$ 48,894,811	\$ 44,512,533	\$ 46,807,747	\$ 46,895,106								
Public safety	82,820,106	89,587,613	90,068,218	93,773,306								
Transportation and development	25,532,739	24,807,578	23,418,175	24,769,553								
Community services	23,255,568	23,554,854	23,771,925	24,569,283								
Capital improvements	29,787,069	41,793,319	45,657,265	56,539,116								
Debt service:												
Principal retirement	15,970,000	26,870,000	15,955,000	21,490,000								
Interest and fiscal charges	12,550,323	11,908,025	10,682,206	7,737,974								
Bond issuance costs			145,970	722,293								
Total expenditures	\$ 238,810,616	\$ 263,033,922	\$ 256,506,506	\$ 276,496,631								
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	13.5 %	16.4 %	11.6 %	11.7 %								

<sup>(1)</sup> In FY 2017, the City called the remaining payments for the 2007 GO Refunding issuance totaling \$8,110,000.

Schedule 5

Fiscal Year												
2016	2017		2018	2019	2020	2021						
\$ 52,138,384	\$ 50,892,490		\$ 55,706,708	\$ 58,070,201	\$ 79,624,174	\$ 93,482,842						
104,605,663	103,167,906		109,736,277	111,496,663	113,166,600	119,357,759						
25,471,154	28,294,221		27,750,365	25,871,080	30,117,735	31,640,566						
24,988,844	26,605,279		27,088,640	27,712,871	28,344,665	29,084,081						
50,009,243	44,712,255		71,268,257	69,006,722	77,024,413	61,907,124						
17,465,000	25,240,000	(1)	20,264,000	22,820,000	21,340,000	19,980,000						
8,635,631	7,689,305		7,918,081	8,270,161	8,073,320	7,801,885						
	249,838		252,611		319,631							
\$ 283,313,919	\$ 286,851,294		\$ 319,984,939	\$ 323,247,698	\$ 358,010,538	\$ 363,254,257						
10.2 %	12.9 %		10.4 %	11.3 %	9.5 %	8.0 %						

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	2012		2013		2014		2015				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Bond premium	\$ _	\$	_	\$	562,052	\$	17,045,635				
Face amount of bonds issued	_		_		8,660,000		128,254,000				
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	89,007		76,381		161,126		103,964				
Payment to escrow agent	_		_		(9,061,800)		(143,635,520)				
Transfers in	20,576,188		32,849,979		24,586,418		28,717,990				
Transfers out	(22,685,504)		(33,997,394)		(25,653,741)		(29,776,581)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,020,309)		(1,071,034)		(745,945)		709,488				
Net change in fund balance	\$ 16,541,585	\$	(5,533,759)	\$	6,428,425	\$	3,738,390				

Schedule 6

		Fiscal Year													
2016		2017		2018			2019		2020		2021				
\$	_	\$	6,339,230	\$	3,609,365	\$	_	\$	2,927,904	\$	_				
	_		25,500,000		58,740,000		_		30,400,000		_				
	463,709		652,882		213,829		1,356,796		396,924		225,081				
	_		(31,589,392)		_		_		_		_				
	27,885,557		28,116,369		46,032,351		45,484,505		39,282,296		44,961,787				
	(29,252,060)		(29,208,275)		(47,370,020)		(48,005,487)		(42,788,264)		(47,364,881)				
	(902,794)		(189,186)		61,225,525		(1,164,186)		30,218,860		(2,178,013)				
\$	12,364,451	\$	11,516,715	\$	47,509,836	\$	5,937,639	\$	49,493,899	\$	7,783,447				

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA TAXABLE REVENUE BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fisca	l Ye	ar	
	 2012	2013		2014	2015
Amusements	\$ 714,641	\$ 717,442	\$	728,110	\$ 895,730
Contracting	10,869,566	10,408,518		9,780,645	8,870,092
General Retail	42,844,871	45,331,307		47,454,682	49,740,000
Hotel/Motel	2,255,786	2,288,989		2,472,754	2,892,470
Miscellaneous Related Revenue (1)	2,334,179	2,937,426		2,660,201	2,815,040
Publishing	352,550	334,981		258,547	260,712
Rentals - Personal Property	2,606,371	2,884,618		2,949,421	3,261,716
Rentals - Real Property	10,025,726	10,817,611		11,058,203	11,967,509
Restaurant/Bar	8,670,199	9,069,109		9,542,714	10,188,718
Telecommunications	3,628,007	3,731,350		3,533,636	3,435,949
Use Tax	1,054,968	1,315,599		1,090,428	1,145,534
Proposition 207	_	_		_	_
Utilities	12,128,475	12,363,565		12,421,526	 13,194,526
Total Sales and Use Taxes	\$ 97,485,339	\$ 102,200,515	\$	103,950,867	\$ 108,667,996
City Direct Sales Tax Rate (2)	1.76%	1.75%		1.75%	1.76%

**Source:** City of Chandler, Management Services Department

- (1) Includes license application fees, annual license fees, audit assessments, penalties and interest.
- (2) The direct tax rate was calculated using a weighted average of the actual revenues collected for each category. Tax rates vary by category, currently ranging from 1.5% to 4.4%.
- (3) In Fiscal Year 2018-19, the City did a restatement to record prior year privilege tax receivables not previously accrued; prior years have not been restated.

Schedule 7

Fiscal Year											
	2016		2017		2018		2019	(3)	2020		2021
\$	1,019,939	\$	1,019,938	\$	1,083,161	\$	1,318,195	\$	972,105	\$	789,411
	8,855,057		11,496,791		12,388,978		17,228,786		12,824,214		14,446,470
	51,191,162		53,137,169		56,605,561		60,029,293		64,911,529		75,590,425
	2,957,685		3,424,279		3,712,085		4,099,450		3,560,787		3,215,504
	2,745,130		2,527,981		2,328,030		1,757,235		1,710,004		2,152,443
	248,433		186,862		182,820		207,462		177,542		197,578
	3,125,459		3,611,180		3,676,196		4,076,298		4,282,451		3,760,815
	13,217,561		13,647,156		15,134,275		16,506,671		18,184,361		19,214,217
	10,752,479		11,341,714		11,872,941		12,773,198		11,978,625		13,099,159
	3,234,369		2,796,065		2,395,673		2,191,747		2,337,375		1,751,284
	1,127,257		3,619,340		4,394,129		5,461,771		5,335,557		7,636,473
	_		_		_		_		_		256,702
_	13,786,741		13,391,857		13,824,331	_	14,218,596		14,385,889		15,419,721
\$	112,261,272	\$	120,200,332	\$	127,598,180	\$	139,868,702	\$	140,660,439	\$	157,530,202
	1.76%		1.75%		1.74%		1.74%		1.73%		1.70%

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES AND USE TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

