




Informational Memo

Management Services - Memo No. 26-101

Date: May 21, 2026

To: Mayor and Council

Thru: John Pombier, City Manager 
Dawn Lang, Deputy City Manager/CFO *DLL*

From: Matt Dunbar, Budget & Policy Director *MD*

Subject: Fiscal Year (FY) 2025-26 Third Quarter Financial Report

Attached is the FY 2025-26 Third Quarter Financial Report, summarizing budget to actual performance of General Fund operating revenue and expenditures and additional summaries and analysis of Enterprise, System Development, Impact Fees, Highway User Revenue, and Grant funds.

The analysis included in this report provides a snapshot at the end of the third quarter of FY 2025-26 by reflecting budget to actual compared to historical trends and the prior year. These historical comparisons are based on actual results compared to budget over the last four years (FY 2021-22 to FY 2024-25), and an explanation has been provided in those areas where there are significant deviations from the historical trend or the prior year's results.

When reviewing revenue trends over the third quarter, all General Fund revenue performance indicators are positive except State Shared Revenues and Sales Tax which are in Warning status, meaning we are keeping a close watch on any changes or trends in these categories. The General Fund third quarter reflected an overall revenue increase of 1.6% over anticipated revenues based on budget, and a 2.6% decrease over the prior year's collections through March, with 73.5% of budgeted revenues received compared to the 79.5% historical average.

Overall, third quarter General Fund expenditures are at 74.5% of budget expended compared to 73.8% in the prior year. Based on known spending expectations and considering the common practice of encumbering contracts in the first quarter, expenditures are expected to remain within budget based on the third quarter data.

Should you have additional questions regarding this information, please contact me at x2256 or Dawn Lang at x2255.

Memo No. 26-101

May 21, 2026

Page 2

Attachment: FY 2025-26 third Quarter Financial Report

c: Tadd Wille, Assistant City Manager
Ryan Peters, Deputy City Manager
Leah Powell, Deputy City Manager



Management Services

Quarterly Financial Report

3rd Qtr FY 2025-26

Performance at a Glance

| General Fund Revenues | | Year to Date Compared Historical % | Reference |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Report Overview and Economic Indicators | | | Page 2 |
| Revenue Analysis | | Performance Indicator* | |
| Overall General Fund Revenues Quarterly Analysis | | Positive | Page 3 |
| Overall General Fund Revenue by Category Analysis | | Positive | Page 3 |
| Revenue Detail by Category | Sales Tax - Overall & by Taxable Activity | Warning | Page 4 |
| | Franchise Fees | Positive | Page 5 |
| | Primary Property Tax | Positive | Page 5 |
| | State Shared Revenues | Warning | Page 6 |
| | Licenses & Permits | Positive | Page 6 |
| | Charges for Services | Positive | Page 7 |
| | Other Revenues | Positive | Page 7 |
| General Fund Expenditures | | Year to Date Compared Budget % | Reference |
| General Fund Expenditure + Encumbrance Analysis by Function and by Expenditure Category | | | Page 8 |
| Expenditure Detail by Department | Mayor & Council | Positive | Page 9 |
| | City Clerk | Positive | Page 9 |
| | Law | Positive | Page 10 |
| | City Magistrate | Positive | Page 10 |
| | City Manager & Organizational Support | Positive | Page 11 |
| | Communications & Public Affairs | Positive | Page 11 |
| | Cultural Development | Positive | Page 12 |
| | Community Services | Positive | Page 12 |
| | Information Technology | Positive | Page 13 |
| | Management Services | Positive | Page 13 |
| | Neighborhood Resources | Positive | Page 14 |
| | Non-Departmental | Positive | Page 14 |
| | Development Services | Positive | Page 15 |
| | Public Works & Utilities | Positive | Page 15 |
| | Fire | Positive | Page 16 |
| | Police | Positive | Page 16 |
| Enterprise / Other Funds | | Year to Date Compared Budget % | Reference |
| Water Fund Analysis | | Positive | Page 17 |
| Wastewater Fund Analysis | | Positive | Page 17 |
| Reclaimed Water Fund Analysis | | Positive | Page 18 |
| Solid Waste Fund Analysis | | Positive | Page 18 |
| Airport Fund Analysis | | Positive | Page 19 |
| Ambulance Services Fund Analysis | | Positive | Page 19 |
| Highway User Revenue Fund Analysis | | Positive | Page 20 |
| System Development Fee Analysis | | Informational | Page 21 |
| Grants | | Informational | Page 22 |

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

(At year-end, revenues performance indicators default to positive when 100% or more of budget is collected and expenditures performance indicators default to positive when total spending is less than adjusted budget)

- * **Positive** = Rev: Variance is above or <2% below historical trend. Exp: Variance <= 2% compared to historical trend.
- Warning** = Rev: Variance of 2 - 5% below historical trends. Exp: Variance of 2 - 5% above historical trends.
- Negative** = Rev: Variance of > 5% below historical trends. Exp: Variance > 5% above historical trend.

THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL REPORT

Report Objectives

- * Provide historical comparisons to identify trends or deviations from trends.
- * Develop performance benchmarks to measure positive and negative results.
- * Create an executive level report to highlight potential issues or concerns.

What is Included in the Report

The report emphasizes General Fund, with analysis of its revenue and each category of revenue, and the expenditures by department. Also included is a summary and analysis of Enterprise Funds, System Development Fee and Impact Fee Funds, the Highway User Tax Fund, and Grants.

How to Read the Report

- * Page 1 serves as a table of contents and quick view of performance issues.
- * The benchmarks are Positive (navy colored), Warning (grey colored), and Negative (maroon colored), providing an initial indicator to determine if the category needs to be monitored closely in the upcoming period or if it is deviating from trends.
- * Performance indicators for General Fund *revenues* are comparing the percent of year-to-date actuals collected to total budget AND the budget prorated based on the historical trend (last four years) of average actual year-to-date collections to budget.
- * Performance indicators for General Fund *expenditures* are based on whether they are within budget for the percent of year-to-date actuals expended plus encumbrances compared to the total budgeted expenditures.
- * Performance indicators for Enterprise Funds focus on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service and indirect cost allocation) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

Real gross domestic product - the output of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the US. Reflects spending for households, business, government, and trade.

The change to the GDP is an indicator of the general direction of the economy. Slow or negative growth will likely mean lower revenues for the City.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| First Quarter 2025 | -0.6% |
| Second Quarter 2025 (third estimate) | 3.8% |
| Third Quarter 2025 | 4.4% |
| Fourth Quarter 2025 (third estimate) | 0.5% |

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce

Interest Rates

This table reflects the four most recent changes to the Federal Funds Rate by the Federal Reserve Board.

Lowering the Federal Funds Rate is a way for the Federal Reserve Board to make it less expensive for banks to borrow money for loans and investments and (in theory) pumping additional dollars into the economy.

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| December 19, 2024 | 4.25%-4.50% |
| September 18, 2025 | 4.00%-4.25% |
| October 30, 2025 | 3.75%-4.00% |
| December 11, 2025 | 3.50%-3.75% |

Source: Federal Reserve Bank

Unemployment

| | National | State of Arizona | Phoenix Metro Area* |
|--------|----------|------------------|---------------------|
| Dec-25 | 4.1% | 4.0% | Not Available |
| Jan-26 | 4.7% | 4.8% | 4.4% |
| Feb-26 | 4.7% | 4.7% | 4.2% |
| Mar-26 | 4.3% | 4.4% | 4.0% |

High unemployment rates typically result in a reduced demand for goods and services.

*Source: Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity Monthly Employment Report (not seasonally adjusted)

City Investment Portfolio

The City splits its investment portfolio between two investment firms with a different mix of holdings at each firm to reduce risk. Current Earning Benchmarks are as follows:

Allspring benchmark is ICE BofA 0-3 year U.S. Treasury Index
PFM's benchmark is ICE BofAML 1-5 year U.S. Treasury Index

Rate of Return is net of fees and includes interest earnings as well as both realized and unrealized gains/(losses). Rate of Return is typically negative in a rising rate environment.

| Fiscal Year 2025-26 Rate of Return | 3rd Quarter | Fiscal Year |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Benchmark | 0.29% | 2.55% |
| Allspring Global Investments | 0.28% | 2.62% |
| Benchmark | 0.19% | 2.46% |
| PFM Asset Management, LLC | 0.32% | 2.78% |
| Fiscal Year 2024-25 Rate of Return | 3rd Quarter | Fiscal Year |
| Benchmark | 1.59% | 4.45% |
| Allspring Global Investments | 1.61% | 4.42% |
| Benchmark | 2.00% | 4.64% |
| PFM Asset Management, LLC | 1.87% | 4.64% |

Source: Investment Advisors

Building Permits

Single-family building permits are an indicator of the general economy. Higher numbers of permits indicate an active construction market and resultant home sales. Fewer building permits generally equates to less new construction, and permit fees and construction sales tax revenues.

Chandler's quarterly average for single family building permits is 42.50 for FY 2024-25, down from the 70.25 average permits per quarter in FY 2023-24.

| Quarter | State of Arizona | Chandler |
|----------------------|------------------|----------|
| Jan - Feb - Mar 2024 | 11,192 | 29 |
| Apr - May - Jun 2024 | 10,967 | 55 |
| Jul - Aug - Sep 2024 | 10,380 | 42 |
| Oct - Nov - Dec 2024 | 8,973 | 46 |
| Jan - Feb - Mar 2025 | 9,855 | 51 |
| Apr - May - Jun 2025 | 9,429 | 31 |
| Jul - Aug - Sep 2025 | 7,191 | 52 |
| Oct - Nov - Dec 2025 | 7,577 | 32 |
| Jan - Feb - Mar 2026 | 8,221 | 41 |

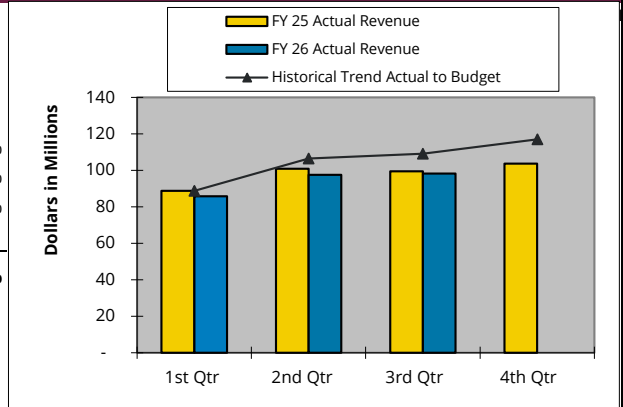
General Fund

Revenue Analysis:

Overall General Fund Revenues FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | *% of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 83,874,077 | \$ 85,780,982 | 22.4% | 23.2% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 95,350,715 | 97,509,437 | 25.5% | 27.8% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 97,808,452 | 98,190,991 | 25.6% | 28.5% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 106,011,293 | | | |
| Total | \$ 383,044,537 | \$ 281,481,410 | 73.5% | 79.5% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections



Positive

General Fund revenue collections for FY 2025-26 are \$4.4M (1.6%) above the adopted budget and \$7.6M (2.6%) less than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25.

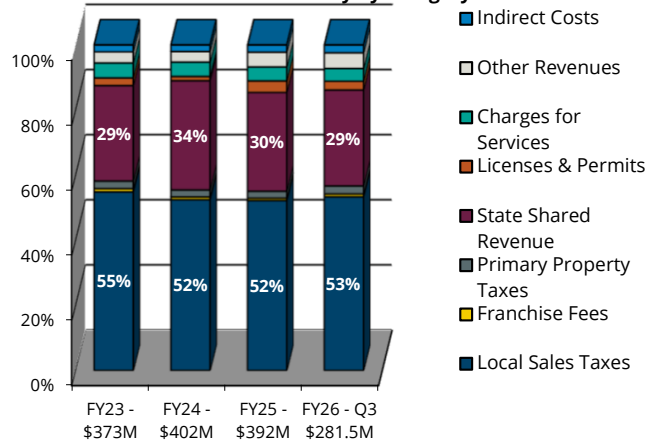
Overall, General Fund revenues are coming in as anticipated. Certain categories are performing as expected with slightly increased local consumer spending, and some continued business development activity. As the large industrial development project winds down, reductions in several categories are reflected in the budget as anticipated. Now that major developments are substantially complete and the state shared urban revenue flat tax is fully in effect, revenues have stabilized, classifying much of the prior year's additional revenues as one-time. Additionally, most of the overage throughout the first three quarters is a result of higher investment earnings. The performance indicator is negative as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is more than five percentage points lower than the historical budget received through the same period, however it was changed to positive as actual collections came in higher than budget.

The following charts provide more detail regarding the various sources of General Fund revenues and performance indicators.

Overall General Fund Revenues by Category FY 2025-26

| Revenue Categories | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd to Date |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Sales Tax | \$ 203,838,400 | \$ 150,174,607 | 73.7% |
| Franchise Fees | 3,190,000 | 2,384,779 | 74.8% |
| Primary Property Tax | 8,785,177 | 6,946,372 | 79.1% |
| State Shared Sales Tax | 115,125,994 | 83,022,304 | 72.1% |
| Licenses & Permits | 7,710,300 | 7,622,063 | 98.9% |
| Charges for Services | 19,928,507 | 10,992,384 | 55.2% |
| Other Revenues | 15,429,389 | 13,561,324 | 87.9% |
| Indirect Cost Allocation | 9,036,770 | 6,777,577 | 75.0% |
| Total | \$ 383,044,537 | \$ 281,481,410 | 73.5% |

General Fund Collection History by Category %



Positive

This chart summarizes General Fund revenue collections by revenue category for FY 2025-26. The graph helps us visualize what percentage each revenue category is to the total General Fund. The percentage spread of revenue sources are relatively consistent over the years with local sales taxes and State Shared Sales Tax Revenues being the largest General Fund revenue sources. The next several pages provide an analysis of each revenue category except Indirect Cost Allocation (payments by the Water, Wastewater, Reclaimed Water, Solid Waste, and Airport Enterprise Funds to the General Fund for city services provided for their operations). The performance indicator is positive as actual collections came in higher than budget.

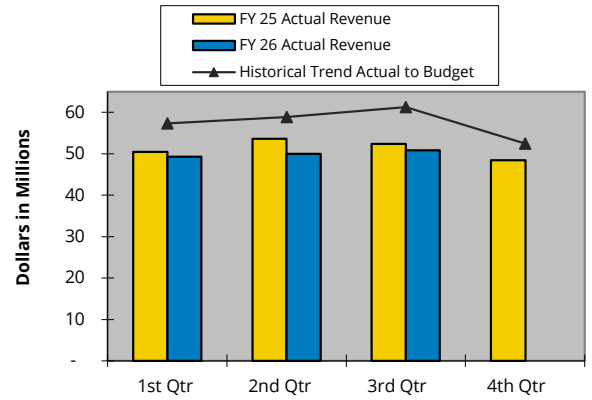
General Fund

Revenue Analysis (continued):

Sales Tax Revenue FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | *% of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 48,840,915 | \$ 49,334,775 | 24.2% | 28.1% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 50,303,760 | 49,990,687 | 24.5% | 28.9% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 52,338,175 | 50,849,145 | 24.9% | 30.1% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 52,355,550 | | | |
| Total | \$ 203,838,400 | \$ 150,174,607 | 73.7% | 87.1% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections



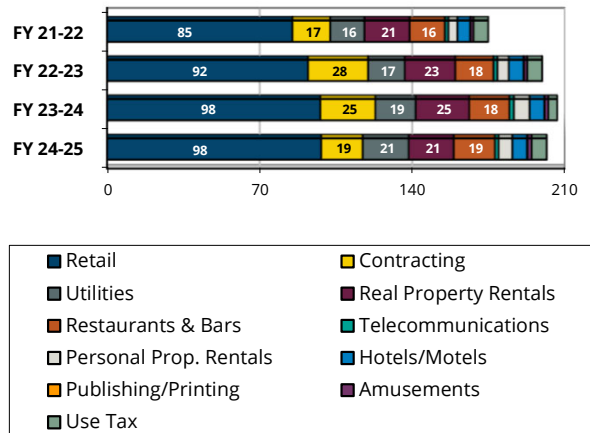
Warning

Figures above **include** General Fund local sales tax collections and the related revenues of license fees, audit assessments, penalties, and interest. Sales tax collections for FY 2025-26 were \$1.3M (0.9%) below the adopted budget and \$6.3M (4.0%) less than actual collections in the prior year through the third quarter of FY 2024-25. The performance indicator is negative as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is more than five percentage points below the historical budget received through the same period, however it has been changed to warning due to collections coming in slightly lower than budgeted through the third quarter.

Sales Tax Collection History

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Actual to Budget | % Chg from Prior Yr. |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Retail/Mfd. Bldg/Jet Fuel | \$ 99,395,000 | \$ 75,369,991 | 75.8% | 3.1% |
| Contracting | 20,766,000 | 9,371,075 | 45.1% | -39.6% |
| Utilities | 26,265,000 | 17,500,396 | 66.6% | 5.1% |
| Real Property Rentals | 14,731,000 | 11,492,925 | 78.0% | -34.0% |
| Restaurants & Bars | 18,540,000 | 14,410,696 | 77.7% | 3.8% |
| Telecommunications | 1,648,000 | 1,170,599 | 71.0% | -9.2% |
| Personal Prop. Rentals | 5,356,000 | 6,463,112 | 120.7% | 38.9% |
| Hotels/Motels | 6,489,000 | 4,927,622 | 75.9% | 3.8% |
| Publishing/Printing/Adv. | 213,000 | 157,653 | 74.0% | 6.3% |
| Amusements | 1,575,000 | 1,417,958 | 90.0% | 0.0% |
| Use Tax | 6,522,000 | 4,570,426 | 70.1% | -17.1% |
| Total Sales Tax | \$ 201,500,000 | \$ 146,852,453 | 72.9% | -4.9% |

4 Years Actual Sales Tax by Category (in millions)



The above figures reflect General Fund sales tax collections by category and **exclude** the related revenues of license fees, audit assessments, penalties, and interest. Sales tax collections for FY 2025-26 were \$2.9M (1.9%) below the adopted budget and \$7.5M (4.9%) less than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25. It should be noted that many of the categories are positive, reflecting continued consumer spending. Contracting/development collections and Personal Property Rentals are down as the Intel project slows and the residential rental tax elimination is in effect for the full year. Use tax is a highly fluctuating revenue category and significant swings in collection percentage are not abnormal.

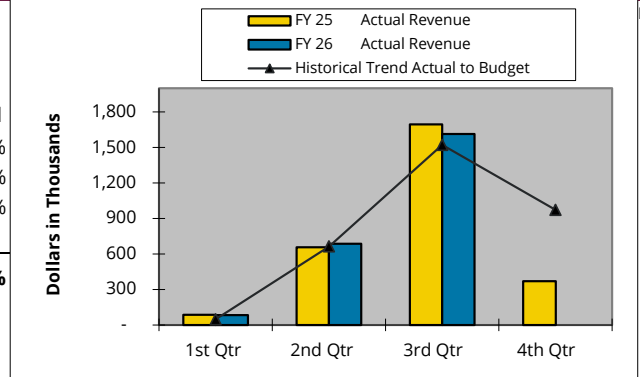
General Fund

Revenue Analysis (continued):

Franchise Fee Revenue FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | *% of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 48,543 | \$ 83,463 | 2.6% | 1.5% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 660,047 | 687,271 | 21.5% | 20.8% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 1,513,992 | 1,614,045 | 50.6% | 47.7% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 967,418 | | | |
| Total | \$ 3,190,000 | \$ 2,384,779 | 74.7% | 70.0% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections



Positive

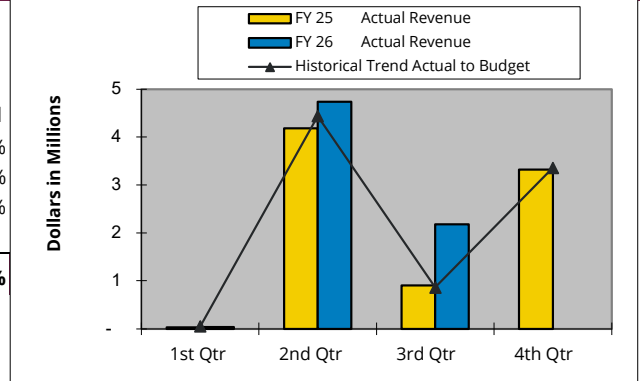
Franchise fees are paid by Arizona Public Service (2% of commercial and residential sales), Southwest Gas Corporation (2% of commercial and residential sales), Cox Communications (5% of gross revenue), Air Products (2% of gross sales), and Western Broadband (5% of gross sales).

Franchise fee collections for FY 2025-26 were \$162,197 (7.3%) above the adopted budget and \$52,323 (2.1%) less than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25. The performance indicator is positive as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is higher than the historical budget received through the same period.

Primary Property Tax Revenue FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | *% of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 53,272 | \$ 31,586 | 0.4% | 0.6% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 4,477,126 | 4,734,852 | 53.9% | 50.6% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 868,766 | 2,179,934 | 24.8% | 9.8% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 3,386,013 | | | |
| Total | \$ 8,785,177 | \$ 6,946,372 | 79.1% | 61.0% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections



Positive

This presentation only includes primary property taxes (supporting General Fund operations) and does not include secondary property taxes (supporting debt service on capital projects and recorded in the General Obligation Debt Service Fund). Property tax collections are due starting October 1st and March 1st each year. For FY 2025-26, Chandler is collecting a primary tax rate of \$0.2118 per \$100 of assessed valuation and a secondary tax rate of \$0.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation for a total rate of \$1.0818, representing a \$0.001 cent decrease from the rates adopted in the prior year. For the properties that had assessed valuation increases, this reduction helps offset some of that increase for a smaller net tax increase.