**Schedule 8** 

			Overlapping Rates	
Fiscal Year	City Direct Tax Rate (1)	Maricopa County Tax Rate (2)	State of Arizona Tax Rate (3)	Tourism & Sports Authority Tax Rate (4)
2012	1.76%	0.67%	5.90%	0.02%
2013	1.75%	0.67%	5.80%	0.02%
2014	1.75%	0.67%	4.99%	0.02%
2015	1.76%	0.67%	4.96%	0.03%
2016	1.76%	0.67%	4.92%	0.03%
2017	1.75%	0.66%	4.95%	0.03%
2018	1.74%	0.65%	4.92%	0.03%
2019	1.74%	0.65%	4.93%	0.03%
2020	1.73%	0.65%	4.86%	0.03%
2021	1.70%	0.64%	4.90%	0.02%

Source: City of Chandler, Management Services Department

- (1) The City's direct tax rate was calculated using a weighted average of the actual revenues collected for each category. Tax rates vary by category, currently ranging from 1.5% to 4.4%. City tax rates were last increased effective May 1, 1994.
- (2) The overlapping County tax rate was calculated using a weighted average of the actual revenues the City collected for each category. Tax rates vary by category, currently ranging from 0.5% to 0.77%. No rate changes have occurred in the past ten fiscal years.
- (3) The overlapping State tax rate was calculated using a weighted average of the actual revenues the City collected for each category. Tax rates vary by category, currently ranging from 5.5% to 5.6%. State tax rate increases during the past ten fiscal years: 1.0% effective June 1, 2011 through May 31, 2013.
- (4) The Tourism & Sports Authority (TSA) was authorized by Maricopa County voters on November 7, 2000. An additional tax rate of 1.0% is to be levied from March 1, 2001 through February 28, 2031. The only category the overlapping tax rate applies to is the Hotel/Motel category. The overlapping tax rate is calculated using a weighted average of the actual revenues the City collected for this category.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL SALES AND USE TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

**Schedule 9** 

		Fisca	al Year :	2021	Fiscal Year 2012				
Taxpayer	Business Type	Sales and Use Tax Payments	Rank	Percentage of Total Sales and Use Tax Payments	Sales and Use Tax Payments	Rank	Percentage of Total Sales and Use Tax Payments		
Taxpayer A	Utility	\$12,051,030	1	7.66%	\$ 9,698,254	1	9.95%		
Taxpayer B	Department Store	5,012,264	2	3.19%	2,783,551	3	2.86%		
Taxpayer C	Grocery Store	3,504,521	3	2.23%	2,259,487	4	2.32%		
Taxpayer D	Department Store	3,195,811	4	2.03%	1,675,623	5	1.72%		
Taxpayer E	Retailer	3,050,251	5	1.94%					
Taxpayer F	Retailer	2,705,069	6	1.72%	1,307,482	6	1.34%		
Taxpayer G	Retailer	2,397,065	7	1.52%					
Taxpayer H	Vehicle Dealer	2,164,678	8	1.38%					
Taxpayer I	Commercial Leasing	1,749,006	9	1.11%					
Taxpayer J	Utility	1,591,028	10	1.01%	1,272,878	8	1.31%		
Taxpayer K	Construction				3,823,373	2	3.92%		
Taxpayer L	Telecommunications				1,306,045	7	1.34%		
Taxpayer M	Department Store				1,255,294	9	1.29%		
Taxpayer N	Department Store				1,157,789	10	1.19%		
		\$37,420,723		23.79%	\$ 26,539,776		27.22%		

**Source:** City of Chandler, Management Services Department

**Note:** The identities of the ten largest revenue payers are prohibited from disclosure per state statute. Alternatively, the business type of the top ten taxpayers for each period has been disclosed along with the appropriate data.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

**Schedule 10** 

				Gov	/ernmenta	al Activit	ies				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue B		Spe Assess Bor	ment	Gen Oblig Bond Is Prem	ation suance		Revenue Bonds Issuance Premiums	Special Assessment Bonds Issuance Premiums	
2012	\$ 268,148,00	0 \$ 25,74	5,000 \$	5,	,780,000	\$	_	\$	<u> </u>		
2013	256,288,00	0 22,04	5,000	5,	,350,000		_		_	_	
2014	233,678,00	0 18,00	0,000	4,	,905,000	3	,539,600		707,337	99,258	
2015	222,143,00	0 14,02	5,000	4,	,440,000	17	,244,108		565,869	88,230	
2016	205,088,00	0 10,05	5,000	3,	,960,000	15	,663,687		424,402	77,201	
2017	186,873,00	0 6,68	5,000	3,	,460,000	19	,829,438		282,935	66,172	
2018	223,288,00	0 4,27	0,000	2,	,940,000	21	,269,309		141,468	55,140	
2019	205,764,00	0 2,05	0,000	2,	,395,000	19	,097,787		_	44,112	
2020	215,939,00	0	_	1,	,830,000	19	,756,588		_	33,084	
2021	195,164,00	0	_	1,	,245,000	17	,526,932		_	22,056	
				Bus	siness-typ	e Activit	ies				
	General			Excise	e Tax	Gen Oblig			Revenue Bonds	Excise Tax Revenue Obligations	
Fiscal	Obligation			Reve		Bond Is			Issuance	Issuance	
Year	Bonds	Revenue B	onds	Obliga		Prem			Premiums	Premiums	
2012			0,000 \$			\$		\$	\$		
2013	161,567,00		0,000		,695,000		_		_	_	
2014	150,972,00		5,000	148,	,380,000	2	,220,807		1,705,732	8,502,636	
2015	140,072,00		0,000		,200,000	11	,567,086		1,324,131	8,040,688	
2016	127,782,00	0 24,85	0,000	204,	,090,000	10	,630,056		832,855	11,447,974	
2017	115,722,00	0 9,59	5,000	198,	,520,000	12	,263,924		624,642	15,075,185	
2018	105,707,00	0 7,84	5,000	230,	,635,000	11	,025,887		416,428	17,271,299	
2019	95,901,00	0 4,68	5,000	222,	,575,000	9	,898,570		202,401	15,979,766	
2020	86,261,00	0 2,34	0,000	228,	,985,000	8	,773,210		_	16,850,597	
2021	76,936,00	0	_	219,	,780,000	7	,647,850		_	15,312,526	
							Percentag	ge			
					Estima	ited	of Estimat	ed			
		Less Amount			Actu		Actual		Total		
		Available in	Net Gen		Taxal		Taxable		Primary	Percentage	_
Fiscal	General	Debt	Bonded I		Value		Value of		Government	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonded Debt	Service Fund	Outstan	_	Prope		Property		(1)	Income (2)	<b>Capita</b> (2)
		\$ 19,258,684			\$21,102,5		1.99%		\$ 570,770,000	7.84%	2,383
2013	417,855,000	16,419,386	401,435		21,502,50		1.87%		535,685,000	6.71%	2,213
2014	390,410,407	16,186,172	374,224		23,588,56		1.59%		608,805,370	7.76%	2,521
2015	391,026,194	14,910,017	376,116		29,230,17		1.29%		593,320,112		2,397
2016	359,163,743	15,281,782	343,881		31,514,09		1.09%		614,901,176		2,465
2017	334,688,362	8,981,699	325,706		32,319,84		1.01%		568,997,296		2,128
2018	361,290,196	7,451,989	353,838		33,265,56		1.06%		624,864,531	6.24%	2,267
2019	330,661,357	4,586,562	326,074		36,899,75		0.88%		578,592,636	5.73%	2,215
2020	330,729,798	4,693,193	326,036		40,890,23		0.80%		580,768,479	5.45%	2,192
2021	297,274,782	5,758,393	291,516	,389	44,808,67	/ ठ,ठठU	0.65%		533,634,364	4.56%	1,905

**Note:** Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes general bonded debt, other governmental activities debt and business-type activities debt.