Primary property tax collections for FY 2025-26 were \$1.5M (28.7%) above the adopted budget and \$1.8M (35.9%) more than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25. The majority of collections come in the second and fourth quarters since the first half of the property tax bills are due in October and the second half are due in March. We anticipate an adjustment of approximately \$1 million to the primary property tax revenues shifting them to the secondary tax category, thereby reducing this number and explaining the higher collections. The county is having software issues, causing the split to be reflected incorrectly. This will continue to be monitored. The performance indicator is positive as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is artificially higher than the historical budget received through the same period.

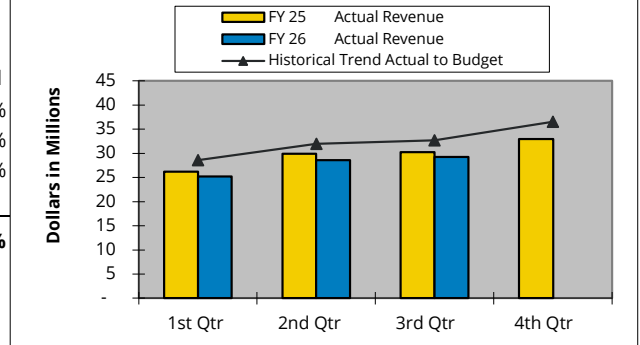
General Fund

Revenue Analysis (continued):

State Shared Sales Tax Revenues FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | % of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 25,434,159 | \$ 25,202,792 | 21.9% | 24.8% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 28,453,246 | 28,571,942 | 24.8% | 27.8% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 29,048,176 | 29,247,569 | 25.4% | 28.4% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 32,190,413 | | | |
| Total | \$ 115,125,994 | \$ 83,022,303 | 72.1% | 81.0% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections



Warning

-- **State Shared Sales Tax Revenue:** The State sales tax rate is currently 5.6%, of which a portion of the various categories of sales tax are distributed to cities and towns based on population as State Shared Sales Tax Revenue. Collections for FY 2025-26 are \$26,245 (0.1%) below adopted budget and \$253,337 (0.8%) less than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25.

-- **Smart and Safe (State Shared Revenue):** Prop 207 was approved by voters in 2020 and created a 16% excise tax on the sale of recreational marijuana effective 2021. Fire and Police departments receive revenue based on the number of employees enrolled in PSPRS at the time. The tax is distributed 2nd and 4th quarter of each year. Collections for FY 2025-26 are \$144,396 (24.9%) above adopted budget and \$54,389 (7.0%) less than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25.

-- **Public Safety State Allocation (State Shared Revenue):** State Senate Bill 1147 provides for revenues to local public safety jurisdictions of cities and towns, for costs associated with human smuggling, drug trafficking, and other illegal activity. Collections for FY 2025-26 are \$83,775 year to date, with no actuals received in the prior year.

-- **Vehicle License Tax:** Cities and towns receive 25% of the net revenues collected for vehicle licensing within their county from the State, as well as surcharges from vehicle rentals. The respective city share's are determined by the proportion of city population to total incorporated population of the county. Collections for FY 2025-26 are \$545,214 (5.3%) above adopted budget and \$512,002 (4.9%) more than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25.

-- **Urban Revenue Sharing:** Eighteen percent (18%) of the 2023 State income tax collection is distributed to cities and towns as urban revenue sharing based upon estimated population. Collections for FY 2025-26 are \$660,417 (1.6%) below adopted budget and \$3.6M (8.0%) less than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25, as the State flat income tax is now fully realized.

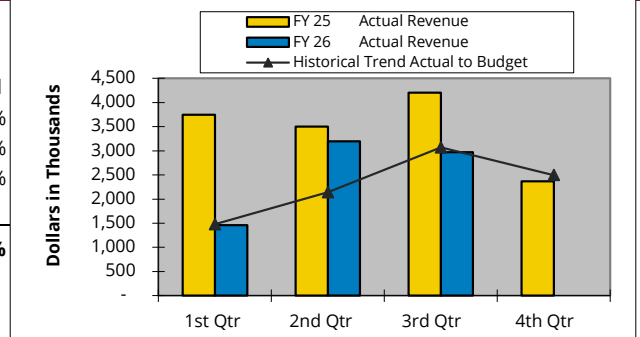
The overall State Shared revenue performance indicator is negative as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is more than five percentage points below the historical budget received through the same period, however it has been changed to warning since this reduction was expected from the State elimination of residential rental tax.

Licenses & Permits Revenue FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | % of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 1,239,563 | \$ 1,460,530 | 18.9% | 19.1% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 1,798,465 | 3,192,972 | 41.4% | 27.8% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 2,576,120 | 2,968,561 | 38.5% | 39.8% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 2,096,152 | | | |
| Total | \$ 7,710,300 | \$ 7,622,063 | 98.8% | 86.7% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections

Positive



This category includes revenue for various licenses: transaction privilege (sales) tax, alcoholic beverages, transient merchants, peddlers and solicitors, secondhand and junk dealers, amusements, business registrations, and professional/occupational licenses, as well as cable license application fees. In addition, revenue from building, alarm, and fiber optic permits are included. License and permit collections for FY 2025-26 were \$2.0M (35.8%) above adopted budget and \$3.8M (33.4%) less than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25 with large prior year building permits fees being one-time. Higher collections in the first three quarters of FY 2024-25 reflects large receipts recorded for industrial permits. The performance indicator is positive as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is higher than the historical budget received through the same period.

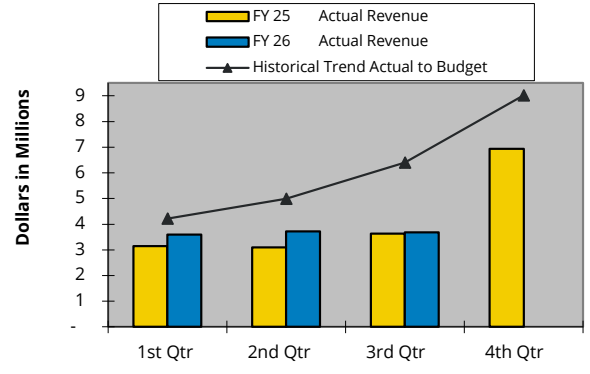
General Fund

Revenue Analysis (continued):

Charges for Services Revenue FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | *% of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 3,413,004 | \$ 3,596,796 | 18.0% | 21.2% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 4,039,110 | 3,717,651 | 18.7% | 25.0% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 5,179,716 | 3,677,937 | 18.5% | 32.1% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 7,296,677 | | | |
| Total | \$ 19,928,507 | \$ 10,992,384 | 55.2% | 78.3% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections



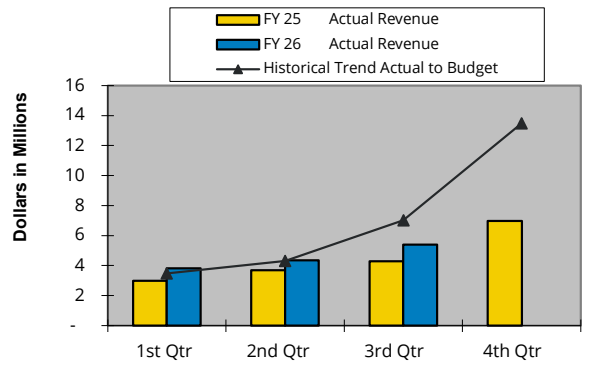
Positive

Charges for Services includes revenue from various engineering, recreation, and library fees, police and fire miscellaneous service reimbursements, and public school reimbursements. Charges for services collections for FY 2025-26 were \$1.6M (13.0%) below the adopted budget and \$1.1M (11.2%) more than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25. The budget reflects possible additional revenues from developer reimbursements which are estimated to reflect high volume, which is not actually anticipated. This revenue masks the percentage of revenue received, as it is not likely to be collected unless development activity increases. The performance indicator is negative as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is more than 5% below the historical budget received through the same period. This indicator was changed to positive since collections are coming in as expected.

Other Revenue FY 2025-26

| | FY 26 Adopted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd | *% of Budget Hist. Rec'd |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 2,585,423 | \$ 3,811,848 | 24.7% | 22.6% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 3,359,772 | 4,354,870 | 28.2% | 27.9% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 4,024,314 | 5,394,606 | 35.0% | 45.5% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 5,459,880 | | | |
| Total | \$ 15,429,389 | \$ 13,561,324 | 87.9% | 96.0% |

* Pro-rated based upon a four year historical trend of actual year-to-date collections



Positive

Other revenue captures interest income, fines and forfeitures, court fees, sale of land and fixed assets, and other miscellaneous items. Revenue streams in this category are not constant. Other revenue collections for FY 2025-26 are \$3.6M (36.0%) above adopted budget and \$2.6M (23.8%) more than actual collections through the third quarter of FY 2024-25. Interest income experienced the most growth over budget since the fed rate was not reduced when anticipated, which resulted in higher one-time monies. The performance indicator is negative as the percentage of budget received through the third quarter is more than 5% below the historical budget received through the same period. This indicator was changed to positive as collections are coming in higher than projected.

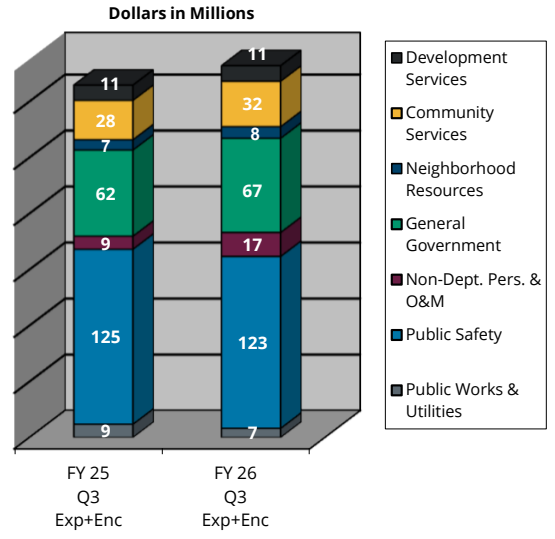
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis:

General Fund Expenditures + Encumbrances for FY 2025-26 by Function

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Q3 Exp+Enc | % of Budget Exp'd | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| * Dept. Operating | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 91,538,713 | \$ 67,283,918 | 73.5% | 71.4% |
| Community Services | 42,705,020 | 32,434,812 | 76.0% | 74.3% |
| Development Services | 16,970,535 | 11,053,530 | 65.1% | 77.5% |
| Public Safety | 152,792,511 | 122,725,799 | 80.3% | 77.2% |
| Public Works & Utilities | 7,804,771 | 6,523,449 | 83.6% | 79.3% |
| Neighborhood Resources | 11,175,420 | 8,277,760 | 74.1% | 39.1% |
| Non-Dept. Pers. & O&M | 31,920,156 | 17,099,418 | 53.6% | 92.5% |
| Subtotal | \$ 354,907,126 | \$ 265,398,685 | 74.8% | 73.8% |
| Non-Dept. Reserves | \$ 3,091,675 | \$ - | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Non-Dept. Contingencies | 23,706,481 | - | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Total | \$ 381,705,282 | \$ 265,398,685 | 69.5% | 65.7% |

* Excluding Interfund Transfers



Total General Fund operating expenditures and encumbrances are reflected by City function, along with budgeted non-departmental reserves (encumbrance and unencumbered carryforward, utility, fuel, and downtown redevelopment) and contingencies (15% of revenues and Council Contingency). Since General Obligation debt and General Fund capital expenditures are reflected in the General Obligation Debt and General Capital Projects Funds, this presentation only includes General Fund operating expenditures to more clearly reflect the results of operations.

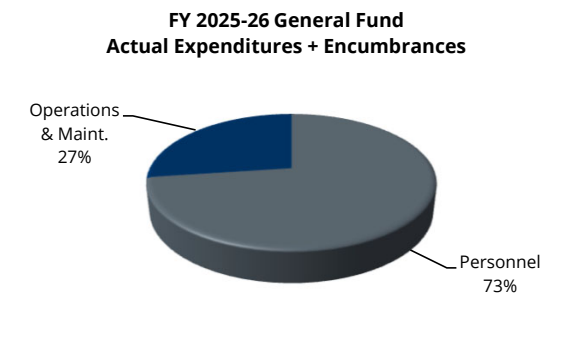
The chart reflects actual spending and encumbrances for FY 2024-25 and FY 2025-26. The Personnel and O&M (maroon category) increase mainly reflects the difference in the amount of the prior year's payment of \$7M towards the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) unfunded liability payoff, to the current year's payment of \$15M with General Government's (green category) increase mainly reflects higher personnel and technology related costs. Community Services' (yellow category) increase reflects the shift of landscape maintenance contracts from Public Works & Utilities. All other areas remained fairly consistent.

FY 2025-26 operating expended and encumbered through the third quarter is 74.8% of the adjusted budget compared to 73.8% of adjusted budget spent and encumbered in the prior year. As shown on the following pages, departments (excluding non-departmental) have expended between 63.0% and 83.6% of their General Fund adjusted budgets for FY 2025-26.

General Fund Expenditures + Encumbrances for FY 2025-26 by Category

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Q3 Exp+Enc | FY 25 Q3 Exp+Enc | % Change from Prior Yr. Actual |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| *Dept. Operating | | | | |
| Personnel | \$ 255,039,485 | \$ 193,393,081 | \$ 184,543,110 | 4.8% |
| Operations & Maint. | 99,867,641 | 72,005,604 | 67,007,597 | 7.5% |
| Reserves/Contingencies | 26,798,156 | - | - | 0.0% |
| Total | \$ 381,705,282 | \$ 265,398,685 | \$ 251,550,707 | 5.5% |

* Excluding Interfund Transfers



Total General Fund operating expenditures and encumbrances are reflected by spending category. Personnel spending through the third quarter of FY 2025-26 is 4.8% more than spending for FY 2024-25. The majority of the increase was due the \$15M payment to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), versus \$7M in the prior year and also includes other citywide personnel cost increases and FTE changes. Operations and maintenance spending through the third quarter of FY 2025-26 is 7.5% higher than spending for FY 2024-25, due to some higher spending and encumbrances mainly in Neighborhood Resources and IT professional services.

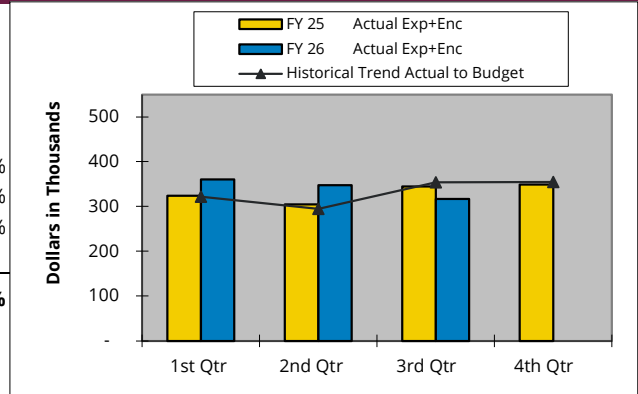
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

Mayor & Council Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 322,103 | \$ 360,324 | 24.8% | 22.1% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 337,653 | 347,272 | 23.8% | 20.3% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 396,938 | 316,625 | 21.8% | 24.3% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 398,110 | | | |
| Total | \$ 1,454,804 | \$ 1,024,221 | 70.4% | 66.7% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



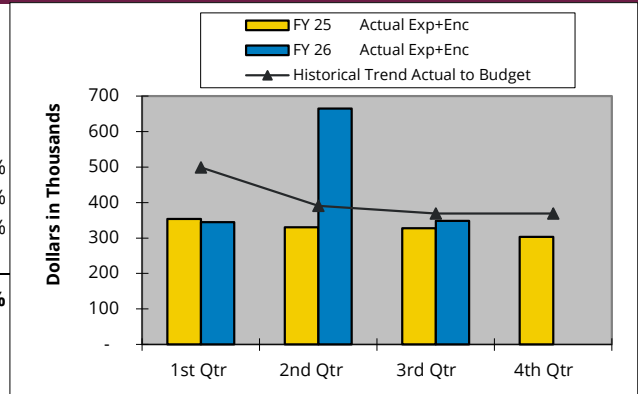
Positive

The Mayor and Council division spent 70.4% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and has historically spent 66.7% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first and second quarter of FY 2025-26 reflects increases in personnel, professional services, operating supplies, and communication/transportation costs. The result is a warning performance indicator as expenses are between two and five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

City Clerk Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 499,187 | \$ 344,345 | 18.7% | 27.1% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 462,641 | 664,598 | 36.0% | 21.2% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 441,454 | 348,310 | 18.9% | 20.0% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 441,505 | | | |
| Total | \$ 1,844,787 | \$ 1,357,253 | 73.6% | 68.3% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



Positive

City Clerk includes the following cost centers: City Clerk and Records Management. The department spent 73.6% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and has historically spent 68.3% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher expense in the second quarter of FY 2025-26 reflect personnel and election costs. The result is a negative performance indicator as expenses are more than five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the second quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

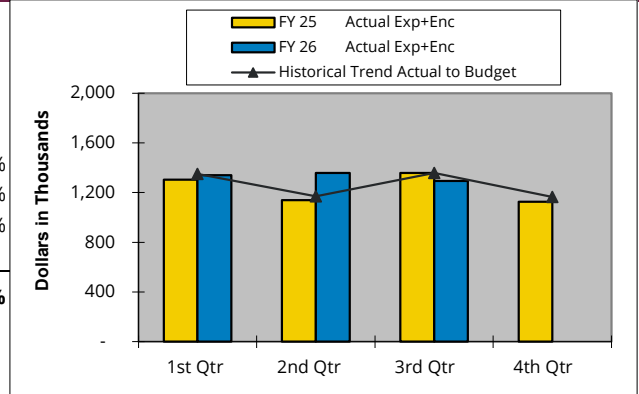
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

Law Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 1,350,172 | \$ 1,340,026 | 26.2% | 26.4% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 1,193,890 | 1,358,350 | 26.5% | 22.9% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 1,383,728 | 1,294,050 | 25.3% | 26.6% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 1,190,464 | | | |
| Total | \$ 5,118,254 | \$ 3,992,426 | 78.0% | 75.9% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



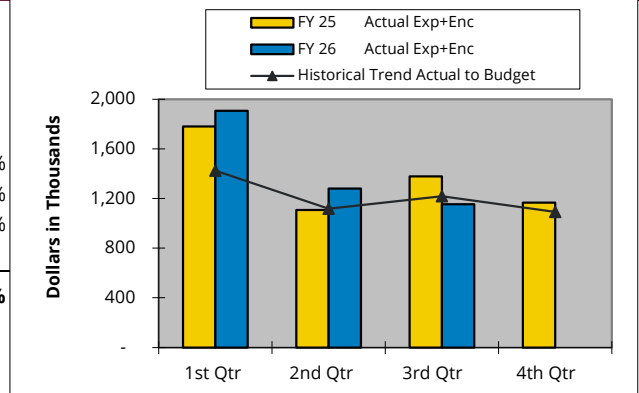
Positive

Law spent 78.0% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and has historically spent 75.9% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the second quarter of FY 2025-26 reflects increases in personnel costs. The result is a warning performance indicator as expenses are between two and five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

City Magistrate Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 1,425,723 | \$ 1,906,906 | 31.5% | 23.5% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 1,517,657 | 1,279,564 | 21.1% | 18.5% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 1,617,610 | 1,153,380 | 19.1% | 20.1% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 1,493,239 | | | |
| Total | \$ 6,054,229 | \$ 4,339,850 | 71.7% | 62.1% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



Positive

City Magistrate spent 71.7% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and has historically spent 62.1% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first and second quarter of FY 2025-26 reflects increases in professional services (a large encumbrance for public defender services that will be spent down throughout the year) and personnel costs. The performance indicator is negative as expenses through the third quarter are more than five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, it has been changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

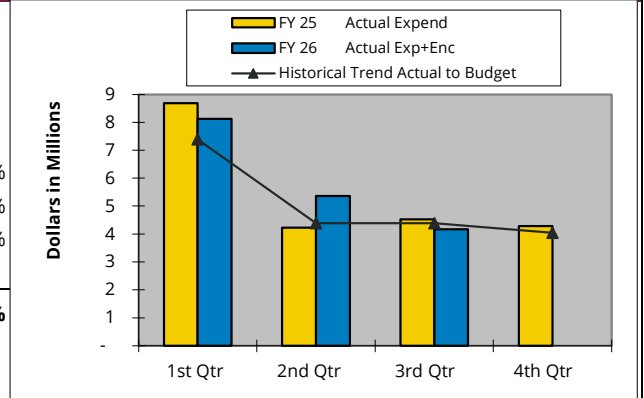
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

City Manager & Organizational Support Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | | |
| 1st Qtr | Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 7,387,358 | \$ 8,119,374 | 34.1% | 31.0% |
| 2nd Qtr | Oct - Dec 25 | 5,597,984 | 5,355,386 | 22.5% | 18.4% |
| 3rd Qtr | Jan - Mar 26 | 5,599,526 | 4,167,366 | 17.5% | 18.4% |
| 4th Qtr | Apr - Jun 26 | 5,255,113 | | | |
| Total | | \$ 23,839,981 | \$ 17,642,126 | 74.1% | 67.8% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



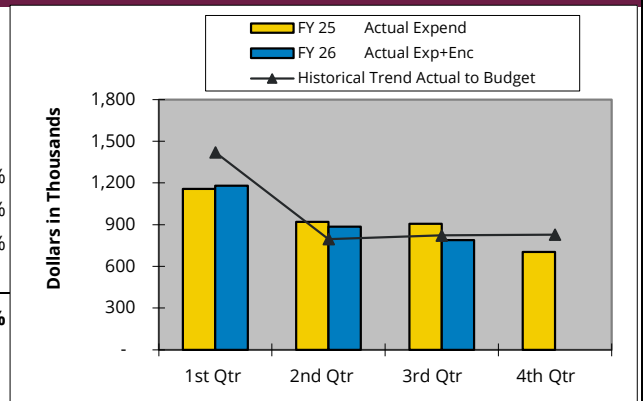
Positive

City Manager & Organizational Support includes the following divisions budgeted in the General Fund: Administration, Buildings & Facilities, Connection & Impact, Economic Development, Fleet Services, Human Resources, Transportation Policy, as well as Cultural Development which is shown separately. Combined these divisions spent 74.1% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 67.8% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first quarter of FY 2024-25 reflected increases in professional services (large encumbrances in Transportation Policy that are spent down throughout the year), and personnel costs. Higher spending in the first and second quarter of FY 2025-26 reflects increases in operating supplies (Transportation Policy encumbrances that will be spent down throughout the year) and personnel costs. The performance indicator is negative as expenses through the third quarter are more than five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, it has been changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Communications & Public Affairs Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | | |
| 1st Qtr | Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 1,419,819 | \$ 1,179,985 | 26.1% | 31.4% |
| 2nd Qtr | Oct - Dec 25 | 1,016,130 | 886,187 | 19.6% | 17.6% |
| 3rd Qtr | Jan - Mar 26 | 1,042,742 | 788,516 | 17.3% | 18.2% |
| 4th Qtr | Apr - Jun 26 | 1,049,860 | | | |
| Total | | \$ 4,528,551 | \$ 2,854,688 | 63.0% | 67.2% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



Positive

Communications and Public Affairs (CAPA) spent 63.0% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 67.2% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. The result is a positive performance indicator, with the expectation to be within budget by fiscal year end.