<sup>(2)</sup> Population and personal income data can be found in Schedule 31.

## CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

**Schedule 11** 

Governmental Unit	 Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	 imated Share Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
State of Arizona	None	4.64 %	None
Maricopa County	None	7.10	None
Maricopa County Community College District	\$ 184,715,000	7.10	\$ 13,108,223
Maricopa County Special Healthcare District	640,269,000	7.10	45,436,424
Chandler Unified School District No. 80	385,946,000	27.82	50,905,198
Kyrene Elementary School District No. 28	182,955,000	4.27	11,773,993
Mesa Unified School District No. 4	275,525,000	2.60	2,925,713
Gilbert Unified School District No. 41	112,360,000	69.92	269,859,611
East Valley Institute of Technology	None	15.90	None
Subtotal, overlapping debt			394,009,162
City direct debt	213,957,988	100.00	213,957,988
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 607,967,150

**Source:** Piper Sandler Companies

**Note:** The applicable percentage of overlap for each type of debt was computed on the net limited property assessed valuation as calculated for fiscal year 2020-21 for the overlapping jurisdiction to the amount of such valuation which lies within the City of Chandler.

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fisca	l Year	
	2012	2013	2014	2015
6% General Obligation Bond Limitation				
Debt limit	\$135,310,758	\$130,522,600	\$142,895,404	\$142,827,478
Total net debt applicable to limit	11,840,000	10,869,000	10,198,000	9,848,400
Legal debt margin	\$123,470,758	\$119,653,600	\$132,697,404	\$132,979,078
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	8.75%	8.33%	7.14%	6.90%
20% General Obligation Bond Limitation				
Debt limit	\$451,035,860	\$435,075,335	\$476,318,016	\$476,091,596
Total net debt applicable to limit	427,295,000	406,986,000	374,452,000	352,366,600
Legal debt margin	\$ 23,740,860	\$ 28,089,335	\$101,866,016	\$123,724,996
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	94.74%	93.54%	78.61%	74.01%

Fiscal Year 2010-11 through Fiscal Year 2018-19: Piper Jaffray Inc.

Fiscal Year 2019-20 through Fiscal Year 2020-21: Piper Sandler Companies

**Note:** Under Arizona law, cities may issue general obligation bonds for purposes of water, wastewater, artificial light, open space preserves, parks, public safety and emergency services, streets, transportation, playgrounds and recreational facilities up to an amount not to exceed 20 percent of secondary assessed valuation. Cities may issue general obligation bonds for any other purpose up to an amount not to exceed 6 percent of secondary assessed valuation. Prior to Fiscal Year 2016, the Assessed Valuation was based on the Net Assessed Secondary Value. Due to a change in the legislation (Proposition 117), in Fiscal Year 2016, the City is required to use the Limited Property Value. The net (or excess) premium reflected was utilized for project fund purposes and is being amortized according to Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 35, Chapter 3, Article 3, 35-457 (E).

	Legal D	ebt	: Margin Calcu	lati	on for Fiscal Ye	ear	2021	_			
Fu	ll Cash Assesse	d Va	lluation as of Ju	ne 3	30, 2021	\$	4,682,558,944				
	bt limit (6% of a		•				280,953,536				
	Debt applicable										
	6% general obli	_					6,519,850				
	Excess premiur			ndin	g		239,656	-			
Le	gal 6% debt ma	rgin				\$	274,194,030	=			
De	bt limit (20% of	fass	essed value)			\$	936,511,789				
	Debt applicable	e to	limit:								
	20% general ob	liga	tion bonds				265,580,150				
	Excess premiur	n or	n bonds outstar	ndin	g		11,493,592	_			
Leg	gal 20% debt m	argi	n			\$	659,438,047	=			
					Fisca	ΙYe	ar				
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
_											
\$	190,024,847	\$	198,432,895	\$	209,370,282	\$	232,258,669	\$	258,505,031	\$	280,953,536
\$	190,024,847 9,427,250	\$	198,432,895 8,952,650	\$	209,370,282 14,974,350	\$	232,258,669 12,511,300	\$	258,505,031 9,772,578	\$	280,953,536 6,759,506
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
\$	9,427,250	_	8,952,650		14,974,350	_	12,511,300		9,772,578	_	6,759,506
\$ \$	9,427,250 180,597,597	_	8,952,650 189,480,245	\$	14,974,350 194,395,932	\$	12,511,300 219,747,369	\$	9,772,578 248,732,453	\$	6,759,506 274,194,030
\$	9,427,250 180,597,597 4.96%	\$	8,952,650 189,480,245 4.51%	\$	14,974,350 194,395,932 7.15%	\$	12,511,300 219,747,369 5.39%	\$	9,772,578 248,732,453 3.78%	\$	6,759,506 274,194,030 2.41%
\$	9,427,250 180,597,597 4.96% 633,416,159	\$	8,952,650 189,480,245 4.51% 661,442,986	\$	14,974,350 194,395,932 7.15% 697,900,943	\$	12,511,300 219,747,369 5.39% 774,195,564	\$	9,772,578 248,732,453 3.78% 861,683,439	\$	6,759,506 274,194,030 2.41% 936,511,789

38.61%

35.27%

29.59%

46.45%

51.06%

45.44%

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 13a

		Street & Highway Revenue Bonds											
	•				Less:								
Fiscal		Highw	ay User		Operating	N	let Available		Debt S	Servi	ce		
Year		Ta	xes	Expenses			Revenue	Principal			Interest	Coverage	
2012		\$ 1	1,823,280	\$	7,895,663	\$	3,927,617	\$	3,700,000	\$	936,975	0.85	
2013		1.	2,929,504		10,893,216		2,036,288		3,830,000		833,475	0.44	
2014		1:	3,352,622		10,547,032		2,805,590		3,975,000		515,175	0.62	
2015		1.	4,633,470		8,257,078		6,376,392		3,970,000		462,047	1.44	
2016		1	5,303,635		11,951,019		3,352,616		3,370,000		375,650	0.90	
2017		10	5,683,743		10,887,942		5,795,801		2,415,000		256,438	2.17	
2018		10	5,135,949		12,073,072		4,062,877		2,220,000		163,988	1.70	
2019		1	7,301,902		10,724,907		6,576,995		2,050,000		79,200	3.09	
2020	(1)	1	6,996,911		7,500,788		9,496,123		_		_	_	
							Water Reve	enue	e Bonds				
					Less:								
Fiscal		Utility	Service		Operating	N	let Available		Debt S	Servi	ce		
Year		Cha	rges		Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage	
2012		\$ 49	9,556,831	\$	26,351,735	\$	23,205,096	\$	6,498,090	\$	1,641,612	2.85	
2013		4	8,258,282		26,890,219		21,368,063		6,062,435		1,375,854	2.87	
2014		4	9,588,376		27,840,478		21,747,898		3,300,000		869,064	5.22	
2015		4	8,045,103		27,645,076		20,400,027		3,205,000		730,854	5.18	
2016		5	0,483,097		26,907,780		23,575,317		8,408,500		566,680	2.63	
2017		5	3,251,020		34,188,323		19,062,697		1,750,000		307,160	9.27	
2018		5	4,031,592		35,833,361		18,198,231		2,212,000		219,660	7.48	
2019		5.	2,459,720		32,395,325		20,064,395		1,641,500		131,180	11.32	
2020		5-	4,722,296		33,556,507		21,165,789		1,638,000		65,520	12.42	
2021	(2)	5	8,755,999		35,088,440		23,667,559		_		_	_	
							Excise Tax Reve	nue	Obligations				
					Less:								
Fiscal			e Tax		Operating	N	let Available		Debt S	Servi		Cavaraga	
<b>Year</b> 2012			ctions 8,885,867	\$	Expenses	\$	148,885,867	<u></u>	<b>Principal</b> 1,745,000	\$	1,703,358	Coverage 43.18	
2012				₽	_	₽		₽		₽		46.07	
			5,621,139		_		156,621,139		1,815,000		1,584,863		
2014			2,664,325		_		162,664,325		6,180,000		4,483,662	15.25	
2015			0,432,597		_		170,432,597		4,770,000		6,044,175	15.76	
2016			5,820,443		_		175,820,443		2,805,000		7,193,019	17.59	
2017			8,910,693		_		188,910,693		4,105,000		8,097,704	15.48	
2018			5,500,184		_		195,500,184		6,640,000		8,879,859	12.60	
2019			9,259,874		_		209,259,874		6,590,000		9,248,264	13.21	
2020		21	4,706,260		_		214,706,260		9,205,000		9,274,665	11.62	

**Note:** Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

236,712,500

10,630,000

9,129,575

11.98

236,712,500

2021

<sup>(1)</sup> Street and highway revenue bonds matured on 7/1/2019.

<sup>(2)</sup> Water and sewer revenue bonds matured on 7/1/2020.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 13b

		Wastewater Revenue Bonds									
Fiscal	U	Utility Service		Less: ice Operating		Net Available		Debt Service			
Year		Charges	_	Expenses		Revenue		Principal	_	Interest	Coverage
2012	\$	35,907,085	\$	16,752,467	\$	19,154,618	\$	1,431,910	\$	874,363	8.31
2013		37,690,400		18,879,022		18,811,378		2,197,565		809,286	6.26
2014		40,509,289		18,780,034		21,729,255		1,185,000		585,029	12.28
2015		45,666,777		22,907,111		22,759,666		3,555,000		548,545	5.55
2016		51,321,346		23,054,518		28,266,828		6,846,500		368,470	3.92
2017		53,563,934		23,470,067		30,093,867		_		94,140	319.67
2018		56,367,650		28,967,201		27,400,449		948,000		94,140	26.29
2019		56,055,131		26,507,090		29,548,041		703,500		56,220	38.89
2020		61,531,949		29,092,865		32,439,084		702,000		28,020	44.44
2021	(1)	61,971,940		25,540,769		36,431,171		_		_	_

**Note:** Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

<sup>(1)</sup> Water and sewer revenue bonds matured on 7/1/2020.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT RATIOS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

**Schedule 14** 

Property Classification	Tax Year 2017	Tax Year 2018	Tax Year 2019	Tax Year 2020	Tax Year 2021
Mining, Utility, Commercial,					
and Industrial	18.00 %	18.00 %	18.00 %	18.00 %	18.00 %
Agriculture and Vacant Land	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Owner-Occupied Residential	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Leased or Rented Residential	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Railroad, Private Car, and					
Airline Flight Property	15.00	14.00	15.00	15.00	15.00

**Tax Year 2017 through 2019 Source:** Piper Jaffray Inc. as compiled from State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue).

**Tax Year 2020 through 2021 Source:** Piper Sandler Companies as compiled from State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue).

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED AND COLLECTED LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

**Schedule 15** 

		Tax Rate		Adjusted Tax Levy		to 30 June of Initial Fiscal Year		
	T					Collections	% of Levy	
FY 2020-21	\$	1.1201	\$	36,379,535	\$	36,041,018	99.07 %	
FY 2019-20		1.1281		34,039,034		33,597,309	98.70	
FY 2018-19		1.1386		31,655,843		31,714,236	100.00	
FY 2017-18		1.1400		30,612,579		30,321,360	99.05	
FY 2016-17		1.1600		29,626,073		29,272,301	98.81	

**Fiscal Year 2016-17 through 2018-19 Source:** Piper Jaffray Inc. as compiled from County Department of Finance.

**Fiscal Year 2019-20 through 2020-21 Source:** Piper Sandler Companies as compiled from County Department of Finance.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING ASSESSED VALUATIONS AND TAX RATES PER \$100 ASSESSED VALUATION

JUNE 30, 2021 Schedule 16

	FY 2020-21 Net Limited Property Assessed Valuation	FY 2020-21 Total Tax Rate per \$100 Assessed Valuation
State of Arizona (1)	\$ 69,914,507,682	2 \$ —
Maricopa County	45,704,969,813	1.8435
Maricopa County Community College District	45,704,969,813	1.2881
Maricopa County Library District	45,704,969,813	0.0556
Maricopa County Flood Control District	42,084,633,673	0.1792
Maricopa County Fire District	45,704,969,813	0.0090
Maricopa County Special Health Care District	45,704,969,813	0.3046
Central Arizona Water Conservation District	45,704,969,813	0.1400
East Valley Institute of Technology District No. 401 (2)	20,400,195,94	0.5000
Chandler Unified School District No. 80	3,243,434,243	6.4111
Tempe Union High School District No. 213	3,965,462,859	2.4991
Kyrene Elementary School District No. 28	2,303,922,342	3.7820
Mesa Unified School District No. 4	3,358,470,654	7.3696
Gilbert Unified School District No. 41	2,201,483,124	6.2580
City of Chandler	3,243,434,243	3 1.1201

**Source:** Piper Sandler Companies as compiled from Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values, Arizona Tax Research Foundation, Maricopa County Levy, and Maricopa County, State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue).

- (1) Includes the State Equalization Assistance Property Tax. This rate has been set at \$0.4566 for fiscal year 2019-20 and is adjusted annually pursuant to Arizona Revised Statute, Section 41-1276.
- (2) Includes Net Limited Property Assessed Value for the East Valley Institute of Technology District No. 401 within Pinal County.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA PROPERTY VALUE BY PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

**Schedule 17** 

	FY 2016-17 Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	FY 2017-18 Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	FY 2018-19 Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	FY 2019-20 Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	FY 2020-21 Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	FY 2020-21 Annual Percentage Change
Mining, Utility, Commercial, and Industrial	\$ 929,870,699	\$1,027,345,765	\$1,102,515,089	\$1,246,170,328	\$1,412,928,374	11.80%
Agriculture and Vacant Land	80,660,011	74,055,978	75,266,539	78,888,739	77,850,859	(1.33)%
Owner-Occupied Residential	1,424,368,802	1,472,336,280	1,574,405,659	1,681,112,768	1,837,472,779	8.51%
Leased or Rented Residential	537,827,158	574,699,602	646,538,541	738,411,405	847,104,454	12.83%
Railroad, Private Car, and Airline Flight Property	1,782,690	1,910,025	1,782,690	1,910,025	2,011,500	5.04%
Historical Property	192,089,070	156,435,042	88,612,464	124,084,500	130,572,188	4.97%
Commercial Historic Property	482,365	432,241	383,733	400,055	477,042	16.14%
TOTAL	\$3,167,080,795	\$3,307,214,933	\$3,489,504,715	\$3,870,977,820	\$4,308,417,196	11.30%

**Fiscal Year 2016-17 through 2018-19 Source:** Piper Jaffray Inc. as compiled from State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue).