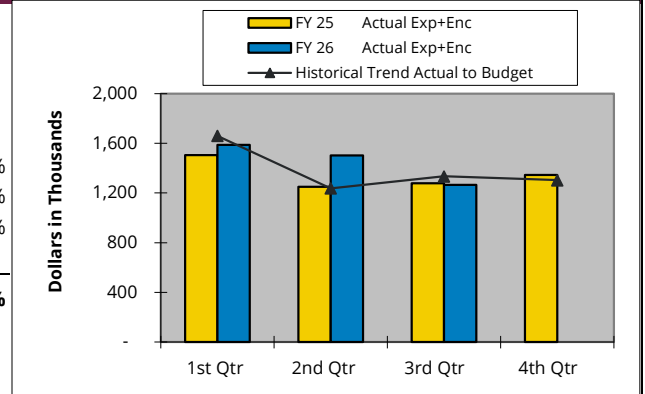
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

Cultural Development Expenditure 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 1,660,890 | \$ 1,586,438 | 27.9% | 29.2% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 1,289,140 | 1,502,388 | 26.4% | 21.8% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 1,384,910 | 1,265,772 | 22.2% | 23.4% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 1,354,510 | | | |
| Total | \$ 5,689,450 | \$ 4,354,598 | 76.5% | 74.4% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



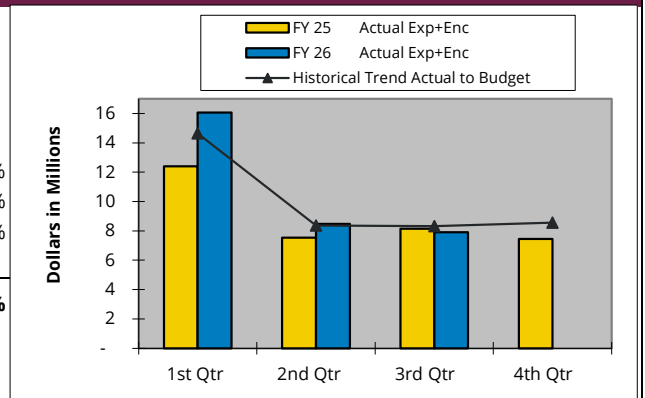
Positive

Cultural Development includes the following cost centers: Administration, Center for the Arts, Downtown Redevelopment, Museum, and Special Events, and is considered part of City Manager, Organizational Support. The department spent 76.5% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 74.4% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the second quarter of FY 2025-26 reflects increases in personnel costs. The result is a warning performance indicator as expenses are between two and five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Community Services Expenditure 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 14,659,319 | \$ 16,056,108 | 37.6% | 34.3% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 9,292,760 | 8,470,854 | 19.8% | 19.6% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 9,254,505 | 7,907,850 | 18.6% | 19.5% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 9,498,436 | | | |
| Total | \$ 42,705,020 | \$ 32,434,812 | 76.0% | 73.4% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



Positive

Community Services includes the following divisions budgeted in the General Fund: Administration, Aquatics, Library, Nature & Recreation Facilities, Park Maintenance & Operations, Recreation, and Sports & Fitness Facilities. The department spent 76.0% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 73.4% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first quarter of FY 2025-26 reflects increases professional services for park maintenance (large encumbrances that are spent down throughout the year) and personnel costs. The result is a warning performance indicator as expenses are between two and five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the second quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

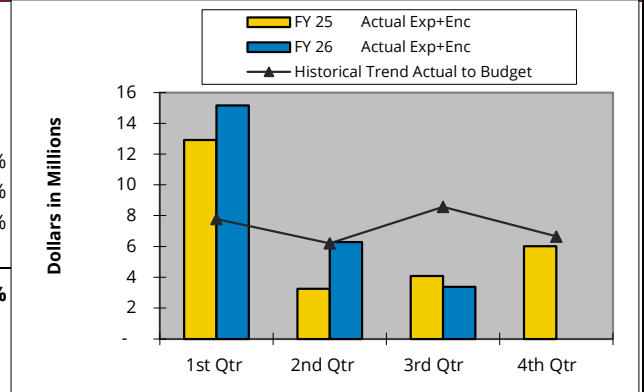
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

Information Technology Expenditure 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 7,787,740 | \$ 15,156,369 | 44.9% | 23.0% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 7,765,136 | 6,282,245 | 18.5% | 18.4% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 10,082,620 | 3,375,128 | 10.0% | 25.4% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 8,150,847 | | | |
| Total | \$ 33,786,343 | \$ 24,813,742 | 73.4% | 66.8% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



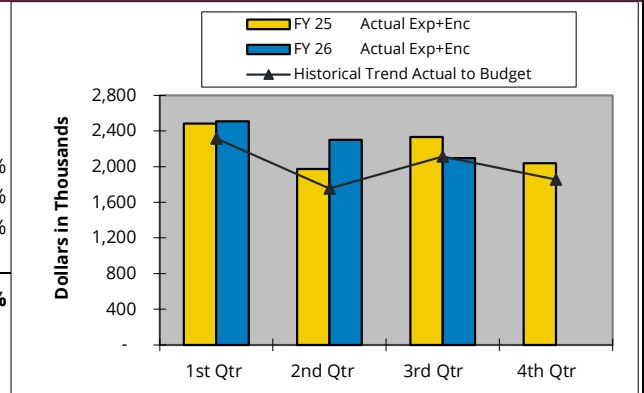
Positive

Information Technology spent 73.4% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 66.8% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first and second quarters of FY 2025-26 reflects increases in professional services (large encumbrances for various contracts that are spent down throughout the year) with the large financial/HR ERP system project this year. The result is a negative performance indicator as expenses are more than five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Management Services Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 2,316,240 | \$ 2,507,947 | 27.2% | 25.1% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 2,149,348 | 2,300,772 | 24.9% | 19.0% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 2,508,239 | 2,096,294 | 22.8% | 22.9% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 2,248,487 | | | |
| Total | \$ 9,222,314 | \$ 6,905,013 | 74.9% | 67.0% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



Positive

Management Services Department includes the following divisions budgeted in the General Fund: Administration, Accounting, Central Supply, Purchasing, Tax & License, and Utility Services (reimbursed by the Public Works & Utilities Department, Water/Wastewater/Solid Waste, through the Indirect Cost Allocation). The Budget Division is also included in this summary, although reports directly to the City Manager's Office. These divisions spent 74.9% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 67.0% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the second quarter of FY 2025-26 reflected increases in personnel costs. The performance indicator is negative as expenses through the third quarter are more than five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, it has been changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

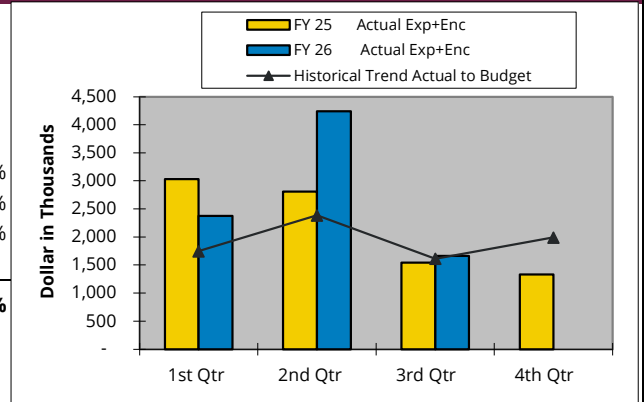
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

Neighborhood Resources Expenditure 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 1,744,384 | \$ 2,375,124 | 21.3% | 15.6% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 3,532,964 | 4,241,778 | 37.9% | 21.3% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 2,759,780 | 1,660,858 | 14.9% | 14.4% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 3,138,292 | | | |
| Total | \$ 11,175,420 | \$ 8,277,760 | 74.1% | 51.3% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



Positive

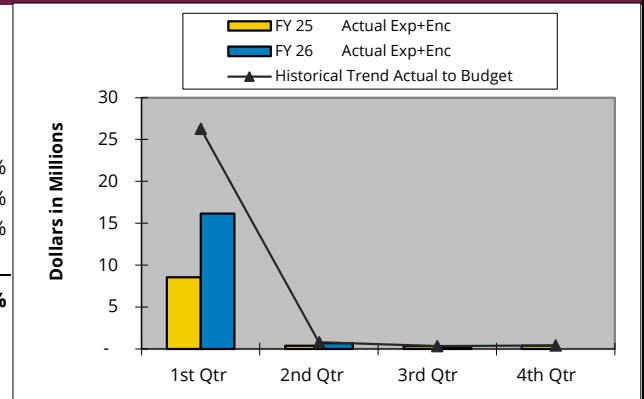
Neighborhood Resources includes the following cost centers budgeted in the General Fund: Administration, Housing & Redevelopment, Neighborhood Preservation, and Community Development. The department spent 74.1% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 51.3% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first quarter of FY 2024-25 compared to FY 2025-26 reflects spending for the Youth Enhancement and Operation Open Door programs. Higher spending in the second quarter of FY 2025-26 compared to the historical trend reflects increase human services costs which support non-profit agencies. The result is a negative performance indicator as expenses are more than five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Non-Departmental Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 26,296,776 | \$ 16,144,127 | 50.6% | 82.4% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 2,521,327 | 681,775 | 2.2% | 2.5% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 1,980,962 | 273,516 | 0.8% | 1.1% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 1,121,091 | | | |
| Total** | \$ 31,920,156 | \$ 17,099,418 | 53.6% | 86.0% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget

** Excludes Reserves and Contingencies



Positive

Non-Departmental includes citywide costs that do not belong to a specific department or are infrequent/unusual (i.e., memberships, legal fees, studies, strategic economic development opportunities, and miscellaneous downtown redevelopment expenses). Spending in this category fluctuates due to changing one-time needs from year to year. Non-departmental planned spending for FY 2025-26 is 53.6% of the adjusted budget and has historically spent 86.0% of the adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first quarter of FY 2025-26 compared to FY 2024-25 reflects the increase payment to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) payment in the amount of \$15M, which was \$7M in the prior year. The result is a positive performance indicator, with the expectation to be within budget by fiscal year end.