**Fiscal Year 2019-20 through 2020-21 Source:** Piper Sandler Companies as compiled from State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue).

## CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA NET ASSESSED LIMITED PROPERTY ASSESSED VALUE OF MAJOR TAXPAYERS JUNE 30, 2021

**Schedule 18** 

Taxpayer	Description	/ 2020-21 Net Limited Property ssessed Value	As % of Total FY 2020-21 Net Limited Property Assessed Value
Intel Corporation	Manufacturing Plant	\$ 125,568,010	3.87%
CyrusOne LLC	Data Center	34,049,244	1.05
Wells Fargo Bank NA	Financial Services	24,695,824	0.76
Microchip Technology Incorporated	Manufacturing Plant	13,734,297	0.42
Bank of America NA	Financial Services	13,284,211	0.41
NXP USA, Inc.	Manufacturing Plant	12,567,436	0.39
Southwest Gas Corporation (T&D)	Utilities	11,487,974	0.35
CAZ 1 DE LLC	Commercial Rental Property	11,284,973	0.35
Digital 2121 South Price LLC	Data Center	9,750,410	0.30
SWVP Continuum Office LLC	Corporation Service Company	9,164,060	0.28
		\$ 265,586,439	8.18%

Total City Net Limited Property Assessed Valuation

\$ 3,243,434,243

**Source:** County Treasurer's Office. Neither the City nor the Financial Advisor have made an independent determination of the financial position of any of the major taxpayers listed above.

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA ESTIMATED NET FULL CASH VALUE AND ASSESSED VALUES LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 19

#### **Estimated Net Full Cash Value**

Fiscal Year	City of Chandler
2020-21	\$36,949,424,457
2019-20	33,312,389,044
2018-19	29,847,787,490
2017-18	28,994,768,811
2016-17	28,297,114,500

**Fiscal Year 2016-17 through 2018-19 Source:** Piper Jaffray Inc. as compiled from Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values, Arizona Tax Research Foundation, and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue).

**Fiscal Year 2019-20 through 2020-21 Source:** Piper Sandler Companies as compiled from Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values, Arizona Tax Research Foundation, and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue).

#### **Comparative Net Limited Property Assessed Value History**

Fiscal Year Ci		ty of Chandler	Maricopa County		State of Arizona		
FY 2020-21	\$	3,243,434,243	\$ 45,704,969,81	3 \$	69,914,521,042		
FY 2019-20		3,011,152,689	43,194,326,39	5	66,154,632,834		
FY 2018-19		2,783,830,922	40,423,232,42	3	62,328,439,592		
FY 2017-18		2,675,480,112	38,251,891,24	9	59,404,007,785		
FY 2016-17		2,553,971,787	36,135,494,47	4	56,564,116,707		

#### **Comparative Net Full Cash Assessed Value History**

Fiscal Year City		ty of Chandler	Maricopa County	State of Arizona		
FY 2020-21	\$	4,308,417,196	\$ 61,824,712,434	\$ 90,007,317,461		
FY 2019-20		3,870,977,820	56,588,192,576	82,730,928,616		
FY 2018-19		3,489,504,715	51,944,549,119	76,437,036,352		
FY 2017-18		3,307,214,933	48,351,864,363	71,673,967,461		
FY 2016-17		3,167,080,795	44,850,741,762	67,262,138,649		

**Fiscal Year 2016-17 through 2018-19 Source:** Piper Jaffray Inc. as compiled from State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue) and Arizona Tax Research Association.

**Fiscal Year 2019-20 through 2020-21 Source:** Piper Sandler Companies as compiled from State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll (Arizona Department of Revenue) and Arizona Tax Research Association.

## CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT RATIOS JUNE 30, 2021

Schedule 20

		Boi Po Est	er Capital nded Debt opulation timates @ 80,178 (1)	As % of City's 2020-21 Net Full Cash Assessed Value	As % of City's 2020-21 Estimated Net Full Cash Value
Direct General Obligation Bond Debt	\$ 272,100,000	\$	971.17	6.32	0.74
Direct Overlapping General Obligation Bond Debt	\$ 688,117,247	\$	2,456.00	15.97	1.86

#### Source:

<sup>(1)</sup> City of Chandler, Development Services Department

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA **POPULATION STATISTICS**

#### Schedule 21

Year	City of Chandler	Maricopa County	State of Arizona	
2021 estimate	280,178 (1)	4,506,505 (2)	7,387,800 (2)	
2020 Census	275,987 (3)	4,420,568 (3)	7,151,502 (3)	
2019 estimate	261,173 (1)	4,367,835 (2)	7,187,990 (2)	
2018 estimate	257,853 (1)	4,294,460 (2)	7,076,199 (2)	
2017 estimate	254,239 (1)	4,221,684 (2)	6,965,897 (2)	
2016 estimate	248,332 (1)	4,155,302 (2)	6,866,195 (2)	
2015 mid-decade	243,679 (3)	4,175,049 (3)	6,833,596 (3)	
2014 estimate	241,264 (1)	4,008,651 (2)	6,662,486 (2)	
2013 estimate	240,364 (1)	3,944,859 (2)	6,581,054 (2)	
2010 Census	236,479 (3)	3,825,191 (3)	6,407,774 (3)	
2005 Special Census	230,845 (3)	3,700,516 (3)	5,924,476 (2)	
2000 Census	174,061 (3)	2,930,153 (3)	4,882,966 (3)	
1990 Census	91,149 (3)	2,132,249 (3)	3,679,118 (3)	
1980 Census	29,673 (1)	1,521,597 (3)	2,735,840 (3)	

- (1) City of Chandler, Development Services Department(2) Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity(3) U.S. Census Bureau

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA EXCISE TAX COLLECTIONS

Schedule 22

	2016-17 (1)	2017-18 (1)	2018-19 (1)	2019-20 (1)	2020-21 (1)	Adopted 2021-22
Transaction Privilege Tax	\$ 120,189,651	\$127,584,410	\$138,888,825	\$140,798,389	\$155,638,444	\$148,370,000
State Shared Sales Tax	23,768,564	23,821,248	25,525,595	26,597,361	30,982,818	28,790,000
State Shared Income Tax	31,910,426	30,652,381	30,693,731	33,255,159	37,324,127	33,500,000
Franchise Fees	3,272,104	3,560,770	3,556,211	3,432,995	3,615,294	2,980,000
Licenses and Permits	7,209,693	6,512,930	7,398,669	7,908,291	6,835,817	6,299,000
Fines and Forfeitures	2,560,255	3,368,445	3,196,843	2,714,065	2,316,000	2,939,100
Totals	\$ 188,910,693	\$195,500,184	\$209,259,874	\$214,706,260	\$236,712,500	\$222,878,100

**Note:** Includes City transaction privilege sales tax, privilege audit assessments, privilege license fees and privilege tax interest. Excludes excise tax refunds from GPLET program.

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts are actual collections provided by the City of Chandler, Management Services Department (cash basis).

## CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE (SALES) TAX RATES BY CATEGORY JUNE 30, 2021

**Schedule 23** 

Taxable Activities	Chandler Tax Rate
Advertising	1.50 %
Amusements	1.50 %
Contracting	1.50 %
Construction Contracting (non MRRA) (1)	1.50% of 65% of gross
Jet Fuel Sales (and Use)	\$0.02300/gallon
Job Printing	1.50 %
Manufactured Housing	1.50 %
Timber & Extraction	1.50 %
Mining	0.10 %
Publishing	1.50 %
Hotel/Motel (≤ 30 Days)	4.40% (1.50% + 2.90%)
Hotel/Motel (> 30 Days)	1.50 %
Rentals - Real Property	
Residential	1.50 %
Commercial	1.50 %
Tangible Personal Property Rentals	1.50 %
Restaurants/Bars	1.80 %
Retail Sales	1.50 %
Telecommunications	2.75 %
Transportation for Hire	1.50 %
Utilities	2.75 %
Use Tax	1.50 %

**Source:** City of Chandler, Management Services Department

(1) MMRA - maintenance, repair, replacement and alteration

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA STATE SALES TAX TAXABLE ACTIVITIES, TAX RATES AND DISTRIBUTION SHARE JUNE 30, 2021

**Schedule 24** 

State Transaction
Privilege (Sales) Tax Rates

		Education Tax Rate	
Taxable Activities	State Tax Rate	(1)	Distribution Share
Transporting	5.600 %	0.600 %	20.000 %
Utilities	5.600	0.600	20.000
Telecommunications	5.600	0.600	20.000
Pipeline	5.600	0.600	20.000
Private Car Line	5.600	0.600	20.000
Publication	5.600	0.600	20.000
Job Printing	5.600	0.600	20.000
Prime Contracting	5.600	0.600	20.000
Owner Builder Sales	5.600	0.600	20.000
Amusement	5.600	0.600	40.000
Restaurant	5.600	0.600	40.000
Personal Property Rental	5.600	0.600	40.000
Retail (excluding food sales)	5.600	0.600	40.000
Transient Lodging	5.500	N/A	50.000
Mining - non-metal, oil/gas	3.125	N/A	32.000
Commercial Lease	_	N/A	53.330
Severance - Metalliferous Mining	2.500	N/A	80.000
Use Tax Utilities	5.600	0.600	20.000
Jet Fuel Use Tax	(2)	N/A	40.000

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue

- (1) Represents that State transaction privilege (sales) tax rate approved by voters of the State in November 2000 (the "Education Tax") on certain of the categories of business activity at six-tenths of one percent (0.6%). The Education Tax collections are dedicated exclusively to education and are not distributed to the City or pledged to the payment of debt service. The effective dates for the Education Tax are June 1, 2001 through June 30, 2041.
- (2) Does not include the \$0.0305 per gallon state tax on the retail sale of jet fuel, which tax is only levied on the first ten million gallons sold to each purchaser in each calendar year.

# CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA COMBINED SCHEDULE OF WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM REVENUES, EXPENSES, NET REVENUES AND DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS Schedule 25

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
System Revenues:					
Service Fees	\$106,814,954	\$110,399,242	\$108,514,851	\$116,254,245	\$120,727,939
Miscellaneous	63,411	953,964	130,001	97,652	35,573
Interest Income	875,983	780,250	6,817,699	8,772,310	264,558
Total System Revenues	\$107,754,348	\$112,133,456	\$115,462,551	\$125,124,207	\$121,028,070
System Expenditures:					
General and Administration	\$ 6,065,965	\$ 6,219,983	\$ 6,400,086	\$ 6,511,083	\$ 6,510,382
Personnel Services	15,489,373	16,343,098	16,548,508	17,613,794	17,923,155
Contractual Services	17,153,121	11,774,018	12,919,313	13,240,678	14,338,257
Commodities	18,949,931	30,463,463	23,034,508	25,283,817	21,857,415
Total System Expenditures	\$ 57,658,390	\$ 64,800,562	\$ 58,902,415	\$ 62,649,372	\$ 60,629,209
Net Income Available for Debt					
Service	\$ 50,095,958	\$ 47,332,894	\$ 56,560,136	\$ 62,474,835	\$ 60,398,861
Water and Sewer Revenues Bond					
(Senior Obligation) Debt Service	\$ 2,151,300	\$ 3,473,800	\$ 2,532,400	\$ 2,433,600	\$ —
Approximate Debt Service Coverage for Senior Obligations	23.29x	13.63x	22.33x	20.39x	N/A

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA UTILITY RATE INCREASE HISTORY

**Schedule 26** 

	Water	
	(10,000 gal)	Wastewater
Effective Date	(Single Family)	(Single Family)
09/01/80	8.40 %	16.67 %
04/25/83	33.80 %	— %
11/30/83	— %	41.43 %
07/01/84	— %	41.47 %
11/01/80	10.53 %	13.70 %
08/01/85	— %	7.57 %
01/01/89	8.33 %	3.95 %
01/01/90	7.69 %	5.04 %
01/01/91	4.28 %	3.96 %
04/01/92	8.05 %	3.97 %
02/15/93	7.75 %	3.97 %
10/01/94	11.55 %	6.98 %
10/01/07	(9.00)% (1)	23.90 %
10/01/09	23.64 % (2)	13.02 %
10/01/13	— %	9.00 % (3)
10/01/15	— % (4)	9.00 % (3)
10/01/17	0.70 % (5)	3.70 % (5)

**Source:** City of Chandler, Management Services Department

- (1) The water rate structure was changed in the October 1, 2007 rate increase to separate each customer class and move a higher portion of costs from the base charge to the volume charge in a tiered structure.
- (2) The water rate structure was changed in the October 1, 2009 rate increase to move 20,000 gallons of consumption from tier 4 to tier 3, as well as move a portion of costs back to the base charge from the volume charge.
- (3) The wastewater rates were increased October 1, 2013 and October 1, 2015 to cover additional debt service costs tied to new construction and expansion of facilities.
- (4) Effective October 1, 2015 the water seasonal rates (winter/summer) were eliminated and replaced with a year-round rate, but the annual cost to rate payers remained unchanged.
- (5) In 2016, a Cost of Service Study was completed water consumption rates were not changed, however, effective October 1, 2017 the water base rate increased 0.70% and the wastewater rates were increased by 3.70% to cover debt service costs tied to new construction and expansion of facilities.