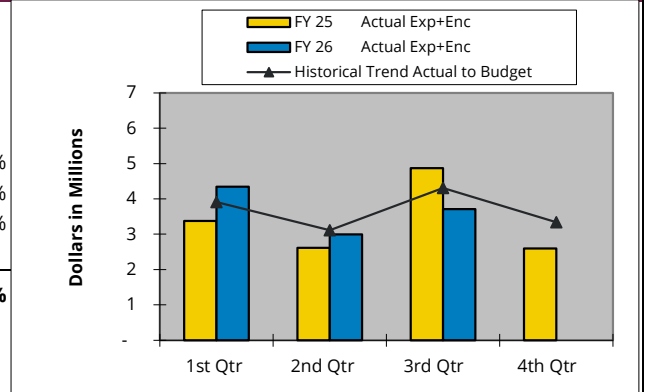
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

Development Services Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 3,911,702 | \$ 4,346,153 | 25.6% | 23.0% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 3,877,078 | 2,998,374 | 17.7% | 18.4% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 5,076,824 | 3,709,003 | 21.8% | 25.4% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 4,104,931 | | | |
| Total | \$ 16,970,535 | \$ 11,053,530 | 65.1% | 66.8% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



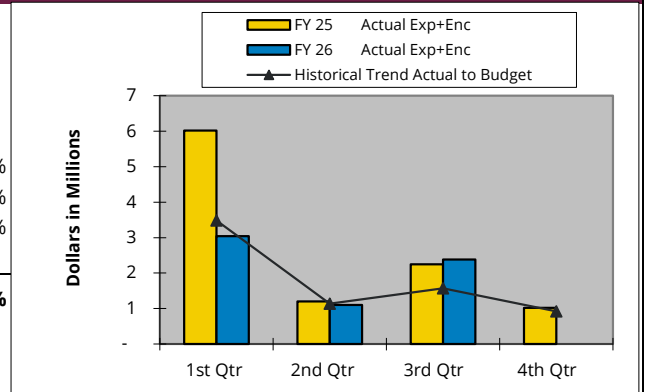
Positive

Development Services includes the following cost centers: Administration, Construction Management and Permits, Building Safety, Transportation Engineering, Engineering, and Planning. The department spent 65.1% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 66.8% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first quarter of FY 2025-26 reflects increases in professional services (large encumbrances for various contracts that are spent down throughout the year) and personnel costs. The result is a positive performance indicator, with the expectation to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Public Works & Utilities Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 3,480,973 | \$ 3,037,005 | 38.9% | 44.6% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 1,368,421 | 1,101,310 | 14.1% | 14.6% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 1,800,526 | 2,385,134 | 30.6% | 20.1% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 1,154,851 | | | |
| Total | \$ 7,804,771 | \$ 6,523,449 | 83.6% | 79.3% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



Positive

Public Works & Utilities includes the following divisions budgeted in the General Fund: Administration, Capital Projects, Traffic Engineering, Streets, and Street Sweeping. The department spent 83.6% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 79.3% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first FY 2024-25 reflects increases in professional services (large encumbrances for landscape maintenance contracts in the first quarter that are spent down throughout the year which shifted to parks this year) and personnel costs. The result is a warning performance indicator as expenses are between two and five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

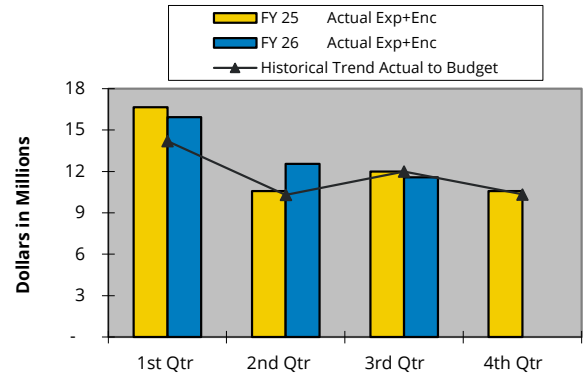
General Fund

Expenditure Analysis (continued / department summaries):

Fire Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 14,199,543 | \$ 15,939,406 | 33.2% | 29.6% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 10,691,260 | 12,547,734 | 26.1% | 21.5% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 12,385,567 | 11,573,741 | 24.1% | 25.0% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 10,733,189 | | | |
| Total | \$ 48,009,559 | \$ 40,060,881 | 83.4% | 76.1% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



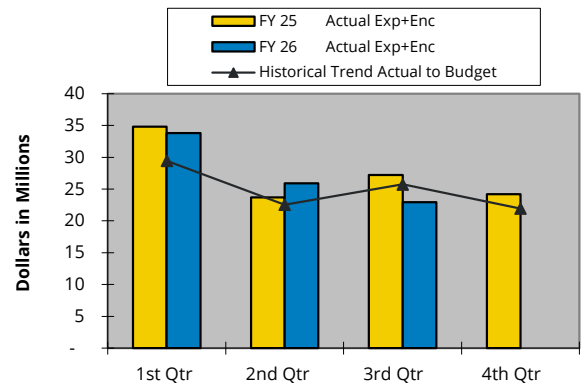
Positive

Fire includes the following cost centers: Administration, Health & Medical Services, Operations, Prevention & Preparedness, and Support Services. The department spent 83.4% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 76.1% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first and second quarter of FY 2024-25 and FY 2025-26 reflects increases in professional services and personnel costs which included a one-time payment to the Post Employment Health Plan (PEHP) for all sworn members covered by the MOU. The result is a negative performance indicator as expenses are more than five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Police Expenditure FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Exp+Enc | % of Budget Expended by Qtr | *Avg Hist. Trend % of Budget by Qtr |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Operating Only | | | | |
| 1st Qtr Jul - Sep 25 | \$ 29,443,471 | \$ 33,790,941 | 32.2% | 28.1% |
| 2nd Qtr Oct - Dec 25 | 24,242,777 | 25,925,557 | 24.8% | 21.5% |
| 3rd Qtr Jan - Mar 26 | 27,437,677 | 22,948,419 | 21.9% | 24.6% |
| 4th Qtr Apr - Jun 26 | 23,659,026 | | | |
| Total | \$ 104,782,952 | \$ 82,664,917 | 78.9% | 74.2% |

* Historical Trend represents the average of the past 4 years % of actual to budget



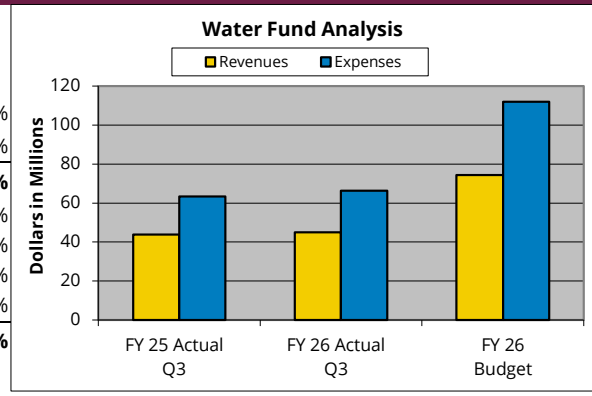
Positive

Police includes the following cost centers: Administration, Communications, Criminal Investigations, Detention Services, Field Operations, Forensic Services, Operational Support, Planning & Research, Professional Standards, Property & Evidence, Records, and Technology. The department spent 78.9% of their FY 2025-26 adjusted budget and have historically spent 74.2% of their adjusted budget through the third quarter of the fiscal year. Higher spending in the first and second quarter of FY 2024-25 and FY 2025-26 reflects increases in personnel costs which included a one-time payment to the Post Employment Health Plan (PEHP) for all sworn members covered by the MOU. The result is a warning performance indicator as expenses are between two and five percentage points higher than historical budget spent through the third quarter, however, this was changed to positive as the expectation is to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Enterprise Fund Analysis:

Water Fund Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| Water Fund | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue/Exp+Enc | % of Budget Rec'd/Exp'd to Date | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Revenues | \$ 67,360,453 | \$ 44,967,389 | 67% | 71% |
| Transfers In | 6,962,168 | - | 0% | 0% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 74,322,621 | \$ 44,967,389 | 61% | 69% |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 46,386,741 | \$ 39,147,755 | 84% | 85% |
| Major Capital Expenses | 39,380,336 | 20,119,293 | 51% | 48% |
| Debt Service | 20,366,027 | 2,125,053 | 10% | 15% |
| Transfers Out | 5,860,753 | 4,982,450 | 85% | 61% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 111,993,857 | \$ 66,374,551 | 59% | 51% |
| Net Rev / Exp | \$ (37,671,236) | \$ (21,407,163) | | |

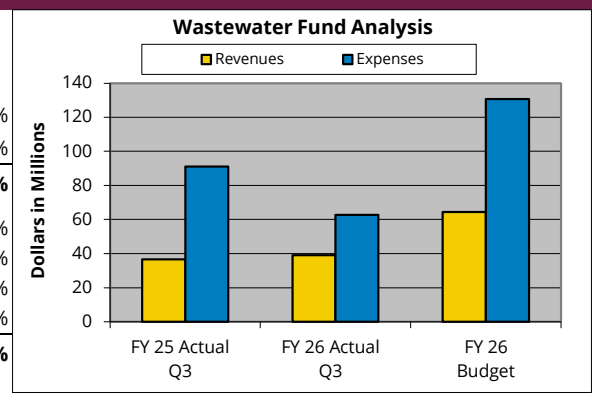


Positive The performance indicator for Enterprise Funds focuses on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service and indirect cost allocation) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

The Water Operating Fund includes the following cost centers: Administration, Environmental Resources, Meter Services, San Tan Vista Water Treatment Plant, Water Capital, Water Distribution, Water Quality, Water Treatment Plant, and Water Systems Maintenance. The Water Operating Fund supports operating functions and major capital costs that can be paid without borrowing. The Net Revenue/Expense for FY 2025-26 reflects a \$37.7M drawdown to fund balance due to increased pay as you go, as well as bond funded (sold in prior year) capital spending (including unspent capital carryforward from prior years), and also assumes all appropriated operating and capital funds are spent, which is typically not the case. The budgeted Transfers In totaling \$6,962,168 includes \$5,573,368 for System Development Fee (SDF) loan paybacks and \$1,388,800 from Reclaimed Water to pay towards related capital costs. The budgeted Transfers Out totaling \$5,860,753 includes indirect cost allocation to the General Fund of \$3,584,888, payment of \$227,985 to the Technology Replacement Fund, payment of \$600,000 to the Insured Liability Self-Insurance Fund, payment of \$35,353 to the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Trust, payment of \$21,291 to the Uninsured Liability Self-Insurance Fund, as well as a subsidy of \$1,391,236 to the Reclaimed Water Fund to reflect benefits received. Year-to-date **Operating Revenues** through the third quarter are 67% compared to 71% for FY 2024-25, while **Operating Expenses** through the third quarter are 84% compared to 85% for FY 2024-25. The result is a positive performance indicator

Wastewater Fund Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| Wastewater Fund | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue/Exp+Enc | % of Budget Rec'd/Exp'd to Date | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Revenues | \$ 60,121,073 | \$ 37,792,679 | 63% | 72% |
| Transfers In | 4,287,418 | 1,287,418 | 30% | 0% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 64,408,491 | \$ 39,080,097 | 61% | 64% |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 26,410,497 | \$ 20,419,402 | 77% | 75% |
| Major Capital Expenses | 76,089,057 | 34,222,851 | 45% | 44% |
| Debt Service | 21,577,374 | 2,170,181 | 10% | 13% |
| Transfers Out | 6,630,251 | 5,838,730 | 88% | 53% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 130,707,179 | \$ 62,651,164 | 48% | 43% |
| Net Rev / Exp | \$ (66,298,688) | \$ (23,571,067) | | |



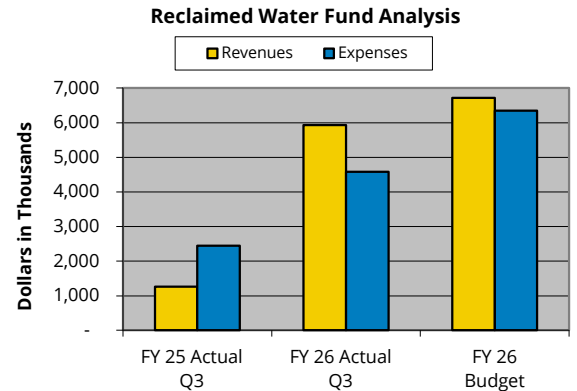
Positive The performance indicator for Enterprise Funds focuses on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service and indirect cost allocation) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

The Wastewater Operating Fund includes the following cost centers: Airport Water Reclamation Facility, Lone Butte Wastewater Treatment, Ocotillo Brine Reduction Facility, Ocotillo Water Reclamation Facility, Wastewater Capital, Wastewater Collection, and Wastewater Quality. The Wastewater Operating Fund supports operating functions and major capital costs that can be paid without borrowing. The Net Revenue/Expense for FY 2025-26 reflects a \$66.3M drawdown to fund balance due to increased pay as you go, as well as bond funded (sold in prior year) capital spending (including unspent capital carryforward from prior years), and also assumes all appropriated operating and capital funds are spent, which is typically not the case. The budgeted Transfers In totaling \$4,287,418 includes \$3M for System Development Fee (SDF) loan paybacks and \$1,287,418 from Reclaimed Water towards related capital costs. The budgeted Transfers Out totaling \$6,630,251 includes indirect cost allocation to the General Fund of \$3,121,200, payment of \$153,640 to the Technology Replacement Fund, payment of \$23,594 to the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Trust, payment of \$21,291 to the Uninsured Liability Self-Insurance Fund, as well as a subsidy of \$3,310,526 to the Reclaimed Water Fund, reflecting benefits received. Year-to-date **Operating Revenues** through the third quarter are 63% compared to 72% for FY 2024-25, while **Operating Expenses** through the third quarter are 77% compared to 75% for FY 2024-25. The result is a positive performance indicator.

Enterprise Fund Analysis (continued):

Reclaimed Water Fund Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue/Exp+Enc | % of Budget Rec'd/Exp'd to Date | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Reclaimed Water | | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 2,005,374 | \$ 1,233,666 | 62% | 73% |
| Transfers In | 4,701,762 | 4,701,762 | 100% | 0% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 6,707,136 | \$ 5,935,428 | 88% | 28% |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 3,526,116 | \$ 3,184,200 | 90% | 91% |
| Transfers Out | 2,819,356 | 1,395,606 | 50% | 4% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 6,345,472 | \$ 4,579,806 | 72% | 46% |
| Net Rev / Exp | \$ 361,664 | \$ 1,355,622 | | |

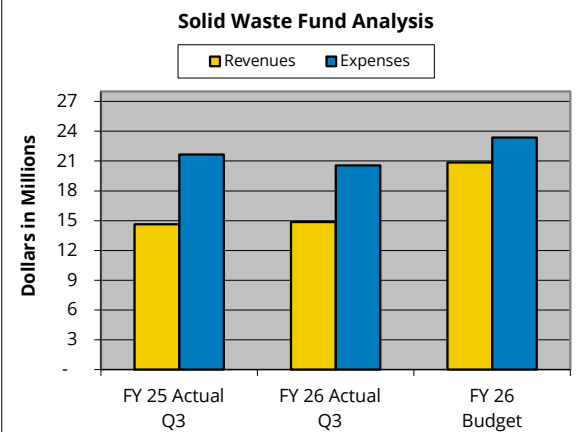


Positive The performance indicator for Enterprise Funds focuses on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service and indirect cost allocation) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

The Reclaimed Water Operating Fund supports operating functions and now a portion of related capital costs. The Net Revenue/Expense for the FY 2025-26 budget reflects a increase to fund balance. The budgeted Transfers In totaling \$4,701,762 includes subsidies from Water Fund of \$1,391,236 and Wastewater Funds of \$3,310,526 to reflect the benefit each fund receives by reclaiming water. The budgeted Transfers Out totaling \$2,819,356 include an indirect cost allocation to the General Fund of \$138,800, payment of \$3,339 to the Technology Replacement Fund, \$999 to the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Trust, as well as a payment of \$1,388,800 to the Water Fund and \$1,287,418 to the Wastewater Fund to reflect contributions to reclaimed capital costs. Year-to-date **Operating Revenues** through the third quarter are 62% of budget compared to 73% for FY 2024-25, while **Operating Expenses** through the third quarter are 90% of budget as compared to 91% for FY 2024-25. This results in a negative fund indicator, however it has been changed to positive, as to higher expenditures related to ASR wells for which budget is being transferred from Fund 615 as needed, and the intent to to be within budget by fiscal year end.

Solid Waste Fund Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue/Exp+Enc | % of Budget Rec'd/Exp'd to Date | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Solid Waste | | | | |
| Revenues | \$ 20,859,133 | \$ 14,862,507 | 71% | 74% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 20,859,133 | \$ 14,862,507 | 71% | 74% |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 20,182,633 | \$ 18,387,460 | 91% | 88% |
| Major Capital Expenses | 1,746,288 | 1,066,868 | 61% | 51% |
| Transfers Out | 1,437,173 | 1,094,896 | 76% | 76% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 23,366,094 | \$ 20,549,224 | 88% | 75% |
| Net Rev / Exp | \$ (2,506,961) | \$ (5,686,716) | | |



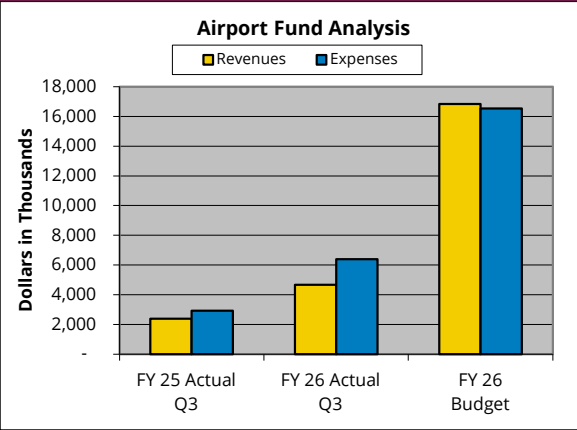
Positive The performance indicator for Enterprise Funds focuses on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service and indirect cost allocation) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

The Solid Waste Operating Fund supports operating functions and major capital costs that can be paid without borrowing. The Net Revenue/Expense for FY 2025-26 reflects a drawdown of \$2.5M (including unspent capital carryforward from prior years). The budgeted Transfers Out totaling \$1,437,173 include an indirect cost allocation to the General Fund of \$1,352,200, payment of \$68,065 to the Technology Replacement Fund, and payment of \$16,908 to the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Trust. Year-to-date **Operating Revenues** through the third quarter are 71% compared to 74% for FY 2024-25, while **Operating Expenses** through the third quarter are 91% compared to 88% for FY 2024-25. The third quarter of the fiscal year includes large encumbrances (\$5.8M) recorded at the start of the fiscal year, with revenues more equally apportioned throughout the year. By adjusting for those encumbrances, the resulting fund performance indicator is positive.

Enterprise / Other Funds Analysis (continued):

Airport Fund Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| Airport Fund | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue/Exp+Enc | % of Budget Rec'd/Exp'd to Date | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Revenues | \$ 1,217,988 | \$ 942,494 | 77% | 81% |
| General Fund Subsidy | 15,315,695 | 3,715,503 | 24% | 10% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 16,533,683 | \$ 4,657,997 | 28% | 16% |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 1,802,886 | \$ 1,242,740 | 69% | 82% |
| Major Capital Expenses | 14,613,473 | 5,060,660 | 35% | 12% |
| Transfers Out | 117,324 | 92,324 | 79% | 78% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 16,533,683 | \$ 6,395,725 | 39% | 17% |
| Net Rev / Exp | \$ - | \$ (1,737,727) | | |

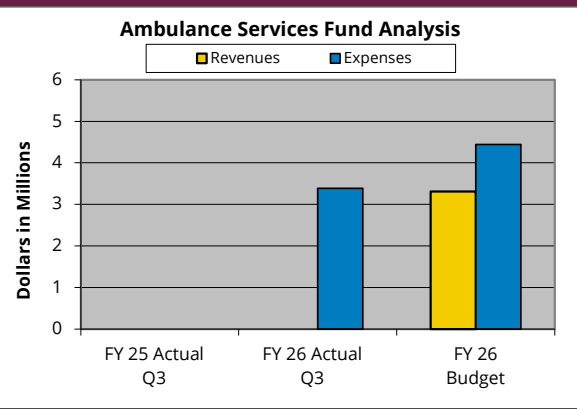


Positive The performance indicator for Enterprise Funds focuses on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service and indirect cost allocation) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

The Airport Fund supports operating functions and major capital costs that can be paid without borrowing. The Net Revenue/Expense for FY 2025-26 reflects no budgeted change in fund balance since the General Fund Subsidy of \$15.7M is budgeted from the General Fund to make up the funding needed to support operations and, the majority for this year is for major capital expenses. The budgeted Transfers Out totaling \$117,324 includes indirect cost allocation to the General Fund of \$100,000 and a payment of \$17,324 to the Technology Replacement Fund. Year-to-date **Operating Revenues** through the third quarter are 77% of budget compared to 81% for FY 2024-25, while year-to-date **Operating Expenses** through the third quarter are 69% of budget compared to 82% for FY 2024-25. This results in a positive performance indicator.