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA TOP 10 WATER AND WASTEWATER CUSTOMERS JUNE 30, 2021

**Schedule 27** 

Water	
Customer name	Amount
INTEL CORP	\$ 9,727,843
NXP USA INC.	1,110,766
CHANDLER UNIFIED SCHOOL	586,060
AIR PRODUCTS & CHEMICAL	362,509
DIGITAL 2121 SOUTH PRICE, LLC	161,705
TOWNSQUARE APARTMENTS	137,551
CHANDLER REGIONAL HOSPITAL	116,640
GLEIBERMAN PROPERTY INC	103,796
KYRENE SCHOOL DISTRICT #28	92,404
BMF IV AZ LAGUNA VILLAGE LLC	90,754

#### Wastewater

Customer name	Amount
INTEL CORP	\$ 15,654,785
NXP USA INC.	1,579,924
DIGITAL 2121 SOUTH PRICE, LLC	259,985
CHANDLER UNIFIED SCHOOL	177,836
GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY (LONE BUTTE)	149,033
AIR PRODUCTS & CHEMICAL	142,934
CHANDLER REGIONAL HOSPITAL	140,011
MICROCHIP TECHNOLOGY INC	94,694
BMF IV AZ LAGUNA VILLAGE LLC	89,597
ERGON ASPHALT AND EMULSION	78,640

**Source:** City of Chandler, Management Services Department

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA NUMBER OF WATER AND WASTEWATER CUSTOMERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015
WATER				
Residential	72,867	73,551	74,319	75,035
Commercial	4,387	4,406	4,158	4,243
Multi-Unit	988	991	1,032	1,043
Industrial	49	50	56	58
Other	206	226	1,317	1,536
WASTEWATER				
Residential	71,508	72,067	72,862	73,363
Commercial	2,312	2,358	2,012	2,033
Multi-Unit	811	811	878	887
Industrial	38	39	37	37
Other	239	252	470	477

**Source:** City of Chandler, Management Services Department

Schedule 28

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
_					
75,883	77,062	77,674	78,244	78,928	79,961
4,309	4,535	4,550	4,927	2,546	2,577
1,087	1,107	1,128	1,134	1,115	1,124
61	63	66	67	63	63
1,640	2,034	2,116	2,389	647	647
74,346	75,761	76,517	77,089	77,797	78,794
2,201	2,138	2,329	2,371	2,420	2,450
920	915	952	956	965	974
34	38	48	48	48	48
475	590	592	598	603	603

## CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA DELINQUENCIES ON PAYMENTS FOR THE ASSESSMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

**Schedule 29** 

There were no delinquencies on payments for the assessment.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING JUNE 30, 2021

**Schedule 30** 

Overlapping Jurisdiction		2020-21 Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Debt	2020-21 Proportion Applicable to City of Chandler Approximate Percent	 Net Debt Amount
State of Arizona		None	4.639 %	None
Maricopa County		None	7.096	None
Maricopa County Community College District	\$	184,715,000	7.096	\$ 13,108,223
Maricopa County Special Healthcare District		640,269,000	7.096	45,436,424
Chandler Unified School District No. 80		385,946,000	27.824	50,905,198
Kyrene Elementary School District No. 28		182,955,000	4.273	11,773,993
Mesa Unified School District No. 4		275,525,000	2.604	2,925,713
Gilbert Unified School District No. 41		112,360,000	69.922	269,859,611
Tempe Union High School District No. 213		7,675,500,000	15.977	12,263,084
East Valley Institute of Technology District No. 401		None	15.899	None
City of Chandler		281,845,000	100.000	281,845,000
Total Direct and Overlapping General Obligatio	n Bo	onded Debt Outs	tanding	\$ 688,117,246

#### **Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates Per \$100 Assessed Valuation**

Inside the City, East Valley Institute of Technology and

Inside Gilbert Unified School District No. 41	\$ 11.6981
Inside Mesa Unified School District No. 4	\$ 11.6896

Inside Tempe Union High School District No. 213 and

Kyrene Elementary School District No. 28	\$ 11.7212
Inside Chandler Unified School District No. 80	\$ 11.8512

**Source:** Piper Sandler Companies

**Note:** The applicable percentage of overlap for each type of debt was computed on the net limited property assessed valuation as calculated for fiscal year 2020-21 for the overlapping jurisdiction to the amount of such valuation which lies within the City of Chandler.

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 31

Fiscal Year	Population (1)		Total Personal Income (2)	Median Age (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)
2011-12	238,040		\$7,233,559,520	32.4	6.1%	\$30,388
2012-13	240,364		7,925,281,808	34.9	6.0	32,972
2013-14	241,264		7,840,356,208	35.0	5.5	32,497
2014-15	243,679	(4)	8,168,120,080	34.9	4.7	33,520
2015-16	248,332		8,324,088,640	34.9	4.5	33,520
2016-17	254,239		8,731,329,977	35.2	3.9	34,343
2017-18	257,853		9,360,321,753	35.3	3.6	36,301
2018-19	261,173		10,101,649,294	36.0	4.0	38,678
2019-20	275,987		11,088,605,686	36.0	8.7	40,178
2020-21	280,178	(4)	11,693,509,008	36.0	5.6	41,736

#### **Sources:**

- (1) City of Chandler, Development Services Department
- (2) City of Chandler, Economic Development Division
- (3) Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics
- (4) U.S. Census Bureau

**Notes:** Total personal income is composed of earned income, dividends, interest and rents and government transfer payments.

Per capita personal income is calculated by dividing total personal income by population; amounts may not be exact due to rounding.

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

Total

Schedule 32

24.12%

		2021	
		2021	Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
Intel Corporation	12,000	1	8.01%
Wells Fargo Bank	5,500	2	3.67%
Chandler Unified School District	4,900	3	3.27%
Bank of America	3,800	4	2.54%
Chandler Regional Medical Center/Dignity Health	2,500	5	1.67%
Northrop Grumman	2,150	6	1.44%
NXP	1,700	7	1.14%
Paypal	1,700	7	1.14%
City of Chandler	1,586	8	1.06%
Microchip Technology - HQ	1,500	9	1.00%
Verizon Wireless	1,400	10	0.94%
Total	37,336		24.94%
		2012	
Fuerdance	Francisco	Davile	Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment 8.32%
Intel Corporation Bank of America	10,300	1	
Bank of America Chandler Unified School District	3,600	2	2.91% 2.42%
	3,000	3	
Wells Fargo Ocotillo Corporate Campus	2,600	4	2.10%
Chandler Regional Medical Center	2,100	5	1.70%
Ebay/Paypal	2,000	6	1.62%
Verizon Wireless	1,695	7	1.37%
City of Chandler	1,567	8	1.27%
Microchip Technology	1,540	9	1.24%
Freescale Semiconductor	1,450	10	1.17%

**Source:** City of Chandler, Economic Development Division, City of Chandler Human Resources Department and Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics.