Ambulance Services Fund Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| Ambulance Services Fund | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue/Exp+Enc | % of Budget Rec'd/Exp'd to Date | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Transfers In | 4,441,775 | - | 0% | 0% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 4,441,775 | \$ - | 0% | 0% |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 1,468,047 | \$ 412,803 | 28% | 0% |
| Major Capital Expenses | 2,973,728 | 2,971,545 | 100% | 0% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 4,441,775 | \$ 3,384,348 | 76% | 0% |
| Net Rev / Exp | \$ - | \$ (3,384,348) | | |



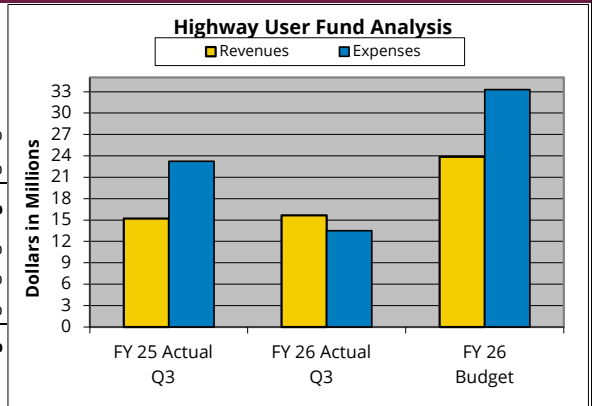
Positive The performance indicator for this Special Revenue Fund focuses on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

The Ambulance Services Fund supports operating functions and major capital costs that can be paid without borrowing. The budgeted Transfers In totaling \$4,441,775 includes General Fund loans that will be paid back at a future date. Fiscal year comparisons for **Operating Revenues** and **Operating Expenses** are not shown as the Ambulance Services Fund was established in FY 2025-26.

Enterprise / Other Funds Analysis (continued):

Highway User Fund (HURF) Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue/ Exp+Enc | % of Budget Rec'd/Exp'd to Date | % of Budget Prior Yr. |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Highway Users Tax | \$ 22,434,000 | \$ 14,170,680 | 63% | 83% |
| Other | 1,448,000 | 1,487,963 | 103% | 165% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 23,882,000 | \$ 15,658,643 | 66% | 86% |
| Operating Expenses | \$ 10,530,028 | \$ 7,582,519 | 72% | 74% |
| Major Capital Expenses | 22,606,711 | 5,783,172 | 26% | 89% |
| Transfers Out | 135,085 | 134,565 | 100% | 100% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 33,271,824 | \$ 13,500,256 | 41% | 47% |
| Net Rev / Exp | \$ (9,389,824) | \$ 2,158,387 | | |



Positive The performance indicator for this Special Revenue Fund focuses on the relationship between Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses (including debt service) and the percentage of budget received/expended.

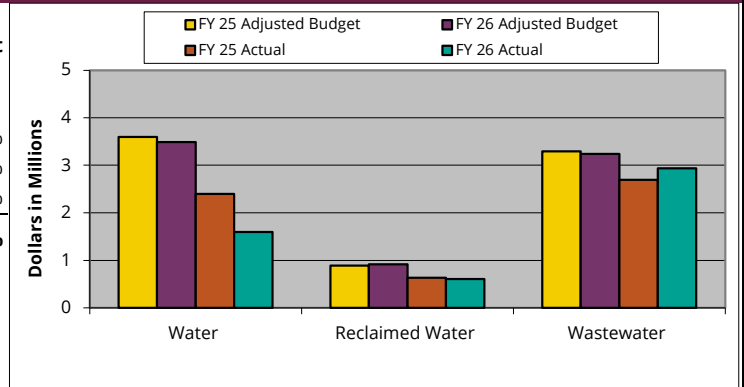
Highway Users Tax is collected by the state on all gasoline sales. It is combined with other state-level vehicle related revenues, and distributed to cities and towns by using two formulas based upon population. Funds are restricted for use on streets and related projects. The Net Revenue/Expense for FY 2025-26 reflects a drawdown of \$9.4M (including unspent capital carryforward from prior years). The budgeted Transfers Out totaling \$135,085 include a payment to the General Fund of \$2,082 for miscellaneous charges, a payment of \$27,921 to the Technology Replacement Fund, and a payment of \$105,082 to the Uninsured Liability Self-Insurance Fund for stormwater oversight. Year-to-date **Operating Revenues** through the third quarter are 63% of budget compared to 83% for FY 2024-25, while year-to-date **Operating Expenses** through the third quarter are 72% of budget compared to 74% for FY 2024-25. The third quarter of the fiscal year includes encumbrances (\$800K) recorded at the start of the fiscal year, the resulting fund performance indicator is is negative, however, with revenues more equally apportioned throughout the year, it has been changed to positive.

Other Funds Analysis (continued):

Enterprise System Development Fee Funds Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| Enterprise System Development Fee (SDF) Funds | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd to Date |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Water | \$ 3,487,000 | \$ 1,597,094 | 46% |
| Reclaimed Water | 913,200 | 606,541 | 66% |
| Wastewater | 3,240,000 | 2,935,227 | 91% |
| Total SDF Revenue | \$ 7,640,200 | \$ 5,138,863 | 67% |

Note: Budget and Actual amounts reflect SDF revenues and the interest earned on fund balances, and excludes loan transfers in/out or proceeds from bond sales.

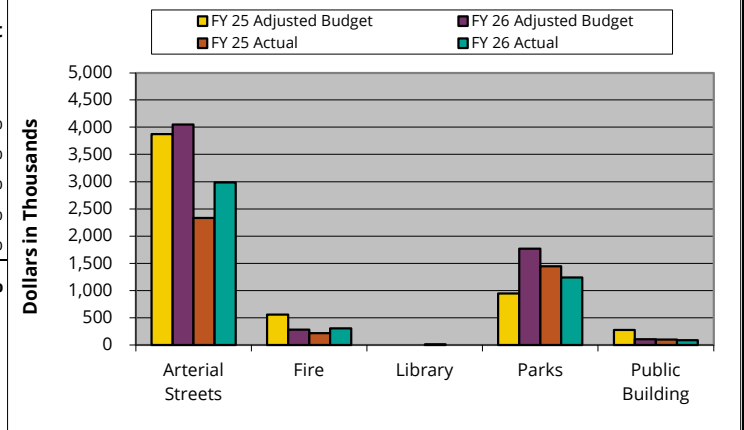


Enterprise (Water, Wastewater, and Reclaimed Water) System Development Fees (SDFs) are assessed on building permits based on the meter size. Enterprise SDF's are assessed on all residential, but may or may not be assessed on Commercial. Commercial properties are assessed if a Water Meter Permit (WMI) is needed. Enterprise SDFs are based on development and fluctuate quarterly as well as from year to year. The graph shows the FY 2025-26 budget and year-to-date collections through the third quarter compared to the FY 2024-25 budget and year-to-date collections through the third quarter. Collections through the third quarter FY 2025-26 are 67% of the budget as compared to the prior year's collections of 74% of the budget.

General System Development Fee Funds Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| General System Development Fee (SDF) Funds | FY 26 Adjusted Budget | FY 26 Actual Revenue | % of Budget Rec'd to Date |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Arterial Streets | \$ 4,052,000 | \$ 2,983,351 | 74% |
| Fire | 280,000 | 307,096 | 110% |
| Parks | 1,769,000 | 1,239,312 | 70% |
| Police | 202,000 | 77,969 | 39% |
| Public Building | 102,000 | 84,336 | 83% |
| Total SDF Revenue | \$ 6,405,000 | \$ 4,692,064 | 73% |

Note: Budget and Actual amounts reflect Impact Fee revenues and the interest earned on fund balances, and excludes loan transfers in/out or proceeds from bond sales.

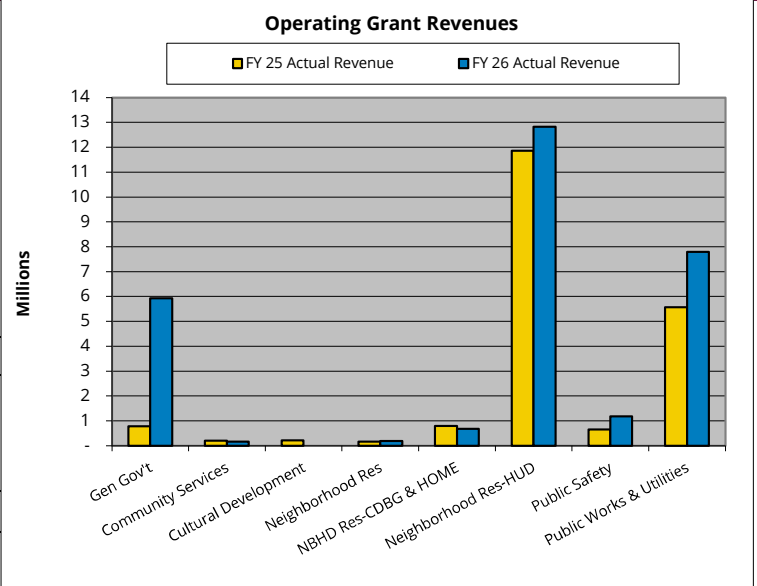


General (Arterial Streets, Fire, Library, Parks, Police, and Public Building) System Development Fees (SDFs) are charged on all commercial and residential building permits and is based on square footage and land use. General SDF fees are based on development and will fluctuate quarterly as well as annually. The graph shows the FY 2025-26 budget and year-to-date collections through the third quarter compared to the FY 2024-25 budget and year-to-date collections through the third quarter. Collections through the third quarter FY 2025-26 are 73% of the budget as compared to the prior year's collections of 71% of the budget.

Other Funds Analysis (continued):

Grant Funds Analysis FY 2025-26 Comparison

| | FY 26 Actual Revenue | FY 25 Actual Revenue |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| General Government* | \$ 495,159 | \$ 386,457 |
| Community Services | 166,401 | 199,266 |
| Neighborhood Resources | 198,390 | 161,110 |
| Neighborhood Res. - CDBG & HOME | 681,921 | 799,577 |
| Neighborhood Res. - HUD | 12,829,359 | 11,853,525 |
| Public Safety | 1,186,661 | 653,753 |
| Public Works & Utilities | 423,429 | 727,011 |
| Total Operating Grant Revenue | \$ 15,981,320 | \$ 14,780,699 |
| General Government* | \$ 5,437,109 | \$ 398,198 |
| Cultural Development | - | 224,756 |
| Public Works & Utilities | 7,368,733 | 4,847,645 |
| Total Capital Grant Revenue | \$ 12,805,842 | \$ 5,470,598 |
| Total Grant Revenue | \$ 28,787,161 | \$ 20,251,297 |



* Includes Airport, CAPA, City Manager, Economic Development, Law, Magistrate, Transportation Policy, and Non-Departmental non-entitlement programs.

Grants are an additional source of funds for major capital projects and certain operating programs. Grant sources include federal, state, and county governments as well as donations from businesses, organizations, or individuals to support particular programs. In most cases, grant revenues for many programs are received on a reimbursable basis, so the revenue on a large capital project may lag a fiscal year after the project is initiated. Collections through the third quarter of FY 2025-26 are \$28.8M as compared to \$20.3M as collected through the third quarter of FY 2024-25.