29,852

#### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15
Full Time Equivalent Personnel				
Mayor and council	6	4	4	4
City clerk	4	5	6	6
City manager	124	178	174	176
Communications/public affairs	14	19	13	13
City magistrate	38	39	35	37
Law	30	29	29	31
Management services	72	72	66	69
Total General Government	288	346	327	336
Total Transportation and Development	170	163	159	165
Total Community Services	231	192	199	198
Police	467	468	467	483
Fire	238	234	224	237
Total Public Safety	705	702	691	720
Municipal utilities administration	5	4	5	5
Water	89	85	87	87
Wastewater	42	46	46	62
Solid waste	19	18	16	20
Total Municipal Utilities	155	153	154	174
Municipal utilities administration	_		_	
Water	_	_	_	_
Wastewater	_	_	_	_
Solid waste	_	_	_	_
Public works administration	_	_	_	_
Streets	_	_	_	_
Total Public Works and Utilities	_		_	
Total Primary Government	1,549	1,556	1,530	1,593

Source: City of Chandler, Human Resources Department

- (1) The significant changes between 2015 and 2016 are a result of Library, Museum and Center for the Arts moving from Community Services to City Manager Department.
- (2) The significant changes between 2016 and 2017 are a result of Library, Museum and Center for the Arts moving from City Manager Department to Community Services.
- (3) The significant changes between 2018 and 2019 are a result of the Streets Division and Municipal Utilities consolidating into the Public Works and Utilities Department.

**Note:** The calculation of full time equivalent personnel includes full time and part time regular employees as of the last pay period of the fiscal year.

Schedule 33

2015-16	(1) <b>2016-17</b> (2)	2017-18	2018-19	(3) 2019-20	2020-21
		_	_	_	_
4	11	4	5	5	5
6	7	6	6	6	6
240	206	199	193	194	198
15	15	15	14	15	14
39	38	40	37	40	33
31	31	30	32	32	31
67	64	67	68	67	66
402	372	361	355	359	353
150	152	160	84	77	76
156	199	202	195	199	194
490	491	501	485	488	477
240	222	233	233	229	228
730	713	734	718	717	705
8	7	7			
87	89	90	_	_	_
65	69	74	_	_	_
21	20	18	_	_	_
181	185	189			
		_	6	6	7
_	_	_	90	90	89
_	_	_	66	68	71
_	_	_	19	21	21
_	_	_	1	2	2
_	_	_	70	78	79
	_	_	252	265	269
1,619	(1) 1,621 (2)	1,646	1,604	(3) 1,617	1,597

## CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15
General Government				
Privilege tax licenses	25,726	27,387	27,467	28,224
Meeting notices posted	599	584	564	544
City council actions and agenda items prepared	908	834	780	867
Grant awards received	26	43	53	51
Inventory turnover ratio	2.07	1.89	2.10	1.57
Transportation & Development				
Building permits issued	5,462	3,785	5,490	5,170
Community Services				
Library circulation	2,489,741	2,395,192	2,332,758	2,163,076
Center for the Arts events & exhibits	1,000	1,003	938	939
Public Safety				
Crime rate (per 1,000 population)	33	28	27	23
Total calls for police services (estimated)	137,170	137,485	145,400	139,177
Total calls for fire services	17,950	18,474	18,865	22,785
Fire inspections	5,188	5,029	5,442	4,692
Fire investigations	34	22	16	27
Municipal Utilities				
Water connections	77,626	79,278	79,766	80,401
Operating wells	28	26	27	28
Daily pumping capacity - wells (gallons)	61,920,000	64,790,000	64,710,000	64,400,000
Daily pumping capacity - plants (gallons)	72,000,000	72,000,000	72,000,000	72,000,000
Sewer connections	73,712	74,606	75,564	76,492
Sanitary sewer (miles)	868	869	890	911
Solid waste customers served	70,179	70,667	71,269	71,860
Solid waste refuse collected (tons)	85,257	86,557	83,950	84,209
Solid waste refuse recycled (tons)	21,096	20,680	21,046	22,442

**Source:** City of Chandler Departments

Schedule 34

2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
29,582	28,321	28,046	37,404	41,290	45,590
565	535	681	666	542	395
844	860	838	789	739	460
46	43	27	24	33	40
1.74	1.81	1.79	2.04	2.40	1.73
5,142	4,635	3,944	4,011	4,091	4,601
5,142	4,000	3,544	4,011	4,051	4,001
2,101,421	2,059,429	2,041,574	1,801,237	1,415,291	1,356,695
2,101,421	1,048	2,041,374 1,177	825	537	389
963	1,046	1,177	823	337	369
0.5		0.5			40
26	26	25	22	23	19
145,466	156,186	159,301	154,736	146,859	139,236
23,966	25,072	25,185	26,818	26,371	26,676
5,814	4,635	5,135	6,698	6,641	3,257
30	27	41	18	23	17
83,089	84,670	84,338	85,416	86,098	87,251
28	31	32	31	31	30
66,300,000	74,400,000	74,100,000	71,300,000	71,800,000	71,800,000
72,000,000	72,000,000	84,000,000	84,000,000	84,000,000	84,000,000
78,144	78,972	79,841	81,033	81,796	82,895
917	928	933	935	941	945
73,162	73,288	75,018	75,675	76,773	77,297
81,653	80,069	83,004	84,500	86,950	94,218
22,102	22,305	22,101	22,887	21,800	22,775

### CITY OF CHANDLER, ARIZONA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15
Community Services				
Developed parks	61	61	62	64
Developed acres	1,196	1,198	1,208	1,232
Undeveloped acres	338	336	325	309
Swimming pools	6	6	6	6
Lighted fields	34	39	39	41
Library bookstock	555,924	550,857	595,969	396,773 (1
Transportation and Development				
Total miles streets (center line)	829	831	838	841
Street lights	26,600	26,900	27,100	27,700
Signalized intersections	212	216	216	218
Public Safety				
Police stations	3	3	3	3
Fire stations	10	10	10	10
General Government				
Based aircraft	399	388	415	425
Municipal Utilities				
Water mains (miles)	1,227	1,227	1,227	1,278
Fire hydrants	10,877	12,553	12,717	13,118
Average daily treatment (mgd)	24	26	26	28

**Source:** City of Chandler Departments

<sup>(1)</sup> The 2014-15 decrease in library bookstock is due to less demand from the increase usage of digital materials and removal of damaged, outdated and obsolete material no longer being circulated.

<sup>(2)</sup> Beginning in 2015-16, City staff is updating the Geographic Information System through a review of over 700 As-builts, so a revised figure is reflected. The revised figure consists of active and City owned utilities.

Schedule 35

2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
65	65	65	67	67	67
1,236	1,244	1,244	1,281	1,281	1,301
302	299	299	231	231	219
6	6	6	6	6	6
41	43	43	41	43	50
341,073	360,618	359,445	310,888	310,812	294,276
855	855	857	857	858	858
27,700	27,800	27,199	29,500	29,500	29,731
218	218	220	225	226	232
3	3	3	3	3	3
10	10	11	11	11	11
427	455	457	523	440	448
1,196 (2)	1,283	1,212	1,218	1,228	1,232
13,207	15,708	15,970	16,159	16,296	16,492
29	29	28	54	31	31



Phone (480) 782-2333 chandleraz.gov/Accounting

Mailing Address
Mail Stop 702
P.O. Box 4008
Chandler, Arizona 85244-4008

Accounting Division Fourth Floor 175 S Arizona Avenue Chandler, Arizona 85225

